The New-York Times.

VOL. XX.....NO. 6015. NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1870. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

EUROPE.

The Conflicts for Possession of the Eastern Parisian Forts.

Avron Deliberately Evacuated by the French Forces.

Repulse of the German Attack on Forts Rosny and Regent.

Another Version of the Prussian "Apology" to Great Britain.

CHANGES IN THE BRITISH CABINET.

Indefinite Postponement of the Eastern Conference.

Disarming of the Spanish Republican National Guards.

THE WAR IN FRANCE.

French Evacuation of Fort Avron Considered—They Remove their Guns—The French Withdrawing from Rosny—Toward Paris.

BERLIN, Dec. 30.—The King has sent the following telegram to Queen AUGUSTA:

VERSAILLES, Dec. 29.—The bombardment of Fort Avron silenced the enemy's guns. The railway station at Noisy was shelled, and the French artillery at Bondy dislodged.

The Prussian loss was three men. The garrison of Fort Avron has fled into Paris.

ANOTHER DISPATCH.

DRESDEN, Dec. 30.—The Crown Prince of Saxony, in a dispatch to King JOHN, says when his troops entered Fort Avron they found the works deserted. The French had removed their guns to Noisy. The German batteries were then ordered to open fire on Noisy, Merlan, and Bondy. The French subsequently withdrew from the village of Rosny along the road to Paris.

STILL ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

VERSAILLES, Dec. 29, via LONDON, Dec. 30.—The Prussian Twelfth Corps has occupied Mont Avron, after one day's bombardment. The French, in their retreat, left behind their dead and many gun-carriages and rifles.

THE FRENCH VERSION.

BORDEAUX, Dec. 30.—A dispatch just received from Roche sur Yonne, 20th, reports the landing of a balloon from Paris at that place, with intelligence that the Prussians, on Wednesday, furiously attacked Forts Rosny, Regent and Mont Avron. Some of their siege batteries were unmasked, and an attempt was made at a regular bombardment of the above-named positions, but the attack was repulsed with heavy loss to the enemy. The morale of Paris is excellent.

Operations on the Loire—A Sharp Conflict at Mamoire—Bourbaki, Chanzy and Palladines—German Requisitions from Impoverished Inhabitants.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—A Prussian dispatch reports that Col. BOTTENSTEIN, commanding a detachment of six companies of foot, two squadrons of cavalry and two guns, was surrounded by the French near Montoire. After a desperate fight he cut his way out, losing only 100 of his command and taking 240 prisoners.

ANOTHER STATEMENT.

Gen. CHAUZY has sent a strong column to Montoire, driving the Prussians out of the place and taking many prisoners.

THE FRENCH FORCE.

Tours estimates the number of French troops at 750,000.

BOURBAKI AND CHANZY.

BOURBAKI's command is charged especially with the duty of revictualling Paris, and has already on hand a vast amount of live stock and provisions for this purpose. At the proper moment the army will make a desperate effort to join CHANZY's forces and reunite the Army of the Loire, which will then, with great energy, push on for Paris.

LILLE, Dec. 30.—Gens. BOURBAKI and CHANZY have resumed the offensive.

WHY PALLADINES FAILED.

Gen. PALLADINES' reverse is now charged to the meddling of politicians, who persuaded GAMBETTA to interfere with his military operations.

PRUSSIAN EXACTIONS.

BORDEAUX, Dec. 30.—It appears that the Prussians committed excesses at Orleans and Blois because the inhabitants, who had been ruined, were not able to meet their requisitions. At Orleans the Prussians threaten to take away as hostages fifty prominent citizens unless 500,000 francs are paid for the maltreatment of a Prussian soldier.

The Prussian Answer to England Relating to the Sunken Ships—Bonds to be Owners, But No Reparation to Seamen—No Word at Apology—The Situation in the North and East.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The Prussian Government has replied to the representations of the English Cabinet that it will give indemnity bonds to the owners of the British vessels recently destroyed to impede the navigation of the Seine; but declines to compensate the sailors for the harsh treatment accorded them. [It will be perceived that the dispatch from private sources published yesterday does not strictly conform to the above statement from the regular agent of the Associated Press.]

HAVRE.

Gen. PELISSONNAS has arrived at Havre, from Bordeaux, to superintend the defense of the City. He was received enthusiastically by both troops and citizens.

INVESTMENT OF PERONNE.

The Germans invested the fortress of Peronne, in the Department of the Somme, on Wednesday, after some sharp fighting.

CAMBRAI AND MEZIERES.

The French have resolved to defend Cambrai at all hazards. There is a force of 2,000 Prussians at St. Quentin, twenty-five miles south of Cambrai. The force which lately occupied Arras has evacuated the place, but its precise movements are unknown.

LILLE, Dec. 30.—The Uhlans are scouring the country between Douai, Cambrai and Arras.

The French artillery fire at Mézières is very effective, and has, so far, prevented the besiegers from erecting batteries.

BOURBAKI, Dec. 30.—A dispatch from Rouen, 29th, says the French artillery at Mézières prevents the Prussians from establishing their siege batteries.

RECRUITS.

CHERBOURG, Dec. 30.—Recruits are daily arriving here in large numbers, to be drilled and equipped before joining the army in the field.

GERMAN PRIZES.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—A French iron-clad is reported off Roche's Point.

Many German prizes are anchored at Sargow.

GERMAN RULE AT BESANCON.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—A dispatch from Besançon says that Gen. FERSKOW has issued an order confining the population to the right bank of the river Doubs.

PRUSSIAN COMMUNICATIONS THREATENED.

Gen. BOURBAKI's army is now marching to the eastward. The General has been charged with the mission to cut the Prussian lines of communication in all directions in that quarter.

BELFORT.

A dispatch from Belfort reports a successful sortie by the garrison, in which the Prussians were badly punished.

Terrible Suffering of Both Belligerents from Cold—Vigorous Military Preparations by Gambetta—Bourbaki Ordered to Return or to Be Treated as Deserters.

BORDEAUX, Dec. 30.—Accounts received here show that both Prussian and French troops have suffered terribly from the cold. Strong reinforcements have been sent forward to all points to replace the French soldiers thus incapacitated. Vast quantities of material calculated to increase the comfort of the troops have also been sent to the front.

GAMBETTA.

The presence here of M. GAMBETTA has given a great impetus to military preparations. Troops are rapidly going forward to the armies in the field. Many were sent hence today, who had just arrived from the south of France. Cannon of a new pattern, and small arms, as well as ammunition, have lately been sent to the front. At the earnest request of GAMBETTA, no public reception was tendered him on his arrival here. An effort was made to have him accept an ovation on New-Year's Day, but he firmly declined.

FRENCH REFUGEES.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The French Vice-Consul in the Island of Jersey, has ordered all French refugees to report to army headquarters for service in France immediately. All those who fail to comply with the order will be considered deserters.

GENERAL EUROPEAN NEWS.

The British Cabinet—Mr. Bright's Successor Appointed—Mr. Fortescue and the Marquis of Hartington—Death of an Architect—The Inundation at Rome.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Mr. FORTESCUE has been appointed President of the Board of Trade, vacant by Mr. BRIGHT's resignation, and the Marquis of HARTINGTON, Secretary for Ireland. Other Cabinet changes are contemplated. [Mr. FORTESCUE was Chief Secretary for Ireland, and the Marquis of HARTINGTON was Postmaster-General.]

DEATH OF AN AGED ARCHITECT.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—PHILIP HARDWICK, R. A., the architect, died today, aged seventy-eight years.

THE TIBER SUBSIDING.

ROME, Dec. 30.—The waters of the Tiber are subsiding.

The Eastern Conference Postponed—Hope of German Unity—The Treaty in Bavaria.

LONDON, Dec. 30—Evening.—The Conference of the Powers on the Eastern question has been indefinitely postponed, as France has refused to take part in it, and the absence of one of the signatories of the Treaty of Paris would render the meeting useless.

THE FEDERAL TREATIES.

BERLIN, Dec. 30.—The Federal treaties with Baden, Hesse and Würtemberg, have been ratified.

THE TREATY IN BAVARIA.

The Upper Chamber of the Bavarian Diet passed the treaty by nearly a unanimous vote.

The Republican National Guards of Madrid Refuse to Parade in Honor of the New King—They Are Disarmed—The Royal Squadron at Barcelona—Constitutional Guarantees.

MADRID, Dec. 27.—Several battalions of the National Guard, recruited in the republican quarters of Madrid, refuse to attend the review to be held on Sunday, in honor of the new King. Serious disturbances are apprehended.

DISARMING THEM.

MADRID, Dec. 30.—The disarmament of the Republican battalions of the National Guard has commenced. The city is tranquil.

THE ROYAL SQUADRON.

The squadron from Italy bearing the future King of Spain, was signalled yesterday off Barcelona, and will reach Cartagena today.

CONSTITUTIONAL GUARANTEES.

It is believed that the Government will withdraw its bill suspending the constitutional guarantees.

Gen. Prim's Wounds—The Spanish Cabinet—Prim to Return to the New King—Carlist Unity—Ministerial Changes in Hayanna—Slaves Emancipated by the Tuber.

MADRID, Dec. 30.—Gen. PRIM is rapidly progressing toward recovery from his wounds. Seven of the eight balls imbedded in his shoulder have been extracted, and his condition is comfortable. He has, however, suffered the loss of two fingers.

THE CABINET.

Admiral TOPETE has assumed temporarily the functions of Gen. PRIM as Minister of Foreign Affairs and War, as well as the Presidency of the Council. Señor AYALA has been appointed Minister of the Colonies.

HORROR OF THE CORTES.

The Cortes have adopted a resolution expressive of horror at the attempt to assassinate Gen. PRIM, and passed a vote of confidence in the Government.

PRIM GOING INTO PRIVATE LIFE.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Advices from Madrid state that Gen. PRIM has announced his determination to resign in person to King AMADEUS, and plead a desire to retire to private life.

GERMAN UNITY.

Dispatches from Stuttgardt and Darmstadt announce the ratification of the Federal treaties by the Chambers of Wurtemberg and Hesse.

FRANCE AND THE EASTERN CONFERENCE.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Earl GRANVILLE has received an official dispatch from the French Government at Bordeaux, in which France declares its determination not to send a delegate to the Peace Conference to be held in London, unless the British Government shall first recognize the Republic. A dispatch of similar tone has been sent to each of the other Powers.

ICE AT COPENHAGEN.

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 30.—The harbor of Copenhagen is blockaded with ice.

BUCHAREST, Dec. 28.—A new Cabinet has been formed, with KON GHELKA, President.

INUNDATION OF ROME.

ROME, Dec. 30.—An overflow of the Tiber has flooded half the city, and occasioned a great amount of damage to property.

The Disaster to the British Iron-Clad "Captain"—Alleged Cause, as by Skilled Men in Connecticut—Rumors and the European Coast.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The investigation into the causes of the loss of the Captain has resulted in an order from the Admiralty for the following alterations in the British ironclad navy: A reduction of the length and weight of masts; and the use of concrete for ballast, introduced into a cellular bottom.

SNOW IN GREAT BRITAIN.

The land lines between London and the cable are working badly, owing to a heavy fall of snow.

DISASTERS TO AMERICAN VESSELS.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 30.—The bark *Thorwaldsen*, Capt. VORSTATZ, from Philadelphia Nov. 15, for Bremen, is ashore at Langeroon. All the crew, except three sailors, were saved.

The "*Arizona*, from Philadelphia for Bremen, threw overboard 200 casks of petroleum during the voyage. [Probably the ship *Arizona*, Capt. SMITH, from New-York Nov. 19, for Rotterdam.]

The Affray at Shelbyville, Tenn.—A Son of a Candidate for Governor Mortally Wounded and Another Man Injured.

From the Nashville Banner, Dec. 24.

Our correspondent at Shelbyville sends us the following account of an affray at that place between GEORGE STARLMAN, of Nashville, route agent of the Southern Express Company, and W. H. WIESNER, Jr., son of WM. H. WIESNER, late Radical candidate for Governor.

A personal affray occurred at the railroad depot last night. W. H. WIESNER, Jr., and WIESNER, Jr., went to the express office to get a package containing a deed for a client. He demanded of CYRUS WALLACE, acting agent, a receipt showing payment of expressage. WALLACE explained that to be unnecessary. WIESNER left, but came back a second time and demanded a receipt. WALLACE, believing him to be under the influence of liquor, made no reply. Mr. STARLMAN, the route agent for Southern Express Company, proffered to explain. WIESNER drew a pistol and fired twice upon him, wounding him in the left arm, severely. As STARLMAN escaped, WIESNER turned and fired upon WALLACE twice. WALLACE drew a pistol and shot WIESNER in the breast, causing a serious wound. WIESNER may recover. WALLACE appeared before a Magistrate voluntarily, and, after an investigation, was discharged. No prosecutor appeared. The affair is regretted by all.

We learn from persons who arrived in the city yesterday from Shelbyville, some additional particulars in regard to the affair.

The cause assigned for the difficulty is as follows: On Tuesday, a Southern express box came to WIESNER, upon which $600 was to be collected. WIESNER wished a receipt for the money. The agent said they were not in the habit of giving receipts for C. O. D. packages—the package was a receipt in itself. This was before supper. After supper, WIESNER again came to the depot and wished a receipt. He had a pistol and showed it frequently, and was very noisy. Mr. WHITESIDE, the depot agent, prevailed upon him to put his pistol up. Mr. STARLMAN route agent of the Southern Express Company, says he was sitting at a desk writing when WIESNER was in the room. He thought that WHITESIDE had taken the pistol from WIESNER, and supposed the matter was settled. Suddenly heard a pistol cocked behind him, turned round and saw WIESNER with a revolver leveled upon him. He (STARLMAN) placed a large book he was writing upon in front of him, and told WIESNER not to shoot; just then WIESNER fired two or three shots, one of which struck him in the arm. STARLMAN then escaped from the room. Thereupon WIESNER turned upon CYRUS WALLACE, telegraph operator, who was alone in the room, shooting at him several times without effect. WALLACE, meanwhile, drew a revolver and shot WIESNER in the breast. WIESNER ran out of the room, and fell about 150 yards from the depot, in the street, leading to the public square, where he was found and taken to his residence. It was found upon examination, that the wound inflicted was almost of necessity fatal, but at 11 o'clock yesterday morning he was still alive.

Mr. STARLMAN, who, unfortunately was severely wounded on this occasion, is a resident of Nashville and well-known as the route agent of the Southern Express Company. The ball from WIESNER's pistol struck his arm above the elbow, shattering the bone and producing a wound which may render amputation necessary. Dr. ERWIN, of Nashville, and Capt. THATCHER, agent of the Adams Southern Express Company, have left on the train for Shelbyville last evening to look after the case.

Narrow Escape of Two Men at Niagara Falls.

From the Buffalo Courier, Dec. 31.

A report was current in the city, Monday, that two men had been carried over Niagara Falls, Sunday evening. On investigation, we learn that such a tragedy was actually threatened, but that the actors in it were fortunately able to draw out a little short of the closing scene. The facts, as we hear them, are as follows: On Sunday afternoon two young men, sons of Joseph P. Sawyer, of Grand Island, thought to cross the river in a boat, with the intention of making a visit near La Salle. The ice ran pretty thickly in the stream, and the boat was got to the mainland with so much difficulty that the young men concluded to take advantage of the first ice, and try to get back again. In this endeavor, however, they were not fortunate. The ice dashed their best efforts to reach the shore, and gradually they were carried down toward the rapids. Their cries brought a number of people to the shore, and attempts were made to reach them with a boat, but in vain. At last, after about five hours of hard work, they abandoned the boat and took to the ice, reaching the shore in an exhausted condition. They had drifted down as far as Schlosser, at which point they made a landing; and thus escape, as any one acquainted with the locality must know, was a very narrow one.

Excitement in a Baltimore Theatre—Three Girls Thrown from a Pedestal.

From the Baltimore Sun, Dec. 29.

Last night, previous to the close of the performance at the Front-street Theatre, there was, for the time, considerable excitement. In the pantomimic burlesque entitled "Robinson Crusoe," which is the last piece upon the bills, there is a transformation scene in which three girls, Miss SALLIE CHAPMAN, Miss SALLIE ADAMS and Miss BOGART, are raised upon a pedestal, which, when about eight feet from the stage, turned to one side and threw the girls back well upon the stage. Of course, a scene of excitement ensued, it being apprehended that they were seriously injured. Later reports, however, gained circulation that one of the number had one of her legs broken in two places. The curtain was quickly dropped, but was soon after raised and the tableau completed; only one of the occupants of the pedestal reappeared. It was soon ascertained that Misses ADAMS and BOGART were not injured to any serious extent, but Miss CHAPMAN did not fare so well, as she, in falling, struck her back against a portion of the pedestal, and injured herself to such an extent that it was necessary to call in a physician. Dr. STEIN was summoned, and soon succeeded in reviving Miss CHAPMAN, who had fainted from the effects of her injuries and the excitement. She was subsequently conveyed in a carriage to her boarding-house.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The Democrats of the Third District of Connecticut will hold their Convention to nominate a candidate for Congress in Newtown, on the 24th of January.

Congressman THOMAS L. JONES, of Kentucky, has written home that he will accept the Democratic nomination for Governor, if it is offered him by the State Convention.

The Trenton (N. J.) *Gazette* says that Hon. DUDLEY S. GREGORY, of Jersey City, will make a strong and worthy candidate for United States Senator, he being among the most able, reputable and influential Republicans of this State.

The Mississippi Legislature reassembles on Tuesday, Jan. 4. The Speaker of the House has died during the recess.

GENERAL TELEGRAMS.

CUBA.

Seizure of a Village Station under Spanish Guns—Stock and Stores Alone the Flight—The Garrison Prohibit Landing of Her Expedition.

HAVANA, Dec. 29.—Advices from Santiago de Cuba, dated 21st inst., state that on the 18th the insurgents, numbering forty regulars, armed with cutlasses, sacked and burned Sagua, a thriving village distant five miles from that city, opposite the Morro fortress, at the mouth of the harbor. They forced a small detachment of defenders to retreat, and killed nine persons, including two women. They decamped after taking everything from the village. The Morro fired twice at the party, but unfortunately. As there were no boats to carry troops over, those which were sent to intercept the rebels arrived too late. On entering the village, they found the corpses of the victims, partly burned and in a horrible condition.

CERTAINS.

The rebel President, CESPEDES, was in the jurisdiction of Santiago.

THE HORNET.

A brig had arrived at Santiago, bringing the report that the Alabama steamer Hornet passed Inagua on the 16th inst., followed three hours later by a British steamer.

THE REPRESSION.

It is now rumored here (Havana) that the Hornet has entered the Bay of Nipe and landed her expedition.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Robbery of a Stage Station and Murder of Four Companions—The Half-Starved Survivors in Sacramento.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 30.—CHARLES REED, station keeper, JAMES LITTLE, stage driver, and TORRENT, a cook, were murdered on Christmas Eve at the Mission Camp Stage Station, near Tucson, Arizona, and Miss HEAP was shot, but not killed, by a party of Sonorians, who plundered the place, murdered a teamster on the road, and escaped over the border into Mexico. ....CHARLES DELL, who shot and killed CHARLES P. FISHER in Sacramento two weeks ago, while FISHER was beating him over the head with a heavy cane, for paying attention to his (FISHER's) daughter, has been discharged from custody, on the ground that the homicide was an act justifiable in self defense.

FIRE AND FALL OF A BRIDGE.

Twenty Persons Precipitated into the Allegheny River at Pittsburg—Four Fatally and Several Seriously Injured.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Dec. 30.—The Marshall House, situated at the west end of the wire bridge over the Allegheny River in Franklin, Penn., took fire at 11 o'clock this morning. The flames communicated to the bridge, and the cables soon becoming red hot, parted from their anchorage, precipitating the bridge structure into the river. About twenty persons were on the bridge at the time. WILLIAM NEILL, farmer, MCINTYRE, the toll-keeper, and his wife and daughter, who were engaged in removing furniture on the bridge, were fatally injured. MARY and GEORGE MCINTYRE, JOHN and ALEX. MCCARTHY, JOHN HENRY, and two unknown persons, were seriously injured. WILFRED GILCORE, freight agent of the Allegheny Valley Railroad, is supposed to be buried in the ruins, as he was known to be on the bridge. The weather was intensely cold, and the river frozen over to the second pier on each side, and great difficulty was experienced in reaching the sufferers with skiffs. A boy named JOHNSON, aged thirteen years, jumped from the centre of the bridge and swam ashore through the slushy ice. The bridge was newly erected, at a cost of $80,000, and the Marshall House at a cost of $6,000; no insurance on either.

THE EAST.

A Soldiers' Monument on Boston Common—Robbery by a Servant-Man—A Lumber Schooner Ashore—Fate of the Crew Unknown.

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 30.—The Boston City Council has appropriated $18,000 for the erection of a soldiers' monument on the Common.... FREDERICK MAYNARD, a young Englishman, is under arrest, charged with stealing $2,000 worth of diamonds from a family in Mount Vernon-street, where he was employed as a domestic.... An unknown lumber-laden schooner, of from 150 to 200 tons burden, went ashore, yesterday, on Barnstable Bar, beat over, and drifted on Yarmouth Flats. Assistance has gone to her, but nothing is yet known regarding the fate of the crew.

The Ames Plow Company—What Led to the Failure—A Suggestion—Wreck of a Brig—The Mate Drowned—The Schooner on Yarmouth Flats.

BOSTON, Dec. 30.—The *Transcript* in speaking of the failure of the Ames Plow Company says: "The principal creditors are of the opinion that with the ample resources and large annual income of the Ames Plow Company and OLIVER AMES & SONS, if the liquidation is placed in their hands instead of being thrown in the hands of assignees, the entire indebtedness can be paid within eighteen months. Mr. OAKES AMES has been carrying for the past two years, nearly $2,000,000 of Union Pacific bonds, and has almost entirely sustained its credit, but the want of confidence in its management, and the consequent depression of its securities in the market, was too much for him."....The British brig *Alexander*, Capt. HALEY, from Windsor, N. S., went ashore at Orleans, Cape Cod, on Thursday. Mr. BARRETT, the mate, was lost, but the others of the crew were saved....The unknown schooner ashore on Yarmouth Flats, was off and from St. John, N. B., for Fall River. All hands were saved.

Perils of the Fishermen—The Wrecked and Drowned of the Gloucester Fishermen Last Year.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Dec. 30.—Of the fleet of Gloucester fishermen, thirteen vessels and ninety-seven lives were lost the present year, against sixteen vessels and sixty-seven lives the previous year. Average tonnage of vessels lost in 1870, 196 14-130; aggregate value, $72,200; insurance, $62,476. Of these vessels, four were lost in the George's fishery, two in the Bank fishery, two in the Bay of St. Lawrence mackeral fishery, one in the shore mackeral fishery, two in the coasting trade, and two in the herring fishery. Of the ninety-seven men lost, twenty-six were married, leaving twenty-six widows and forty-five children.

CONTENTS OF A VAULT.

Odds and Ends in a Treasury Vault in Washington, and Missing Bonds in Also.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—A schedule of the special deposits constituting in the vault of the United States Treasury has been prepared under the direction of the Chief Clerk of the Treasury. Among them is one box, deposited May 26, 1869, by the United States Patent Office, on account of the Patent Office containing one bottle of otto of roses; one bottle containing pearls; one bottle containing diamonds; one gold plate inside gold lining of snuff-box; one paper containing a gold ornament and a silk tassel belonging to a necklace; one box containing thirteen diamonds and four pearls; two lumps of gold; an envelope deposited Aug. 8, 1870, by the Secretary of the Treasury, in trust for the Alaska Commercial Company, containing 500 bonds, amounting to $65,000; one box deposited by the Secretary of the Treasury in June, 1868, containing the original Cyrus W. Field medal, in a jeweled case, struck at the United States Mint, Philadelphia; two Bank of England notes, one for £5, the other for £10, (these notes were purchased by Secretary CHASE, to be used as samples in the National Currency Bureau of the Treasury Department, and are to be held until an order is received from the Secretary authorizing their sale;) one package deposited in April, 1868, on account of the United States, being amount received from CORCORAN and RIGGS in the case of the United States vs. GARDNER, relating bonds to the amount of $61,000. GARDNER committed suicide 12 days after his conviction for the Mexican mining frauds. This package was marked on the receipt $67,200. An accompanying memorandum was found at Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad books for $6,200, and on this entry was written "sold." A check on the Bank of Washington, this check was missing. One envelope, containing certificate Treasury, and bank notes, was by Secretary found in the possession of JOHN HERMAN. A bond paid to counsel, Confederate and Louisiana State Bonds, was also found without examination. One package, containing one counterfeit plate for the back of a ten-dollar note, one counterfeit plate for the back of bonds, counterfeit coin, Confederate currency, &c.

THE WARS.

The Squadron on the Mount Rouquemaure—Commencement of Shell Bombardment—The Siege of Fort Gaines Bridge Burned.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 30.—A dispatch from Fort Leavenworth says: "As the report of Gen. POPE, the Secretary of War has postponed the removal of the settlers from the Miami Indian Reservation in Kansas until the weather is more favorable, but the troops have been ordered to protect the Indians against depredations by the whites. Another order has been received from Washington, directing that a thorough investigation be made into the destruction by fire of the Government buildings at Fort Smith, and leaving discretionary with Gen. POPE the continuance of the post and the quarters of the troops at Little Rock or Fort Gibson."

TOLEDO, Ohio, Dec. 30.—The bridge on the Toledo, Wabash and Western Railroad at Defiance, Ohio, was destroyed by fire this morning.

Castigating a "Local"—A Wealthy Nonresident Resents to the Mirrorwhigs.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Dec. 30.—A woman, who is recognized as a fortune-teller, called at the office of the *Leader* at noon today, and sought an interview with the local editor. This was granted, and she demanded a full retraction of an article that appeared in the *Leader* yesterday morning reflecting on her manner of doing business. The editor, who was the author of the article, refused to retract, and the woman immediately produced a horsewhip, and applied it with energy, but with little effect, to the head and shoulders of the offender. The local staff, however, coming to the assistance of their chief, enabled him to eject his assailant from the office, and to resume his chair a victor.

A Racer and Nine Stage Horses Burned—$250,000 Damage by a Fire in Chicago Yesterday.

HELENA, Montana Territory, Dec. 30.—Fish Creek, a stage station seventy-five miles south of this place, was burned last night. Nine horses, including the race-horse Missouri Jess, thirty tons of hay and four set of harness were destroyed.

CHICAGO, Ill., Dec. 30.—A fire broke out this morning in a long frame block, reaching from No. 538 to No. 556 Clark-street, and destroyed property valued at about $250,000, insured for $126,000. There were some forty tenants in the building, whose losses range from $100 to $1,000. The flouring mill of LEWIS & CO., AIKSON, Ill., with the elevator of J. ASHLEY, were burned, incurring a loss of $20,000.

Collision on the Mississippi—A Steamer Cut Down to the Water's Edge.

NEW-ORLEANS, Dec. 30.—The steam-boat *John Kelly*, hence for St. Louis, was run into last night by a tow-boat having a barge in tow, and was seriously damaged. The bark struck the *John Kelly* just abaft the boilers, cutting her clean down to the water line, and crushing into the hull with such force as to demolish three state-rooms and to carry the chimneys overboard. No person was killed, but one deck passenger was severely injured.

The Weather on the Summits of Mount Washington Clear.

SUMMIT MOUNT WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—At 7 P. M. the barometer stood 23.344, the change since last report being plus .307; and the thermometer stood 8° above zero. Relative humidity, .601. Wind south-east. Velocity of wind, 18 miles per hour. Weather clear.

Miscellaneous Telegrams.

HUDSON, N. Y., Dec. 30.—This morning, about 5 o'clock, a fire broke out in the grist-mill of ELIAS JERMOND, situated four miles from the village, and totally destroyed it, together with a dwelling-house, sheds and other out-buildings. Loss estimated at $10,000; little or no insurance.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Dec. 30.—Chief Engineer DAVID MACOMBER is detached from the Navy-yard here and ordered to the Tennessee, fitting out at the New-York Navy-yard for San Domingo.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Dec. 30.—On the night of 14th, JAMES BRYAN, a noted desperado, was shot and killed near Mt. Pleasant, Ark., by JAMES M. NORWOOD. BRYAN had been employed by NORWOOD and discharged for intemperance, and swore that he would kill NORWOOD and his wife, and made several attempts to carry out his threat. At the time that NORWOOD shot him, he was in the act of entering NORWOOD's house, pistol in his hand. NORWOOD surrendered himself and was discharged.

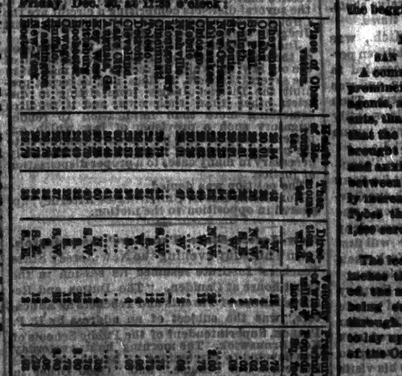
DETROIT, Dec. 30.—JAMES EAGAN, who committed a rape, some weeks ago, upon ELLEN MCEWEN, was sentenced, today, to the Penitentiary for life.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 30.—Gen. JOHN C. FREMONT arrived in this city this evening.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 30.—A heavy fall of snow commenced here to-night.

Meteorological Memoranda.

The following is the Signal Service report of the state of the weather and wind last night, Friday, Dec. 30, at 11:35 o'clock:



Barometer corrected for elevation and temperature.

A New Police Precinct.

The Board of Police yesterday passed resolutions constituting the building in Mulberry-street, known as the Central Department, the Thirty-fifth Precinct, and assigning to it a captain, two sergeants, and a number of patrolmen, yet to be named. Sergeant JAMES IRVING, now Chief of the Detective Force, will be made Captain of the Precinct, and continue in charge of the detectives, but it is not probable that any sergeants or patrolmen except the detectives will be assigned to it.

WASHINGTON.

No New-Years Receptions, on Account of the Death of Mrs. Belknap—The Army Examining Board—Unavoidable Inquiries to Certain Officers—The Patent Office—Statistics Crowded Out of the Case.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—In consequence of the death of Mrs. BELKNAP, the programme for the official reception by the President on Monday has been withdrawn. The several Cabinet Ministers have also given notice that there will be no receptions at their respective residences. This will serve to materially check the customary festivities of New-Year's Day. The action of the President is criticised in some quarters; but as his action is bound to be criticised in any event, a majority of thoughtful people will be glad to see in this a recognition of an event which brings great grief to a number of his official family, and which could not go unrecognized without an imputation of heartlessness and indifference. The funeral of Mrs. BELKNAP will take place on Sunday at 2 o'clock P. M. The pall-bearers selected are Secretary FISH, Secretary ROBESON, Gen. SHERMAN, Gen. HANCOCK, Judge MILLER, United States Supreme Court; C. P. MARSH, Esq., of New-York; Gen. HORACE PORTER, Commodore ALDEN, Gen. MILLER and W. H. HUNTINGTON, Esq.

THE ARMY EXAMINATIONS.

The Army Examining Board closes its labors to-morrow and submits its report. In the cases of several officers who are prevented from appearing before the Board on account of the limitation by law of the time of its sitting, injustice will unavoidably be done. There are, for example, several instances where officers stationed at distant posts have charges preferred against them. These officers have been summoned before the Board, and some of them are on their way here, but will be unable to arrive in time to answer to the charges because of the lateness of their summons and the distance to be traveled. And even if they were here to-morrow, their cases could not be taken up. These officers will go upon the supernumerary list and be mustered out; whereas, if the Board had time to hear their defense, they might acquit themselves. They will, it is true, receive honorable discharges as compensation for the inability of granting a trial. Still, if the charges had not been preferred at all, or if a trial were permitted, in some of these cases discharges might not have been received at all. The preference of charges against officers which it was known could not be examined for want of time, creates a suspicion that they were preferred either through personal malice, or by friends of officers nearer at hand, to lessen the chances of the latter for retirement. At any rate, a man accused is entitled to a hearing, and if the Limitation law has worked injustice of this kind, it would seem that Congress should take cognizance and provide a remedy. The Senate, just before adjournment, passed a joint resolution extending the time when the act reorganizing the army shall take effect, from Jan. 1, 1871, to July 1. The House Military Committee, after considering the matter, decided adversely on the proposition. The Secretary of War faithfully presented the necessity of the case, but stated, at the same time, that it would cost $1,000,000.

THE CLERK OF THE INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

The Department of the Interior must certainly be awarded the palm for industrious intentions. It seems that the understanding before the Secretary went away was that the granting of half holidays during the week to the clerks in that Department should be uniform with the action of the other Government Departments. To all complaints of exceptional treatment in this respect, Judge OTTO, the Assistant Secretary, has replied that only one or two of the other Departments were closed at noon. This morning, however, it was proved to him, by letters from their respective chief clerks, that, with the exception of the State Department, all the others were closed at noon. Verbal notice was therefore sent round to the heads of bureaus that they might give their clerks the whole day to-morrow, and dismiss them at noon today, if they chose. They chose to keep to work this afternoon, but have yielded to the desire for a holiday to-morrow. And so the Department is closed till next Tuesday.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

It was indicated in these dispatches some weeks ago that Gen. M. D. LEGGETT, of Zanesville, Ohio, would probably be Commissioner of Patents. The nomination may be sent to the Senate next week. Gen. LEGGETT is a lawyer, but has had some years of experience in mechanical pursuits, and is spoken of everywhere as an excellent selection for the office, whose management under Col. FISHER was so superior.

BILL SUBRATT.

SUBRATT, having been denied Lincoln Hall and the Masonic Temple for his lecture, obtained Odd-fellows' Hall, and advertised to speak there to-night. But the action of the agent who let it to him was set aside by the Building Committee, and the doors were ordered not to be opened. A Catholic priest here is said to have written a letter to SUBRATT, dissuading him from lecturing here at all. He came to the city this afternoon, however, and engaged Carmine Hall, an obscure room on the corner of C and Eleventh streets, and word passed quickly round that the lecture would be given there. The hall was lighted, and one hundred to one hundred and fifty people came together. After waiting for some time the lecturer did not make his appearance, and the lights were put out, and the audience dispersed. So Washington is not likely to hear the begging tale of shame after all.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

SAN DOMINGO AND THE UNITED STATES.

A commercial house in New-York writes to a prominent Senator: "We are advised by our agents, as well as our Dominican correspondents, that everything is peaceful and quiet, and that the entire community with whom they are brought in contact are unanimously in favor of and anxiously awaiting, annexation. The trade between that island and New-York is continually increasing, and by the last arrival of the steamer Ryos there were received, for the first time, 1,000 carrons of tobacco from Samana."

ICE IN THE POTOMAC.

The ice in the Potomac is from five to seven inches thick and navigation is wholly suspended, the mail steamers, despite their iron prows, being entirely unable to break their way through. The ferry steamers have been obliged to lay up, and travel hence southward is by way of the Orange and Alexandria Railroad.

SMOKING ACCIDENT.

A child, aged two months, was burned to death yesterday, the mother having locked it up at her home, a frame tenement, while she visited another part of the city. On her return, the women found that the house had been destroyed by fire during her absence, and that the child had perished in the flames. The Coroner held an inquest in the case today, and a verdict was rendered in accordance with the facts stated.

COOL, EVEN FOR DECEMBER.

The Acting Commissioner of Patents today rendered an adverse decision in the case of the application of JNO. B. EAGLE for an extension of his patent for projectiles. He had worked diligently on his invention till 1861, when, on the breaking out of war, he joined the Confederate service, and under that government took out letters patent. The projectiles were used largely by the Confederate armies. He has refiled his letters patent in this city with an application for an extension, which, on their face, is the scale of the Confederate States affecting the date above mentioned. Executive replies to all applications, without being in the shape of an official decision, were given at various times, but now, as EAGLE inquires as to the truth of a report circulated that he has been refused an extension on account of his services in the Confederacy, the Acting Commissioner replies, "That is just the reason, exactly."

CONDITION OF BANKS.

The following order has just been issued:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, DIVISION OF REPORTS, Dec. 24, 1870.

SIR: In accordance with the provisions of an act of Congress entitled "An act regulating the reports of National banking associations," approved March 3, 1869, you are hereby notified and required to forward immediately to this office, on the blank form of which accompanies the same, a report of the condition of your bank as shown by its books at the close of your business on the 24th day of December, 1870. Very respectfully,

H. R. HULBURD,
Comptroller of the Currency.

CHINA.

Settlement of the Tien-Tsin Difficulty—Departure of the New Minister for Europe—Stand in the Right Direction—Japanese Mission to China.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PEKIN, Saturday, Oct. 29, 1870.

The France-Chinese difficulty may be considered as settled. An edict has come down from the throne pronouncing sentence on the murderers, and an envoy of high rank, indorsed by the French Chargé, has just left this capital to make his master's compliments to the people of France. According to the Imperial decree, the Prefect and the Mayor of the guilty city are sent into exile to the banks of the Amoor. Twenty-one of the rioters are condemned to penal servitude, while sixteen of the more prominent actors in the bloody tragedy are sentenced to death.

THE MURDERERS TREATED AS MARTYRS.

This sentence, as relates to the latter, we learn, was carried into effect a few days ago, with some attendant circumstances which give rise to curious reflections. The victims, it is said, ascended the scaffold clothed in silks, and after decapitation their heads were allowed to be reattached to their trunks, so as to restore the integrity of their bodies, an important privilege in the estimation of the Chinese, and one which is never conceded to ordinary criminals. After lying in state for some time, they were buried in sumptuous coffins, and a gratuity of six hundred dollars was bestowed on the family of each. In a

NOTES FROM THE PEOPLE.

San Domingo and President Grant—A Series of Astounding Misstatements.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

An article relating to San Domingo in yesterday's *World*, copied from the Cincinnati *Commercial*, is so full of pretended statements of fact, which are entirely unfounded, that it deserves some little attention. Perhaps it would be well at the outset to state that such a tissue of falsehoods seldom been seen in print.

In the first place, there is grave doubt as to the statement being true that any merchant from San Domingo has been in Cincinnati at all. There are no first-class merchants in the whole island. In Puerto Plata there are not a half dozen American traders or shop-keepers, and these are mostly colored men, who now and then ship a few tons of logwood, or a half dozen cocoanuts or tobacco per year. There is but one large American mercantile house there. The remainder are houses of German agents, sent out from Hamburg and Bremen; and a few are connected with the Thomas houses. The same due to early said of San Domingo City.

The statement that the majority of the people favor annexation is true. More than—fully nine-tenths earnestly desire it. The "merchants of San Domingo" are as desirous of annexation as they think they can afford to be. They are not generally favorable to annexation, their sympathies, feelings and business ties being exclusively confined to their native land, Germany. Of course they will make all sorts of charges against Baez and his brother officials, and these charges are all the stock upon which the opponents of annexation base their malignant diatribes against President GRANT and Gen. BABCOCK.

One statement made in the second paragraph of the article shows that it must have been gotched up by some person who never stopped on San Domingo twenty-four hours. It speaks of President BAEZ, and his "brother BUENAVENTURA." This alone explodes the whole story. President BAEZ's name is BUENAVENTURA BAEZ, and his brother's name is DAMIAN BAEZ. The latter is Governor of the Department of San Domingo.

Thirdly—The story of this "merchant of San Domingo" who does not know the President's name, that there are lots of land on the Bay of Samana staked off, with boards containing the names of GRANT, BABCOCK, BAEZ, and others, is simply a wholesale falsehood. They do not stake off land in that way on the island, and there is not a board stake with a man's name on it in the whole territory of Dominica. The portion of the story is simply ridiculous.

Fourthly—A year ago last October President BAEZ desired to go to Azua, then the head quarters of his army, which was swarming and subsequently defeated CABRAL and his rebels there. The commander of the gunboat then at San Domingo, as an act of courtesy, kindly conveyed the President and a few of his staff to that place and returned with them. The statement that junketing parties, comprising BAEZ and his officers, have frequently been taken on excursions by American gun-boats, is simply another pure fabrication.

Now, the above is enough to show of what flimsy stuff is composed the charges of corruption made against President GRANT. There is not a shadow of truth in them—they are false from beginning to end—as the writer knows from over a year's residence there, since October, 1869. The island has every inducement, from natural products, in climate, and as a spot of inestimable value for harbors for our navy and mercantile marine, to make it the greatest acquisition ever conceived by the American mind.

MONROE.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Dec. 30, 1870.

The Gift and Testimonial Humbug.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Allow a hard-working official to have a word in your columns. Our Tammany masters are making each other costly presents, but the funds for these are drawn mostly from the pockets of us, their subordinates. Every day some flunkey or parasite, who wishes to keep his place, or get a better one, starts a subscription paper among the offices, for a testimonial, and woe betide the man who hesitates to sign it. The dishonest ones can afford it. The honest ones must suffer. This fiendish system of poor clerks has destroyed the New-Year's pleasure of many a household. Our wives and little ones are made to suffer, in order that thieves and boss-ipirators and their families may be gratified by more plunder. This disgraceful practice of receiving testimonials is spreading and doing devil's work among our people.

Please publish this cry of complaints, and let the people hear it. I beg you also to publish in your columns, as a roll of infamy, the name of every public official who accepts a testimonial.

T. N. W.

An Inscription for the Tweed Statue.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

About the only objection to your proposed inscription is its length. Its appropriateness cannot be gainsaid. Considering the civic worth and high-toned morality the statue is designed to commemorate, I would suggest the adoption of the words of a King of the olden time—one David—whose works have been preserved under the title of "Psalms." In his forty-ninth psalm, eighteenth verse, are the apt words for the inscription.

As the Book may not chance to adorn the libraries of the Tweed admirers, I subjoin the words, as in the commonly-received translation: "Men will praise thee when thou doest well to thyself."

TWEEDLEDUM.

Hale's Man Trap.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The testimony already taken in the matter of the fallen building on West Thirty-fifth-street shows that it was erected in accordance with the Building law; that the materials used were of good quality, and that the work was executed in a good and workman-like manner.

Now, as the law does not control the style or shape of a building, and as it is not the business of a mason or carpenter to design a structure, it is easy to perceive where the cause of the disaster originated.

Had the owner employed a competent architect, and taken his advice, the whole fatal quality would have been avoided, as he (the architect) would have refused to plan or superintend the erection of such a building.

This "penny-wise and pound-foolish" policy of owners has caused the loss of scores of lives and of millions of property in our City within few years, and the guilty parties should be held responsible.

J.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, Dec. 29, 1870.

REV. SABINE AND PUBLIC OPINION

The Actor and the Pharisee.

From the Commercial Advertiser, Dec. 30.

The recent intolerant and uncharitable course of Rev. W. T. SABINE, in refusing to perform the Christian rites of burial over the remains of the venerable and well-respected GEO. HOLLAND, establishes one fact which no good Christian, man or woman, can deny—that he is quite unfit to occupy the position he now holds—that of a Christian minister and teacher of the Gospel. For more than forty years the genial kind-hearted old man, HOLLAND, delighted and amused his fellow-men by his sparkling, innocent wit and his rich fund of humor; commanding at the same time, by his correct course of life, the esteem of all with whom he came in contact. His efforts all through life tended to good—absolute good—in making men feel better and kindlier toward each other. Our minister, on the other hand, although only a stripling in years, has thus early in his short course of life earned the "most intolerant of principles associated with impudence, bigotry and ignorance." The niche in Westminster's Cathedral aisle filled by an actor attests Protestant England's appreciation of this branch of Art. The late JOHN COOPER erected a memorial for the remains of his late CHARLES DICKENS, himself an actor and the eulogy pronounced over his remains by Dean STANLEY, should have been sufficient as a precedent for this meek and lowly young man. His silly allusion to "the church around the corner" displays the true nature of the Pharisee. A member of his parish, when asked why such a person was placed in charge, replied that he belonged to a very respectable family, and his father had a good deal of influence. It is about time that those influences were set aside. A congregation composed of intelligent, Christian people, cannot afford to permit this man to linger about their altar.

The Actor and the Clergyman.

From the Newark Daily Journal.

The day after the death of GEORGE HOLLAND, the venerable Wallackian actor, JOE JEFFERSON, the dead man's time-honored friend, went to an Episcopal clergyman, Rev. W. T. SABINE, rector of the Church of the Atonement, and asked him to perform the burial service. Mr. JEFFERSON did not make himself known, but said he had been requested to apply to Mr. SABINE, by a lady related to deceased, she being a member of Mr. SABINE's congregation. The clergyman at first assented readily, but later, on learning that GEORGE HOLLAND had been a play-actor, peremptorily declined, and suggested that Mr. JEFFERSON go "some one of the little church round the corner." Dr. HOUGHTON's Church of the Ascension. Yesterday the eternal decline was interviewed by a reporter. He said it was not a rule of the Episcopal Church for its clergy not to bury actors, but he had a "distaste for officiating at such a funeral, and did not care to be mixed up in it." Now there is abundant proof to show that off the stage poor GEORGE HOLLAND led a remarkably exemplary life, particularly for one whose calling exposed him to numerous temptations, and the spectacle of this minister of Christ's Gospel refusing over the bier to administer funeral rites, solely because the deceased was a play-actor, is a sorry one indeed for that enlightened Christianity which has been the boast of churchmen of the Episcopal order.

From the Newark Daily Advertiser.

The genial GEORGE HOLLAND, the veteran actor, who so delighted old New-York playgoers, with dignity finds Christian burial. Mr. JEFFERSON, of Rip Van Winkle fame, applied to Rev. W. T. SABINE, rector of the Episcopal Church of the Atonement, on Madison avenue, New-York, to secure his services for that purpose, but as soon as this exacting clergyman found what manner of man it was that was to be buried, he declined the duty and referred the applicant to the "little church around the corner," where they might "do it." The funeral service for him Mr JEFFERSON then replied, "All honor to that little church!" and Rev. Dr. HOUGHTON, the rector officiated, and did officate at the funeral in his own church.

Mr. SABINE now endeavors to apologize for his conduct by saying that he has always warned his little flock against the theatre, and that to be consistent, he ought not to permit his own church to be used for the burial of an actor.

The logic of this is, that if Mr. SABINE has conscientious scruples on the subject, he may deny other clergymen and the actor, quite irrespective of his personal character, may be pitched into the Potter's field like a dog. Dr. HOUGHTON did not take that view of the matter. We wonder which of these gentlemen feel most comfortable now in thinking over the affair!

From the New-Haven Palladium.

Mr. SABINE has, we fear, mistaken his profession. It ought to be part of his business to teach charity, but he seems not to have learned how to practice it himself. We should like to know his opinion of the manner in which the Inquisition used to treat the bodies of dead heretics. We have hardly a doubt he condemns it severely.

CURRENT NOTES.

The Chicago Police have made 21,000 arrests this year.

Maine has built very few vessels during the year—only 16,000 tons in the aggregate of all classes.

Philadelphia is very proud of its new paid Fire Department, but fears the salaries are too small.

America is a great country. Portland, Oregon, is claiming that it is about to be made railroad centre.

The Auburn *News* advertises for several experienced female compositors, and promises such the highest prices.

Gen. J. E. STAUGHTON, who was BRAGG's first Chief of Staff, has returned to Mobile, Ala., to live, after passing three years in Mexico.

A negro woman who died in Baltimore on Tuesday night is said to have been one hundred and twenty-one years seven months and twenty-two days old.

A Mississippi Judge announced that he would not hold the December Term of his Court, as he had important private business to attend to.

Somebody asserts that an Indiana shoemaker received, recently, an order for "a pair of esq. Toad Shooze," but this is too *good* to be true.

The Lynchburg *Virginian* says that the people of Richmond have the sympathy of every one in the South. Had the *Virginian* said of every one in the country, it would not have gone beyond the truth.

The Augusta *Journal* publishes a list of about forty veteran stage-drivers still living in Maine. The oldest is eighty-one years old. Many of them are now connected with railroads or expresses.

A lady in Bath, Me., has just had returned to her by the Post-office Department a letter which she mailed eight years and six months ago. It was covered with post-marks, but it is difficult to trace out its journeyings.

The ladies of an Episcopal church in Montreal have determined to banish wine from their sideboards on New-Year's Day, and a number of the young men of the same church have pledged themselves to abstain from wine-drinking on that day.

GILL VALENTINE, who has been City Auditor of Worcester, Mass., for sixteen years, declines re-election. In the first year of his service he allowed bills amounting to $62,479; during the present year, $1,200,000.

Commissioners appointed by the Governor of Connecticut are to report to the next Legislature a new Militia law, and there is to be held soon in New-Haven, a meeting of the representatives of the various military bodies in the State, for consultation with the Commissioners.

Papers throughout the Eastern States are complaining of the drouth, and the Norwich *Advertiser* explains that the difference between last Winter and this is, that there was plenty of water then but no cold weather to freeze it, and now there is plenty of cold weather but no water for it to freeze.

Hon. DAVID A. WELLS has written to Cincinnati that he will be unable to speak there as early as he desired, as his New-York work will require more time than he anticipated. He adds that he is anxious to fulfill his promise as soon as possible, as he "has much that is new to lay before the country."

The clipper-ships *Frolic* and *Glory of the Seas* left San Francisco on the same day, one for Liverpool and the other for Cork, were in each other's company for six weeks, then separated, and reached their destinations on the same day, the *Frolic* arriving but six hours before her competitor.

Capt. TRAVERS, of Rochester, has made a wager of $25 that he will, at the distance of thirty-six feet, with a pistol, shoot from the top of a wine-bottle a cork on which is placed a bullet, dropping the bullet into the bottle and not breaking the bottle. He has twelve shots, and engages to perform the feat four times.

A dwelling-house in Otsego, Mich., was burned on Christmas Eve and three children perished in the flames. The father succeeded in saving his wife and two of his children, and was badly burned in trying to save the rest. Then he was badly frozen in riding a mile scantily clad to get help, and he has since been insane most of the time. It is thought he will die.

The Montreal correspondent of the Toronto *Globe* reiterates the statement that Sir JOHN ROSS is coming out to negotiate with our Government respecting the fishery question. The Canadian Government organs at Ottawa deny it. This correspondent says that he will first visit his business partners in New-York, then proceed to Ottawa, and thence to Washington.

The watchman in a Massachusetts tannery who died recently had been accustomed to take with him a little dog for companionship. After the death of his master the dog appeared sick and quite dull for a few days, even refusing to eat; but he recovered, and now makes his visits nightly to the tannery. In the evening he starts off promptly at the usual hour, and is quite as regular in his return in the morning, notifying the household by a slight bark of his arrival home.

California, the San Francisco *Alta* insists, is better fitted for producing wine, silk, fruits, nuts, olive-oil, and other articles of the semi-tropical class, than wheat. The people, it says, have learned by experience, and might have known by reasoning, without experience, that the production of wheat for exportation not only cannot enrich their State, but, as conducted at present, cannot be permanent. The soil is being exhausted for the sake of a small and brief profit.

A bill was filed in the Circuit Court, Chicago, on Wednesday, by SUSAN W. HARRIS, of New-York, against THOMAS S. DOBBINS and others, to set aside the sale of real estate made in 1864 by the executor of STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, and for other relief. The complainant alleges that she is the holder of notes made by Mr. DOUGLAS in his lifetime, and assigned to her, which notes are now maturing, with interest, amounting in all to $100,000; and that there was a fraudulent sale of the property.

The Macon (Ga.) *Telegraph* is apparently mistaken in regard to Rev. RUFUS W. GRISWOLD, who died suddenly, in Philadelphia, a short time ago. The Portland (Me.) *Advertiser* speaks of him as well known there, he having been for many years a resident of Gorham; and it says that he had been making collections for a college in Missouri—not in Macon, as previously stated.

OBITUARY.

Carl Anschutz, the Well-Known Musical Director.

CARL ANSCHUTZ, the well-known musical director, who has long been identified with numerous operatic and musical enterprises in New-York and other localities in this country, died yesterday morning, after a long and painful disease. He was born in 1819, in Coblence, and was consequently fifty-seven years of age at the time of his death. He was a pupil of his father, JOSEPH ANDRELA, a Government official at Coblence, and of a Government musical composer in Dresden. He was the composer of several musical works, among others a composition, entitled "The Mass," and his musical circles he was considered an authority on musical matters. He first made his appearance in this country in 1847 with Impresario UELMANS, and was subsequently identified with the operatic undertakings of Grau, Maretzek, Grover, and with the Patti, Ullmann and Rebmann concert troupes. Of late years he has been engaged as the Director of Philharmonic concerts, and before his health began to fail founded and conducted a conservatorium of music. The people of nearly every large city of the United States have seen Anschutz's setting as a director of the orchestra opposite frowning and scowling circles, as well as among a vast number of private and professional friends and acquaintances his decease will be sincerely regretted.

A DOUBTFUL CASE.

A Father Charged with Outrageous Conduct—Two Sides to the Story.

MARY WHELAN and MARY ANN DELANY, both aged about twelve years, were yesterday brought up before Judge GARDOZO, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, and a motion made for their discharge from the House of the Good Shepherd. As a ground for their discharge, it was claimed by their counsel, Mr. JAMES D. McCLELLAND, that they were committed without any sworn complaint, on a charge of vagrancy. In opposition to the motion to discharge, it was stated by Mr. FELLOWS, representing the People, that about three weeks since JOHN DELANY, the father of one of the girls, and adopted father of the other, was arraigned before Justice SHANDLEY on complaint of his wife that he had taken improper liberties with the little girls. Justice SHANDLEY dismissed the complaint against the father, but consigned the girls to the House of the Good Shepherd. He claimed that the father was permitted to go free only because the mother refused to press the charge, and that it would be an outrage to now take these children from those whose care and training might be relied upon as for the children's best interests, and recommit them to the care of a place in which such a repulsive and abominable crime is reputedly of frightful rife.

Mr. McCLELLAND, while asserting the fact that he would be equally unwilling, with the Attorney for the People, to take the children from where they were well cared for in every way, and place them back in charge of a father of the character attributed to this man, said that after consulting largely among the neighbors of DELANY, he had found him to bear the character of an honest, upright and well-behaved man, against whose moral character no suspicion had ever previously existed. There was no pretense, even on the part of the people, that any crime had been attempted by him in regard to the children, and so far as he had been able to learn, the father and mother had quarrelled the night before the complaint was made, and the wife, out of revenge, had entered the complaint, of which she had since repented. The children, when questioned, denied the charges made against their father, and this, together with the refusal of the mother to prosecute, and the discharge of the father by Judge SHANDLEY, seemed to make it plain that the charge was unfounded. There was no pretense, it was contended, that the parents were not pecuniarily able to provide for them, and as the commitment was clearly irregular, they ought to be discharged.

Judge CARDOZO said, that with such a suspicion hanging over the father, he could not feel justified in taking the children from those in whose care they now are, and placing them again in charge of their father. He would therefore direct a reference to take testimony as to the character of the father before recommitting the children to his care.

To this counsel for the children and counsel for the People readily assented, and the final disposition of the case was postponed until the coming week.

The Bowery Gaslight Fire.

Fire-Marshal MCSPEDON has investigated the firing of the barrels of liquid gas which were on the side-walk, in front of No. 201 Bowery, and having ascertained that it was done by L. KLEBER, a warrant has been issued for his arrest. It appears that the fire greatly endangered neighboring property, and actually inflicted losses which the insurance companies have been obliged to settle. The evidence shows that there was no intent upon the part of KLEBER to set fire to the buildings, and that he knocked in the heads of the barrels, and set fire to the liquid, merely as a peculiar way of celebrating Christmas. He is therefore to be prosecuted for malicious mischief.

Judge Benedict's Right to Sit as Circuit Judge—Affirmative Decision by Judge Woodruff.

A short time ago ALEXIS NICHOLAS, an alleged notorious counterfeiter, was convicted at the United States Circuit Court, before Judge BENEDICT, of the Eastern District, who was sitting to try causes on the criminal calendar in place of Judge WOODRUFF.

Col. JOHN B. EDWARDS, counsel for NICHOLAS, made application to Judge WOODRUFF for the discharge of NICHOLAS on habeas corpus, on the ground that the trial and conviction were illegal, as by the terms of the law creating the new Circuit Court Judges, District Judges were confined to their respective districts, and could not legally hold Court outside of them.

It seems that as the law stood prior to the enactment creating the new Circuit Judges, it was the right of District Court Judges to sit in districts other than their own. The new law does not in express terms prohibit this right, but recites that the persons who may hold Court in the several districts comprising a circuit are the Circuit Court Judge and the District Court Judge in their respective districts.

Judge WOODRUFF decides that this provision of the new law does not repeal the provision of the old law, as, while it recites who may sit in the several districts, it does not, in terms, prohibit the District Judge from sitting in districts other than their own, and it requires something more than implication to render amatory such a provision of law which experience has shown to be not only conducive to the proper dispatch of business, but absolutely necessary in many cases to a proper dispensation of justice.

The petition was denied.

Hon. NOAH DAVIS, United States Attorney, appeared in opposition to the motion.

New-Jersey State Teachers' Association.

On Thursday evening the New-Jersey State Teachers' Institute resumed its session in the Court-house at Camden. "The Duties and Responsibilities of Parents and Teachers as Educators," was the subject of an address by H. P. FRENCH, Superintendent of the Public Schools of New-Brunswick. The morning and yesterday afternoon were devoted to lessons on "The Defects in Our Schools," and "Good Order in Schools," and the best method of obtaining it. An essay was also read by Rev. OSCAR CRUTE, of Vineland, upon the "Kindergarten."

In the afternoon, Miss HANCE, of the State Normal School, read an essay on "Drawing as an Educator," she was followed by Rev. Dr. MOILWAINE, of Newark, formerly Professor of Belles Lettres at Princeton, in an able address on "Education Essentially a Moral Process." The subjects brought up in the address were discussed at some length, and after the annual election of officers, the Society adjourned.

Destructive Fire in Brooklyn—Eleven Houses Destroyed—Loss $25,000.

Shortly after 4 o'clock, yesterday morning, a fire broke out in the house of CHARLES GIBBONS, (one of a row of frame structures,) at the corner of Bergen-street and Utica-avenue, Brooklyn, and before the Fire Department could get to work, so rapidly did the flames spread, that eleven of the houses were practically destroyed, and twenty-two poor families turned out upon the street. Eight of the houses were owned by JEREMIAH BURKE, of Twenty-third-street, New-York. They were valued at $2,500 apiece, and insured for $1,500 each in the Phenix Insurance Company. Two more were owned by CHARLES GREGORY, whose loss on furniture is not known, but was also covered by insurance. The remainder belonged to a widow lady named BARNEY, and it, too, was totally destroyed. The tenants, almost without exception, lost all their furniture, as there was no insurance on it. The flames are supposed to have originated in a defective flue.

THE LAST BOILER EXPLOSION.

Three Lives Lost Through Official Negligence—The Result of Using Stolen and Second-Hand Boilers.

At an early hour yesterday morning, the foundry of DEVLANE, MILLER & Co., at the junction of North Thirteenth and Second streets, Brooklyn, the scene of the terrible boiler explosion reported yesterday, was the focus of general interest in that City. Many were present to satisfy their curiosity, while others who had had friends injured by the catastrophe came on more serious errands. The saddest feature of the spectacle, however, was the discovery of the mangled and mutilated body of one of the victims, named Louis Lessner, a painter, in Navy-street. There is a chance of at least 200 feet from the scene of the disaster. This made three deaths in all. LESSNER had evidently been working around when the explosion took place, and was never doubted by the time of the boiler, which was itself thrown 150 feet up the street. He leaves a wife and three children.

The appearance of the foundry was strikingly suggestive of the terrible effects of the explosion. The building was four stories high, and 100 feet long by 50 feet wide. In the western end there was an immense hole, or rather there were only a few of the bricks remaining that had once constituted the wall through which the boiler in its flight had passed. A wooden extension that had stood fixed to this was also knocked into pieces.

Fire-Marshal KEADY took the following interesting testimony:

WM. L. MILLER, sworn: I live at No. 114 Oak-street, Greenpoint, Brooklyn, and am part owner of the firm of Devlane, Iron-works, corner of North Thirteenth and Second streets; an explosion took place at the works last night, by which three men were killed; I was in the office reading a paper when the boiler exploded, and was blown a distance of 150 feet from where it stood; I bought that boiler second-hand of Yonkers, of Mott Haven; it was represented to me by him as the Gas Array Company; I paid $450 for the boiler; I don't know how long it had been in use; I never had the boiler tested; we notified the Inspector of Boilers before it was started; I do not know what amount of steam was on when the boiler exploded; my orders were not to have over fifty pounds on; the boiler was supposed to be sixty-horse power; I don't know whether the engineer ever had over fifty pounds of steam on the boiler; he may have had, and I understand he did have, but I don't know this of my own knowledge; the parties who sold me the boiler told me they were in the habit of carrying 100 pounds of steam with it; when I bought it I took a boiler-maker with me, and he said it was one of the strongest boilers he had ever seen; I have examined the boiler since the explosion; I think the explosion was caused by a want of water in the boiler; NICHOLAS STEVENS, the engineer, was killed by the explosion; he was in my employ about three or four weeks; MR. KENNEDY, with whom Mr. STEVENS served his time, said he was a very competent engineer; I don't know anything about the fire in the cotton-works, supposed to have been caused by the explosion; the men killed by the explosion were NICHOLAS STEVENS, engineer; DANIEL MULHOLLAND, fireman, and LESSNER; I estimate my loss on building at $8,000, and on stock and machinery at $4,000; we are insured against fire on the building, but I don't know whether the machinery is insured or not; the last time we cut I painted it; he said it was leaking; I did not measure about it; he said he had two cocks of water, and that was enough; I had found the water low at another time, under another engineer; I discharged one engineer for having the water low in the boiler; I paid the last engineer, MR. STEVENS, $18 per week; I never examined the boiler; on Tuesday last, I did not think the mine gauge indicated two full cocks of water; it requires no additional labor on the part of the engineer to keep the boiler full of water—simply the turning of a cock; I never had any doubts as to the trustworthiness of MR. STEVENS as an engineer; I never knew that he drank liquor, and never saw any indication of liquor on him; I have had this boiler in use about two months; after I discovered that a former engineer allowed the water to go low, I had the boiler examined by a boiler-maker and put in order; he caulked it, I believe; I don't know that he did anything more than that.

THOMAS F. POWERS, sworn: I am Examining Engineer and Chief Boiler Inspector for the City of Brooklyn; I have examined the boiler at the Novelty Iron-works, corner of North Thirteenth and Second streets, Brooklyn; the boiler exploded last night and was thrown a distance of 150 feet from its place, and appears to have made a complete turn; the boiler is a locomotive style of boiler, with cylindrical fire-box; the diameter of the fire-box was 40 inches by ten feet long; the shell of the boiler was four feet six inches in diameter, and ten feet six inches long, containing seventy-seven three-inch tubes; I found the crown-sheet of the boiler in a damaged condition, showing evidence of low water, and I am satisfied that the explosion took place from that cause of low water; the boiler had never been tested by this Department; the crown-sheet was all blistered from having been used with low water, and I consider that the boiler has been very badly used, but it appears to have been a well-constructed boiler; the inspector, PATRICK MCGUIRE, never condemned, was examined by me; had various experiences; I am a chinist by trade, and I considered him a competent engineer; I have examined the premises this morning, and the facts stated above are the result of that examination; I found the feed-valve open from the well of the feed-pump, showing that the water had been introduced into the boiler; I saw that a fire had occurred in a cotton-waste factory, a block distant, caused by the explosion; the total destruction of property is about $8,000.

JAMES LOVETT, sworn: I live at No. 111½ North Second-street; I am a boiler-maker with the firm; and repaired the boiler in the Novelty Iron-works which exploded last night; I repaired it about six weeks ago; I repaired the crown-sheet and found it badly sprung; it was leaking badly when I repaired it; I think the boiler was well constructed; it was of the locomotive pattern; I was inside the boiler, and found it well braced with crowfoot braces, with bars and pins from three-quarters to seven-eighths of an inch; I caulked the same across the crown-sheet of the boiler; I have seen the boiler since the explosion; I think it exploded from low water; the crown-sheet of the boiler was five-eighths of an inch thick; the braces were from seven to eight inches apart; one boiler was fed from a well with a steam pump; I found the boiler had turned completely over and was carried about 150 feet from its position; I knew the engineer, and believe he was a competent man; he was a machinist by trade; I never knew him to be drunk; he came to me and borrowed some tools to repair the boiler, after I repaired it; he said it was leaking; I did not give him the tools, but I believe he got them; the boiler was capable of sustaining, in my opinion, sixty or seventy pounds of steam to the square inch.

Inquests on the bodies will be held by Coroner WHITEHILL next Wednesday.

Men, John Morrissey at Jem Mace's Saloon—A Bloody Fight Prevented.

The "Capital," JEM MACE's drinking-place in Twenty-third-street, was on Wednesday evening the scene almost of bloodshed. At a table were seated a number of men, among whom was Hon. JOHN MORRISSEY and GEO. HILL, alias Keys, a desperate character. HILL spat deliberately in MORRISSEY's face, whereupon MORRISSEY drew a Derringer. HILL drew his revolver, and bloodshed was imminent, when JEM MACE, the pugilist, carried MORRISSEY in his arms to an adjoining apartment and locked him in. HILL passed to and fro shouting for MORRISSEY's blood. Such was the state of affairs when the timely intervention of MACE's bloody fist was prevented. The whole affair is being quieted, and attempts are made to keep the facts from the public. MACE is sorry that such a disgraceful affair should have occurred at his place.

Probable Murder of a Woman—A Brutal Assault by her Husband and his Brother.

A shocking case of brutality on the part of a husband toward his wife, which will, in all probability, result in the death of the latter, occurred in the village of Westchester, on Monday night last. According to the best information that can be obtained, it appears that Mrs. CONNERS, wife of JOHN CONNERS, residing at Olinville, No. 2, about half a mile from the railroad station, at Williamsbridge, who prior to her marriage with CONNERS, about eight or nine months ago, had resided as a domestic in the family of Alderman HATFIELD, of Westchester, for a period of about fifteen or sixteen years, on Monday last visited the family of HATFIELD to receive a promised usual Christmas gift. On leaving Alderman HATFIELD's house, Mrs. CONNERS proceeded to Fuscil's Hotel, in the village, where the undertood that her husband was attending a cock-fight. On arriving there she found her husband and a brother of his greatly intoxicated and quarrelsome. CONNERS finally yielded to his wife's entreaties and promised to go home with her after taking another drink with his companions of the cock-pit, at a parting glass. CONNERS and his wife accompanied by the brother of the former, then left the hotel, avowedly for Olinville, but they had proceeded a very short distance only when shrieks and cries of murder in a female voice attracted the attention of persons still occupying the Fuscil's Hotel, and they, with a number of persons who were on their way home from the village, instantly ran out to the scene of the tragedy, and reached it in time to find a man and woman, the latter prostrate and her husband pounding upon her, while his brother, as alleged, was pounding her head with stones. The brutes ceased stopped in their murderous assault and fled, the woman, severely bruised, in a carriage. Some time during the night, MR. JAMES BUTLER, a butcher living in the neighborhood, and who married a sister of Mrs. CONNERS, was apprised of what had occurred, and instantly repaired to the residence of CONNERS and knocked for admittance repeatedly without any notice being taken. Under these circumstances, Mr. BUTLER forced an entrance into the house, and there found Mrs. CONNERS lying in a state of unconsciousness near her husband in the room, but who gave no explanation of his conduct. At an early hour on Tuesday morning, Dr. LANE, of West Chester, and other physicians of the vicinity, was sent for, and although Mrs. CONNERS was alive yesterday, very slight hopes were entertained of her recovery. CONNERS, during her long and painful protracted illness, had managed to save a large sum of money, which was increased on Christmas night; and her refusal to give up her savings to her husband and brother prevented the two to make the brutal, and probably fatal assault upon her.

Very little seems to be known of JOHN CONNERS in the neighborhood of Olinville or Williamsbridge, he having only lived there since last Spring. He is said to be about thirty-five years old, and his wife about the same age. He is fair was paid to quiet as to leave been entirely unknown in Westchester until yesterday.

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

The Seven-Shot Shoulder Shoot—Freedom from Obstructions of Working Men.

The following manifesto has been put forth by the manufacturers of boots and shoes whose names are appended to it:

We, the undersigned manufacturers of boots and shoes, do hereby declare that:

Whereas, Our business operations have been unwarrantably interfered with during several years past by secret organizations, who assume to lay down rules and regulations for the government of our factories, and such dictation has become intolerable, we, therefore, do resolve:

1. That we will no longer submit to such dictation at the time our duty to state, manly of our hands the due and fair resolution in the matter.

2. Our factories are now all declared open to strike for the simple reason that we cannot pay the exorbitant rates demanded by these boycotting rules. 3. They prohibit us from employing any person not a member of their organization, threatening a strike if we do so. 4. They refuse to allow us to take any boy, however well disposed, to learn the trade unless he is bound to them (Knights) as an apprentice, unless he is the son of a member of their society, or our own children, even being excluded. 5. They insist that we shall pay the same price for work done by our own children, even being idle and skilled workmen from carving any more than the lazy and ignorant. 6. They fix rates that we must pay for work done upon piece work, which are much higher than we can afford to pay, and which, if we do, we must stand ready and anxious to accept, if not prevented by them; therefore,

Resolved, That we do now declare our freedom from the dictation of the Knights of Crispin, and we will employ whomsoever we please, and at such rates as we may agree upon with the workmen regardless of the dictation of any combination of men, and we pledge ourselves to protect, to the extent of our ability, those who may be disposed to do so, and we shall come to us for work, whenever they may be interfered with by malicious persons. We recognize the right of every man to dispose of his own labor, but we also recognize the fact that the interest of one man is of greater or less value than that of another. We would forward the industrious and skilled according to his capacities, and we would not force upon us a lazier workman at the same rate.

The idea of all labor combinations is the idea of the rights of man pushed to the extreme, the foundation of which is equity and love. We stand upon the broad platform of justice; we will not combine to oppress any portion of our race. Our watchword is "Charity to all, malice to none, and exact justice to all."

(Signed) T. J. O. White, Morton, Tracy & Rip, Jos. Ackerman, Boyd McKim, Boyd & Hall, West Brothers, A. L. Eckert, East New-York Boots, Shoes and Leather Company, Bay State Shoe and Leather Company, Robert Dix, M. Dowling, P. Lynch, J. B. Underhill, Henry Bixby, Edwd. Dowl, Jas. B. Lawrence, Samuel Bixby, Edwin C. Burt, George Silver, E. Tucker, G. F. C. Morrow, Hanna & Bolton, J. Rich, H. W. Mersereau, Joyce & Kellogg, Chas. Oakley, Chas. Oakley, Jr., Bowman & Sears, C. F. Miller & Bro., Clemmon, Schock, well, H. Newland, J. De Witt, W. Bridel, Jr., & Co.

THE CUSTOM-HOUSE.

Difficulties Arising Under the Change of Tariff—Necessity for Prompt Action by Importers.

The difficulties which will arise on and after Jan. 5, by reason of the change of tariff on imported goods, are so numerous that this result should have been foreseen by the officers of the Treasury Department in time to guard against them. The TIMES, yesterday morning, gave the full text of the first regulation which has been made by the Secretary since the bill passed in July last, and merchants have, therefore, had only two days given them to prepare for business, which they should have had as many weeks at least in which to become familiar. The tariff reduces the duty on coffee, sugar, teas, spices, molasses, and some other articles, and puts on the free list many other goods. About two-thirds of the articles first enumerated have been sold prior to the 1st inst., subject to delivery from the 1st to the 10th or 15th of January. Unless the goods can be released from the bonded warehouse in season for delivery, the sale of many of them will doubtless be lost. These goods have been entered at the Custom-house and bonded for withdrawal. The bonds designate the numbers and give the marks and weight of the packages, which have already fixed their valuation, while the gauges and weigher have placed their marks upon them. Some of these lots have been broken into by the withdrawal of certain packages which have been sold by the importer, and therefore the exact particulars are not to be ascertained yet by the goods remaining in the warehouse. For instance, an importer would enter a cargo of teas, and has from time to time withdrawn all the heavy grades, and as often as each withdrawal would be made the average has been struck so the teas remaining would be charged with duty accordingly. Merchants must therefore make the marks and numbers by which the goods remaining in warehouse are designated; also those on which duty has been paid; those which have been passed for withdrawal, but on which the duty has not been paid; and those which have not been passed for withdrawal. This statement is made to show how nearly impossible it is to make a fair adjustment. But the regulations of the Custom-house do not permit the rule of "first come first served," as is observed, and thus will arise another difficulty. For instance, one man has 200 statements which he will present on Tuesday. His clerk goes to the Collector's Department and there is attended to in the alphabetical order in which the importer stands. After the official has examined each, and passed the 200 statements, the clerk goes into the naval office, and there a different order is observed; the 200 statements must be examined. An extra force of clerks will be put on duty in both departments of the Custom-house, but experts are necessary who are familiar with the law, and thus, though the force be increased, business will not be greatly facilitated thereby. The best course for the importer to pursue is to obtain their blanks early to-morrow morning, and prepare them separately, so that as little delay as possible may be occasioned at the Custom-house.

The Eastern Mission School.

The children and friends of the Eastern Mission school celebrated their Christmas festival yesterday afternoon at No. 161 Eighth-street. Everything went off in the most joyous manner. Rev. Dr. MORGAN, of St. Thomas' Church, in addressing the children complimented them on their sweet carols and general proficiency. Rev. Dr. GALLAUDET, of St. Ann's Church, also made some very happy and hopeful remarks touching the future prospects of the mission. Rev. WALKER STERLING, who has the more special charge of the mission, thanked the Principal, Miss ELLIS, for her faithful labors, and heartily responded to the encouraging words of the new dread gentleman presiding him.

Methodist Sunday-school Teachers' Association.

A Methodist Sunday-school Teachers' Association has been formed recently among several of the west-side up-town churches. A public meeting of the Association was held in St. Luke's M. E. Church, Forty-first-street, on Thursday evening, and the question of the best methods for promoting the interest and efficiency of the Sunday-school was discussed by Messrs. SMITH, FRAIRE, BAKER and others, after which Rev. Dr. FOSS delivered an address, in which he insisted that no new methods are needed to accomplish those ends, but that by the fusing "the old fire" into the methods at present in use, the interest and efficiency of any school may be promoted beyond calculation. The aim and end of all Sabbath-school teaching, he maintained, should be to make the children Christians, but he was free to say that in very many of the schools in this City that object is a secondary one, and the time is consumed in singing semi-secular ditties to minstrel tunes, or in giving entertainments of a secular entertainments, of one sort or another, until the children become impressed that religion is the least part of their Sunday-school business. Mr. SMITH cited an example of a Roman Catholic Sunday-school teacher, who had made 4,600 visits to his pupils in one year, and the Doctor made a strong point on the energy and zeal manifested by this fact, and urged it upon his Methodist audience as an excellent example to be followed.

THE ELIZABETH TRAGEDY.

The Post-Mortem Examination and Coroner's Inquest—A Melancholy Spectacle.

The terror and excitement occasioned by the murder of Mrs. DUGGAN by her son, MICHAEL, on Thursday, at Elizabeth-port, had not abated yesterday, and the anxiety of the people for the arrest of the matricide is intense. The announcement that a post-mortem examination and an inquest would be held yesterday drew an immense crowd to the house of woe. At 9 o'clock Drs. BROWN and MARTIN commenced a post-mortem examination, during the progress of which the adjoining room was filled with sorrowing women, whose death groans and hearts anished as the surgeons proceeded with their autopsy. The two daughters and husband of the deceased were present, almost frantic with grief, particularly the latter, who in the anguish of his heart exclaimed, "Oh! Dr. MARTIN, you

SUPREME COURT BUSINESS.

Cause Disposed of by the Supreme Court During the Year 1872, Reported in the Chambers.

There have been, during the past year, five General Terms of this Court, in the following-named months: January, April, June, September and November. At the January Term there were heard 8 non-enumerated motions, 8 preferred causes and 86 enumerated motions.

April Term—28 non-enumerated motions, 5 preferred causes and 45 enumerated motions.

June Term—18 non-enumerated motions, 4 preferred causes, and 18 enumerated motions.

September Term—20 non-enumerated motions and 14 preferred causes. Enumerated motions, none.

November Term—19 non-enumerated motions and 46 enumerated motions.

The number of causes disposed of during the year are, therefore, as follows:

Non-enumerated causes	[illegible]
Preferred causes	21
Enumerated causes	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

In this Court the number of cases the Judges holding there and the number of motions disposed of by each in the year have been as follows:

Demurrers heard	[illegible]
Issues of law and fact heard and decided	[illegible]
Motions for judgment	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

March Term—Held by Judge Barnard.

Demurrers heard	[illegible]
Demurrers marked down and stricken off	[illegible]
Issues of law and fact heard	[illegible]
Marked down and stricken off	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

May Term—Held by Judge Ingraham.

Demurrers heard	[illegible]
Demurrers marked down and stricken off	[illegible]
Issues of law and fact heard	[illegible]
Marked down and stricken off	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

Special Term—Held by Judge Barnard.

Demurrers heard	[illegible]
Demurrers marked down and stricken off	[illegible]
Issues of law and fact heard	[illegible]
Marked down and stricken off	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

December Term—Held by Judge Brady.

Demurrers heard	[illegible]
Demurrers marked down and stricken off	[illegible]
Issues of law and fact	[illegible]
Marked down and stricken off	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Part I.

Cases tried by Court and jury	[illegible]
Cases tried by Court and jury waived	[illegible]
Demurrers	[illegible]
Discontinued	[illegible]
Cases referred	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

Part II.

Cases tried by Court and jury	[illegible]
Cases tried by Court and jury waived	[illegible]
Demurrers	[illegible]
Discontinued	[illegible]
Cases referred	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

Total number of cases disposed of in both Parts 358

The Clerk at Chambers not having been able to complete his statement, the same will be published hereafter.

St. Ann's Church in Eighth-Street to be Sold.

In the Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday, before Presiding Justice INGRAHAM, the Trustees of St. Patrick's Cathedral, of the City of New-York, petitioned the Court for an order granting leave to sell St. Ann's Church, situated in Eighth-street, together with the parsonage and school-house adjoining. The petition sets forth that they are about erecting a St. Ann's Church in East Twenty-first-street and need the proceeds of the old church to expend in its erection. They state that Mr. A. T. STEWART has agreed to purchase the property and pay therefor $135,000: $75,000 in cash, Mr. STEWART to assume mortgages to the amount of $60,000. It appears that the church property is held in fee simple by the Trustees of St. Patrick's Cathedral, and that the parsonage and school-house lots are leasehold. The lease, which was executed by the Trustees of the Sailors' Snug Harbor, to Mrs. AGNES BOUCICAULT, the mother of DION BOUCICAULT, has twenty-one years to run from May 1, 1860. In December, 1860, the lease was assigned by the lessee above named to the Cathedral Trustees. The church property is estimated at $65,000; the balance, $40,000, to be the value of the adjoining property. There is some provision in the order that at the expiration of the lease it shall be renewed at the option of the purchaser.

Judge INGRAHAM granted the order, and directed it to be executed.

Serious Fire in Wall-Street.

At 6 o'clock yesterday morning, a fire occurred in the office of UNDERHILL & UNDERHILL, lawyers, on the third floor of No. 34 Wall-street, a four-story brick building owned by the estate of R. PRINCE, which was damaged to the amount of $2,000. The building is occupied by lawyers and brokers and the following are the sufferers by the disaster, which was caused by a grate filled with live coals falling out: Underhill & Underhill, $400; George F. Schiefelin, lawyer, third floor, $200; F. Rothfaty, lawyer, second floor, $300; J. Buxome & Co., brokers, same floor, $50; A. & L. Nelson, second floor, $100; Aspinwall & Hummel, brokers, the same amount. Holmes & McGovern, brokers; J. Weythe, broker, and M. H. Clarkson, lawyer, all on the first floor, lost $50 each in damage to furniture. With the exception of that of G. M. Thomson all the losses are covered by insurance.

Public Notice by the New Commissioners of the Court-House.

The following, in the shape of hand-bills, printed in large letters, was yesterday posted throughout the Court-rooms, public offices, halls, corridors, &c., of the new Court-house:

NOTICE.

All persons are hereby notified that alterations or work of any kind will not be permitted in the occupation of the new County Court-house, unless application shall have been made, and such work or alterations duly authorized by the Board of Commissioners.

MICHAEL NORTON, THOMAS COMAN, FRANK H. MARSHALL, JOHN J. WALSH, Commissioners.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 2, 1872.

After these bills had been posted in the Court-rooms for about fifteen minutes, they were torn down by direction of one of the Judges.

The Fowler-Wood Case Again.

In the Supreme Court, yesterday, the two cases of OGDEN vs. WOOD and FOWLER vs. WOOD were up again on an order to examine Mr. FOWLER before trial. The examination was however, postponed to Tuesday, Jan. 8, at 10½ A. M., in consequence of the illness of Mr. James M. SMITH, counsel for FERNANDO WOOD. These cases were before the Court three or four months ago—Judge CARDOZO presiding—at which time some statements were made and some facts disclosed, tending to show a great amount of corruption on the part of various public officials.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

NEW-YORK.

A man named THOMAS P. BRINSMADE was arrested late yesterday afternoon, by Roundman BARRY, of the Tombs Court Squad, on a warrant issued several days ago, on a complaint of false pretences in having obtained $24,000 worth of goods from a down-town merchant. In the absence of Judge DOWLING no details of the case could be obtained. Justice HOGAN recommended the accused for examination by his brother Magistrate.

MINNIE DAVIS, whose recent attempt at suicide in a cell at Police Head-quarters created so much attention, was brought up at Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday, before Judge DOWLING, charged with setting fire to the premises of RACHEL HAGEDORN, of Twenty-ninth-street and Sixth-avenue, on Christmas morning. The prisoner, who lodged with Mrs. HAGEDORN a few days prior to Christmas, effected an insurance on her property to the amount of $300, and on the morning in question she discovered setting fire to the furniture. She was held for trial.

Last evening, the boys of the Italian School, Franklin-street, enjoyed their Christmas festival, at the House of Industry, No. 155 Worth-street. Many of them were, by this pleasing circumstance, saved from the misery of a musical excursion, which, last night, would have been anything but harmonious. Many Christmas carols were sung in true Italian style; addresses were delivered by the Superintendent, A. E. CERONA, and others, and numerous gifts presented to the boys.

The children of the Third Mission of St. George's Church, were treated to a Christmas festival last evening at the Mission Chapel, Fourteenth-street near First-avenue. Many fine carols were sung and addresses were delivered by Rev. Dr. TYNG, Mr. PHILLIPS, superintendent, and Mr. MCLEAN, and before leaving each child received a present, the possession of which completely banished all the unpleasant thoughts which the severe snow-storm was likely to produce on youthful minds.

Saturday last ANDREW D. CLARK, of Hartford, was arrested in the Bowery by Capt. DEVING and Detective TILLY, upon representations of Officer CARPENTER, of New-Haven, that he had forged the indorsement on a draft for $300 drawn on the Merchants' National Bank of this City by JAS. F. BROWN to the order of EDWIN BOOT. As the Commissioner authorities have been unable to obtain a requisition for the prisoner, he has been discharged from custody.

At a regular monthly meeting of Post "Farragut," No. 75, G. A. R., held on Thursday evening, at Lyceum Hall, Bloomingdale, the following officers were elected: Comrade H. MEREDITH, Commander; R. H. Greene, Senior Vice-Commander; Robert C. Wright, Junior Vice-Commander; James T. Quinn, Adjutant; Francis E. Bickel, Quartermaster; delegate to Department Encampment, R. H. Greene.

VALENTINE SCHWARZ was held for examination at the United States Commissioner's office, yesterday, on a charge of passing a counterfeit $10 bill on Cadwalader, Esq., Deputy Sheriff. The complainant said that the money was given to him by the accused to satisfy an execution, and that the latter had given him two worthless checks on a former occasion.

Yesterday morning a fire occurred in the tenement house, No. 403 West Thirty-ninth-street, beginning in the room of Mrs. LANIGAN, on the third floor, caused by her children playing with matches. The whole contents of the room in damage, and the building, which is owned by Ann MAHONEY, will require $2,000 for repairs, but is fully insured.

Coroner SCHERMERHORN held an inquest yesterday, at Bellevue Hospital, over the body of Patrick CLARK, of Hudson-street, who died of injuries sustained by a fall into the well-hole in a new building in Broadway, near Spring. Verdict accordingly. A portion of the building fell with the deceased.

The statistics of the Internal Revenue Department at the Sub-Treasury, for Collector MCCUDIN, show that during the year ending Dec. 31, 1872, there were paid in coin on account of interest $64,000, and Fractional currency and coupons of registered bonds and coupons on account of interest.

ROBERT MCANENEY, aged twenty-six, of No. 428 East Seventeenth-street, fell from the roof of the new tenement house, No. 60 Bayard-street, while at work, and was almost instantly killed. Coroner SCHERMERHORN held an inquest.

At the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday, before Judge SHANDLEY, Alexander WICKHAM was held to answer on a charge of stabbing James REILEY, of No. 40 Greene-street, in the side with a butcher's knife.

RICHARD CASE, aged three years, died Saturday at No. 22 Cherry-street, of scalds sustained on the 30th inst., by the upsetting of a saucepan of hot water. Coroner HOULTON was notified to hold an inquest.

ALFRED E. SEARS, aged nine years, of No. 306 East Ninth-street, yesterday fell from and passed over the third-story window, and had both legs crushed. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital.

WILLIAM GORDON was committed to answer by Justice SHANDLEY, yesterday morning, for attempting to break into the residence of JOHN PETERSON, No. 422 Sixth-avenue.

The Court of General Sessions adjourned yesterday until Tuesday next, without transacting any business.

The rooms, parlors and library of the Young Men's Christian Association will be open New-Year's Day, as usual.

BROOKLYN.

The Board of Supervisors met yesterday and appointed JAMES MCAULIFF, Engineer of the Court-house. Supervisor CROOKE, who now retires from office after having served the city for twenty-six years, received, in the form of a set of resolutions, the expressed regret of his fellow-laborers at their being compelled to part with him.

The Board of Superintendents of the Poor met yesterday at Flatbush, and announced the usual amount of routine business. The Secretary's report for the month shows that there are 1,[illegible] inmates at present in the county institutions, an increase of six within the last week. In the Hospital there are now nine cases of smallpox, a decrease of eight since the last report.

The delegates to the Republican General Committee will meet to-night in caucus for the purpose of selecting their candidate for Chairman of the Committee, for the incoming year. SILAS B. DUTCHER is spoken of as the most likely candidate for the position.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. H. B. BROWN, a grocer, of No. 310 Tillary-street, while driving through Jay-street was thrown from his wagon and injured so severely that his life is despaired of.

Coroner WHITEHILL held an inquest yesterday morning on the body of an unknown infant, found on Union-avenue on Thursday night. The verdict was "death from unknown causes."

NEW-JERSEY.

The Republican members of the Newark Common Council, chosen at the last election, have held a caucus, and decided upon D. W. BELLES as President, J. W. STOUT is to be Treasurer and JAMES GILLEN Clerk. All the offices of the City Government were filled, and the caucus nominations will be ratified by the new Council, at its first meeting on Tuesday evening.

The tragic death of THOMAS MANDEVILLE, who was burned to death at Pompton on Christmas morning, has caused the sympathies of a large number of friends and sympathizers, at the funeral on Thursday. The origin of the fire has not hitherto been explained, the supposition of the barn having been set on fire by a cigar prompted incorrectly, in relation to the deceased for his friends.

A masquerade carnival took place at the Jersey City Skating Rink last night. Over 1,000 were present, and did some fine skating. A number of the members of the New-York and Brooklyn Skating Clubs were present. The members of the Jersey City Skating Club have presented Fred. BRADY with a very handsome gold-mounted revolver.

On Thursday night a lawyer doing business at No. 10 Commerce-street, Newark, and named PETER C. TUCKERMAN, was arrested at the New-Jersey Central Railroad Depot, charged with having defrauded HORACE B. SHELTON, of Holmdel, of $1,300. The accused was committed in default of bail.

At the recent meeting of the Boards of Trustees and Directors of the Princeton Theological Seminary, it was represented that 120,[illegible] were needed for augmenting the funds for the maintenance of Professors, library, scholarships, indigent students, &c.

J. H. HEUMANN, a telegraph operator in the employment of the New-Jersey Railroad Company, across the meadows, has been arrested on a charge of embezzlement by the officers of the Delaware and Columbia Railroad Company, in whose employment he was formerly.

A man going under the name of G. G. SCHUYLER has been swindling the residents of Morris County by representing himself as an agent for the Wheeler Sand Roller. He swindled parties out of various sums, amounting to over $1,000.

J. P. BASTEDO, a contractor on the Midland Railroad, in Warren County, has absconded, leaving a large amount of debts unpaid. He was also in arrears to the laborers employed.

Hon. JOHN HILL, M. C. from New-Jersey, has prevailed upon the Postmaster-General to run mails twice a day over the Boonton branch of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad and between Paterson and Newark.

LAW REPORTS.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—DEC. 20.

By Judge Brady.

Bradley vs. Sheehy; attorneys, to appear on the 24 day of January, at 10½ A. M.

In the matter of the petition of the executors of Philip M. Rodney, deceased; mid Mountain vs. Newton; memoranda for counsel.

In the matter of the claim of M. S. Finch vs. The Estate of R. Lowell; order confirming the report settled.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—DEC. 20.

By Judge Monell.

Stilwell vs. Gilbert; McGinn vs. Shaw; de Revira vs. de Allera; Dykers vs. Stewart; Lehmaier vs. Sherwin; Eichelen vs. Sherwin; Kurzenrath vs. Elbert; Murphy vs. International Insurance Company; orders granted.

Fagan vs. Hart; motion denied with $10 costs.

Carter vs. Clark; motion denied with $10 costs.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—DEC. 20.

By Judge Loew.

Lumley vs. Dorsett; Surety rejected; defendant to have leave to substitute another in his place.

By Judge Joseph F. Daly.

Leland vs. Smith; notice of settlement of the order in these actions must be given.

MARINE COURT.

THE RULES FOR 1873—ASSIGNMENT OF CASES FOR THE SEVERAL BRANCHES DURING THE YEAR.

The following rules are to go into effect Jan. 6, 1873:

1. The Justice calling Jamaica-avenue calendar will, in Room No. 2, with the aid of the proper officers of the Court, make up a separate trial calendar.

2. All demurrers, motions, motions in notice or order to show cause must be heard before a Justice in attendance at Chambers, but orders to show cause will be made returnable before such a Justice, unless otherwise ordered by one of the Justices.

3. Parties are at liberty before a court to go to trial on a day certain by consent in writing filed with the Clerk, or to select their own day for trial; but when a case is by the Clerk calendared, and notice mailed in regular order, and neither party appears, or no legal excuse being shown by affidavit for not trying, or no legal excuse will be market adjourned to go to the foot of the calendar.

4. The Trial Terms will commence on the first Monday of each month, and continue (Saturday excepted) to the end of the third week.

5. The Special Terms will commence on the fourth Monday of each month, and continue fully one week. Chief Justice ALEXR. HOLT, when present, shall preside.

6. During the months of July and August there will be any regular jury called, but the Justice holding Court will order special panels in his discretion. During July and August there will be but one day

[illegible]

Bills on London, 60 days, were 109½@109¾ ⅌ cent., the market dull for large sums, and actual sales at one ⅌ cent. under yesterday's business. Short sight 109¾@110 ⅌ cent. The rates for Money, on call loan, 7 Currency to 7 Gold Interest; the market comfortable for the Brokers in the Afternoon.

The customs demand for Gold was nearly half a million today, and the entries under the revised Tariff will begin to-morrow. We look for pretty active receipts from Customs through the early weeks of January, and as compared with last season the effect of the new duties on sugars, &c., will scarcely be felt, owing to the large stocks now in Bond waiting the reduced rates that go into operation to-morrow.

The actual state of affairs with the Hoosac Ames, of Massachusetts, would seem to be that the Plow Company bearing their name—an incorporated Company—is under protest; that Messrs. OLIVER AMES & SON have not failed, and that Mr. OAKES AMES, a man of immense private property, has asked for no assistance, though it is possible that he may require some short indulgence on account of his loans on Stock collateral, though not without doubling the security, if required.

In the Long Room at the close of the day the following quotations were made of Government Bonds (Thursday night's quotations in parenthesis):

Bonds closing firm.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS—DEC. 20.	Thursday.	Friday.
United States 10-40s	[illegible]	109⅞
United States 5-20s of 1862	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States 5-20s of 1865	110⅝	110⅝
Bankers' Gold	110⅝	[illegible]
Bills on London, 60 days	109	109
New Bonds of Tennessee	[illegible]	[illegible]
New-York Central and Hudson	91⅝	91⅞
N. Y. C. & H. Debt Certificates	97⅛	[illegible]
Reading Railroad	93⅞	94⅞
Chicago and Rock Island	105⅞	106⅞
North-west Common	71⅝	72⅝
North-west Preferred	81⅝	82⅝
Pacific Mail Company	40	40⅛
St. Paul Preferred	80⅞	81⅞
St. Paul Common	56⅞	57⅞
Lake Shore	91⅞	92⅞
Ohio and Mississippi	26⅛	26⅞
Toledo and Wabash	48⅞	49⅞
Western Telegraph	55	55⅞
Erie	42⅞	43⅞

UNITED STATES TREASURY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 20.

Gold receipts	$1,[illegible]
Gold payments	1,322,621 01
Gold balance	60,921,[illegible]
Currency receipts	[illegible]
Currency payments	[illegible]
Currency balance	10,[illegible]
Customs	407,000 00

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6's coupon, '81	110	6's coup., '67	[illegible]
6's coupon, '65	[illegible]	6's coup., '68	111⅛
5's coupon, '67	107⅞	6's coupon, '69	111⅞
5's coupon, '68	107⅞	6's coupon, '70	112⅛
5's coupon, '71	107⅞	6's coupon, '71	112⅛
5's coupon, N. Y.	110⅞		

And the following for the State Bonds:

Tenn. 6s, old	[illegible]	Ohio 6's, c.	[illegible]
Tenn. 6s, new	64½	Ohio 5's, c.	72
Virginia 6s, reg., old	51	Ill. Coupon 6s	72
Virginia 6s, reg., new	51	Ill. Coupon 5s	72
Georgia 6s	[illegible]	Ill. War Loan	[illegible]
Georgia 7s, Gold Bds.	81½	Mich. 6's, '79	100
N. C. 6s, old bonds	22½	Mich. 6's, '78	100
N. C. Special Tax	22½	Mich. 6's, '90	100
S. C. 6s	[illegible]	Mich. 6's, '91	100
S. C. 6s, new	[illegible]	N. Y. Coup. 6's	107½
S. C. April & October	22½	N. Y. Coup. 6's, '75	107½
Missouri 6s	76½	N. Y. Coup. 6's, '76	107½
Missouri 6s, new	76½	N. Y. Coup. 6's, '77	107½
La. 6s, new issue	70½	N. Y. Coup. 6's, '78	107½
California 7s	112½	N. Y. Coup. 6's, '79	107½
Alabama 5s	50	N. Y. Coup. 6's, '80	107½
Alabama 8s	104½	N. Y. Coup. 6's, '81	107½

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83	[illegible]	Chi. R. I. & Pac.	[illegible]
N. Y. Cen. 6s, '84	[illegible]	Morris & Essex 1st	[illegible]
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Subsid.	[illegible]	Clev. & Tol. S. F.	[illegible]
Erie 1s, Ext.	[illegible]	Clev. & Pitts. G. & Y.	[illegible]
Erie 7s, sinking fund	[illegible]	Clev. & Pitts. S. & P.	[illegible]
Erie 7s, gold, 1877	[illegible]	Clev. & Pitts. 2d	[illegible]
Erie 7s, gold, 1878	[illegible]	Clev. & Alton 1st	[illegible]
Hud. R. R. M. & S. 7s, '72	[illegible]	Clev. & Alton Income	[illegible]
Harlem 1st	[illegible]	Ohio & Miss. 1st	[illegible]
Harlem 2d (M. & N.)	[illegible]	Ohio & Miss. 2d	[illegible]
Chi. R. I. & C. 1st	112½	Dub. & Sioux C. 1st	[illegible]
Mich. So. 7s, s. f.	[illegible]	Mil. & St. P. 1st, P. D.	[illegible]
M. S. & N. I. R. R. 1st	97½	Mil. & St. P. L. G.	[illegible]
Central Pacific 6s, gold	[illegible]	Chi. & Milw. 1st	[illegible]
Union Pacific 1st Bds	[illegible]	Chi. & Alton Income	[illegible]
Un. Pac. L. G. Grants	[illegible]	Chi. & Milw. Sinking Fund	[illegible]
Un. Pac. Income	[illegible]	Dub. & Sioux C. 1st	[illegible]
Alb. & S. 1st, R. R.	[illegible]	Mil. & St. P. 1st, E. D.	[illegible]
Alb. & T. R. M. Inc.	[illegible]	Mil. & St. P. 1st, H. & D.	[illegible]
Chi. & N. W. 1st	[illegible]	Mil. & St. P. 1st, C. & M.	[illegible]
Chi. & N. W. sink. fd.	[illegible]	L. S. & M. S. R. R.	[illegible]
Han. & St. J. 1st, gold	[illegible]	Marietta & Cin. 1st	[illegible]
Tol. & Wab. 1st, Ext.	[illegible]	Chi. & Mil. Con. 1st	[illegible]
Tol. & Wab. 2d	[illegible]	Chi. Chi. & Ind. 1st	[illegible]
Tol. & Wab. Con. Coupons	[illegible]	Tol. Pen. & Wat. R. D.	[illegible]
Chi. & Mil. 1st, s. f.	[illegible]	Tol. Pen. & Wat. 1st	[illegible]
Ga. Western 1st, Ext.	[illegible]	N. J. & N. Haven 1st	[illegible]
Ga. Western 1st, M.	[illegible]	Cedar F. & Minn. 1st	[illegible]
Galena & Chi. 1st	[illegible]		

And the following for the City Bank Stocks and Miscellaneous Shares:

New-York	[illegible]	Nassau	[illegible]
Manhattan	[illegible]	Continental	[illegible]
Metropolitan	[illegible]	Commonwealth	[illegible]
Mechanics'	[illegible]	Grocers'	[illegible]
Union	[illegible]	Central National	[illegible]
Phenix	[illegible]	Fourth National	[illegible]
Leather Manufacturers	[illegible]	Ninth National	[illegible]
Mechanics' Exchange	[illegible]	Tenth National	[illegible]
Leather Manufacturers	[illegible]	Quicksilver Mining	[illegible]
Mechanics' Exchange	[illegible]	Quicksilver Mining, pf.	[illegible]
State of New-York	110	Mariposa Mining	[illegible]
Continental	[illegible]	Mariposa Pref.	[illegible]
Broadway	[illegible]	Atlantic Mutual Tel.	[illegible]
Gallatin National	70	Acme Sewing Mach.	[illegible]
Mercantile	[illegible]	Wells, Fargo Express	[illegible]
American Exchange	[illegible]	Wells, Fargo Express, 2d	[illegible]
Bank of N. America	[illegible]	American Express	[illegible]
Bank of Commerce	[illegible]	U. S. Express	[illegible]
Metropolitan	[illegible]	Pacific Mail	[illegible]
Grocers'	[illegible]		

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS—DEC. 20.

Telegraphed to Edmund D. Randolph & Co.

	Bid.	Asked.
City 6s, old	[illegible]	99
City 6s, new	99½	[illegible]
Camden and Amboy	[illegible]	117½
Pennsylvania Central	[illegible]	60½
Reading	[illegible]	36⅞
Lehigh Valley	[illegible]	60½
Cheltenham and Sea-shore	[illegible]	37½
Northern Central	[illegible]	41⅞
Lehigh Navigation	[illegible]	39⅞
Lehigh Coal Loan	[illegible]	[illegible]

The Cedar Falls and Minnesota Railway Company advertise to pay their January coupons at the United States Trust Company.

Messrs. M. MORGAN'S Sons, No. 52 William, will pay the Half-Yearly Dividend of *Four ⅌ cent.* of the Stonington Road, Dec. 21.

Messrs. DABNEY, MORGAN & Co. will pay the January coupons of the Macon and Brunswick Railroad.

Messrs. WINSLOW, LANIER & Co. pay a Half-Yearly Dividend of *Five ⅌ cent.* to the New-York Stockholders of the Louisiana National Bank.

Messrs. JAY COOKE & Co. pay the January coupons of the Lake Superior and Mississippi Road.

The People's Fire Insurance Company have declared a Half-Yearly Dividend of *Six ⅌ cent.*, payable on demand.

The Peoria and Jacksonville Railway Company advertise to pay their January coupons at the Importers' and Traders' Bank.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ VERMILYE & CO., Bankers,

No. 16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York,

Offer to Investors the following Securities:

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD 1st Mortgage 7 per cent. Bonds.

SOUTHERN CENTRAL RAILROAD (of New-York) 1st Mortgage 7 per cent. Bonds.

KALAMAZOO AND WHITE PIGEON RAILROAD 1st Mortgage 8 per cent. Bonds, interest guaranteed by Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad Company.

☞ BURLINGTON, CEDAR RAPIDS AND MINNESOTA. First Mortgage Sinking Fund Convertible Seven per Cent. Gold Bonds—the small remaining balance of the Loan for sale at 90 and accrued interest.

These Bonds return about double the rate of interest which United States Five-twenties pay, while the security is as safe and fully equal to that of any railroad bond issued.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,

No. 32 Wall-st.

☞ NOTICE.

The interest due Jan. 1, 1873, on the Bonds of the State of Georgia will be paid on and after that date, upon surrender of the coupons, at the Fourth National Bank, New-York.

Bonds of the State of Georgia or they makers, will be paid upon presentation at the Banking-house of HENRY CLEWS & CO., No. 32 Wall-street, New-York.

RUFUS B. BULLOCK,

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, STATE OF GEORGIA, ATLANTA, Nov. 19, 1872. } Governor.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

HARVEY FISK. A. S. HATCH.

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

No. 5 NASSAU-ST., Dec. 20, 1872.

The earnings of the Central Pacific Railroad for 1872 will probably be $3,600,000, of which about $2,300,000 will be net after paying operating expenses. This is an increase over the previous year, in gross earnings, of $2,300,000, and in net earnings of $1,300,000.

The earnings for the coming year, by a moderate estimate, based upon reliable data, is believed will exceed $10,000,000.

The annual interest on the Company's First Mortgage Bonds is but $1,737,000.

The security of the principal includes guarantee of regular and prompt payment of interest, which are afforded in the valuable property, and immense revenue or cash fund, under Government control and reliable as investments can be made. They are daily quoted on the regular sales of the New-York Stock Exchange, and of several of the most important Stock Exchanges in Europe, and can be readily sold at quoted market price, at the hands of the United States Government.

We deal in them as freely as in Government Bonds, and the premium is fully their in exchange for Five-twenties, or for sale outright, at current market prices. ☞ Take the dividend coupon due Jan. 1, for which parties purchasing during the present month will realize three per cent. in gold. ☞ FISK & HATCH.

☞ INDIANAPOLIS, BLOOMINGTON AND WESTERN SECURITIES—FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD LOANS.

☞ The Bonds are secured by a mortgage upon 300 miles of completed railway, from Indianapolis, Ind., west to Paris, Ill., some 200 miles of which is in active and paying operation, and the balance is nearly completed. The road connects with most of the leading lines to the Atlantic and Pacific, making a central trunk route from ocean to ocean, some sixty miles shorter than any other route.

The Bonds have nearly all been marketed during construction, and now remaining we offer at 90 and interest in currency.

TURNER BROTHERS,

Bankers, No. 11 Nassau-st.

HOWES & MACY, BANKERS,

30 Wall Street, N. Y.

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

The business of this house is the same as an Incorporated Bank.

Persons keeping accounts may deposit and draw as they please, the same as with the City Banks, and will be allowed interest on their daily balances at 4 per cent.

Collections made on any part of the United States or Canada.

Orders for the purchase or sale of the various issues of Government and other Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed for the usual commission.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Dec. 20, 1872.

The receipts of the principal kinds of produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pkgs	[illegible]	Butter, pkgs	[illegible]
Beef, pkgs	[illegible]	Cheese, pkgs	[illegible]
Dried Fruit, pkgs	[illegible]	Cotton, bales	[illegible]
Flour, bbls	[illegible]	Lard, pkgs	[illegible]
Wheat, bushels	[illegible]	Lard, tierces	[illegible]
Corn, bushels	[illegible]	Lard, bbls	[illegible]
Oats, bushels	[illegible]	Oil-cake, pkgs	[illegible]
Rye, bushels	[illegible]	Beef, bbls	[illegible]
Barley, bushels	[illegible]	Pork, bbls	[illegible]
Barley, malt, bushels	[illegible]	Beef, tierces	[illegible]
Corn-meal, bbls	[illegible]	Pork, tierces	[illegible]
Buckwheat, sacks	[illegible]	Tobacco, pkgs	[illegible]
R. W. Flour, bags	[illegible]	Whisky, bbls	[illegible]
Leather, sides	[illegible]	Wool, bales	[illegible]
Leather, skins	[illegible]	Tea, chests	[illegible]

The export clearances since our last, as reported at the Merchants' Exchange, Post-street, have been as follows:

By the ship GERMANIC, for Liverpool, [illegible] bbls Petroleum, 100 cases Petroleum, 100 bbls Spiritus Turpentine.

By the bark *Bayer*, for Falmouth, 21,625 bushels Wheat.

By the ship *Mary E. Blake*, for Antwerp, 7,583 bbls Refined Petroleum.

By the bark *Amelia*, for Bremen, 1,576 bbls Refined Petroleum.

ASHES—Pots have been quiet, since our last, at $5 50@$5 62½. Pearls have been wholly nominal at $7 50@$7 62½ ⅌ 100 lbs.

BEEVES—Have been in moderate demand at unchanged figures.

CANDLES—Have been neglected and nominal.

COAL—Has been in fair demand and firm.

COFFEE—No has been in fair demand and firm; sales have been made at Baltimore, 4,000 bags by the Seventh Ward Indian, balance of cargo, 2,000 bags, by the bark Emma Corlies, 2,000 bags, by the bark Ceylon, on private terms. Some days ago 3,000 bags were sold, to arrive here by the Swedish ship Johnson, from Rio de Janeiro, Nov. 1. Other kinds have been inactive. We quote: Rio, at 14@17c.; Laguayra, 16@17c.; Rio, 14c. @18c., in bond; Native Ceylon, 19@20c. @19c.; Jamaica, 16c. @16c.; Java, 16c. @19c.; Mocha, 18c. @19c.; Maracaibo, 15c. @16c.; Manila, 16c. @18c.; Mexican, 16c. @18c.; Savanna, 15c. @16c.; Domingo, 16c. @17c.; San Domingo, in bond, 8c. @12c. gold ⅌ lb.

COTTON—Has been nearly idle; only a few lots have been reported at nearly prices; sales, 1,400 bales, for which 300 bales were to arrive, including 1,200 bales to shippers, 200 bales to spinners, 300 bales to speculators, and 300 bales to exporters. Prices for cotton sales have been reported of 12,000 bales, made of Low Middling, at various rates, including last evening, for December, 500 bales at 14½c.; January, 100 bales at 14 1-16c.; February, 500 bales at 14 1-16c.; March, 100 bales at 15 1-16c.; March, 500 bales, and April, 200 bales at 15½c.; together, April, 200 bales at 15 1-16c.; April, 500 bales at 15 1-16c. And today, for December, 500 bales at 14c., 400 bales at 14½c.; January, 200 bales at 14 1-16c., 1,800 bales at 14½c., 300 bales at 14 12-16c.; February, 400 bales at 14 15-16c.; March, 1,000 bales at 15 1-16c., 2,600 bales at 15½c.; March, 100 bales; April, 100 bales; May, 100 bales, June, 100 bales, at 15½c.; together, April, 400 bales at 15½c., 200 bales at 15 13-16c.; freight to Liverpool, 300 bales on private terms.

Closing Prices of Cotton in New-York Today.

	Uplands.	Mobile.	N. Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	12½c.	12½c.	12½c.	12½c.
Good Ordinary	14½c.	14½c.	14½c.	14½c.
Low Middling	14½c.	15½c.	15½c.	15½c.
Middling	15½c.	15½c.	15½c.	15½c.
Good Middling	16c.	16½c.	16½c.	16½c.

Movements of Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts since last week	[illegible]
Receipts last week	28,112
Receipts the preceding week	36,768
Receipts since Sept. 1	[illegible]
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1871	[illegible]
Receipts for the year ending Sept. 1, 1871	[illegible]
Receipts for the year ending Sept. 1, 1870	[illegible]
Exports last week	[illegible]
Exports since Sept. 1	[illegible]
Exports since Sept. 1, 1871	[illegible]
Exports for the year ending Sept. 1, 1871	[illegible]
Exports for the year ending Sept. 1, 1870	[illegible]
Remained stock here	76,[illegible]

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western flour has been quiet and nearly nominal, the demand for last week, as a limited offering of desirable grades, met a fairly active inquiry, mostly for low grades, for export, and, to a limited extent, for home trade. Prices have ruled very unsettled, and about 9,000 bbls have been disposed of at the basis, at $5 [illegible] for Ohio and Indiana, and $5 [illegible] for fancy brands. ⅌ bbl. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 12,500 bbls. All kinds of Rye flour have been dull and nominally lower. Corn meal has been in fair request, at about steady rates; sales have been reported of 200 barrels Brandywine, $3 [illegible] ⅌ bbl. Canada flour has been in fair request, at about steady rates; sales have been reported of 200 barrels Genesee, $5 [illegible] ⅌ bbl. Rye flour has been in more demand at full prices; sales have been reported of 300 bbls, at $5 [illegible] ⅌ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in more demand at full prices, for Western, and 4½c. @5c. for Ohio, Canada and Western, mostly for export. Corn has been quiet and dull at about previous nominal figures; sales equal to 10 pkgs at 10½c. @12½c. for Pickled, Yellow and Mixed, 12½c. for Dried-corn, 12½c. for Pickled

The New-York Times.

PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.—NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, DEC. 31, 1870.

Amusements this Evening.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.
Sixth-ave., corner 23d-st.
RIP VAN WINKLE. Leading characters by Messrs. Joseph Jefferson, Holden, Anderson and Miss Mary Wells.
MATINEE at 1½ o'clock.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
23d-st., corner 6th-av.
LES BRIGANDS. Leading characters by Mlle. Aimee, Mlle Persini and M. Cazaux.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Montague-st., near Court-st.
LE PETIT FAUST. Leading characters by Mlle. Rose Gilly, Mlle. Thal and M. Cazaux.
MATINEE at 1½ o'clock—LA GRANDE DUCHESSE.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THE SERIOUS FAMILY. Leading characters by Messrs. John Brougham, Stoddart, and Miss Madeline Henriques.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, near Houston-st.
WEE WILLIE WINKIE. Characters by Messrs. G. L. Fox, Honey, Coes, Miss Fanny Reeve, Miss Reeve, Miss Vanoni, and others.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, near Bleecker-st.
THE BLACK CROOK. Leading characters by Messrs. Morton, Rogers, Hamblin, and Miss Pauline Markham.
MATINEE at 1½ o'clock.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.
Min-st., near Broadway.
SARATOGA. Leading characters by Messrs. Barrett, Lewis, Davidge, Miss Fanny Davenport and Miss Fanny Morant.
MATINEE at 1½ o'clock.

LINA EDWIN'S THEATRE.
Broadway, near Grand.
LITTLE JACK SHEPPARD. Leading characters by Miss Ada Harland, Miss Lina Edwin, and Mr. Ledingham.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.
Broadway, corner 30th-st.
DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE Afternoon and Evening. Large collection of Curiosities on exhibition.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., near 6th-av. 2d and 8d eve.
GRAND EQUESTRIAN and GYMNASTIC PERFORMANCES.
MATINEE at 2½ o'clock.

SEVENTY-FIRST REGIMENT ARMORY.
Broadway, corner of 4th-st. and 4th-av.
GRAND FAIR OF THE UNION HOME AND SCHOOL, (orphans of soldiers and sailors.)

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, BROOKLYN.
Orange-st., near Hicks-st.
AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock—ORGAN CONCERT.

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The DAILY TIMES, per annum, including the Sunday Edition	$12
The DAILY TIMES, per annum, exclusive of the Sunday Edition	10
The Sunday Edition, per annum	2
The SEMI-WEEKLY, per annum:	
Two copies, one year	5
Ten copies, one year	25
An extra copy to getter-up of club, and a splendid steel engraving of the late HENRY J. RAYMOND.	
The WEEKLY TIMES, per annum	3
Five copies, one year	13
Ten copies, one year	25
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Twenty copies, one year	35
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Subscriptions to either of our editions received for a less length of time at the yearly rate.	
The Semi-Weekly and Weekly mailed to clergymen at the lowest club rates.	

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Ordinary classified advertisements, 20 cents per line each insertion.

Business Notices, 25th page, before Marriages and Deaths, 50 cents per line each insertion.

Special Notices, 25th page, after Marriages and Deaths, 50 cents per line each insertion.

Advertisements on eighth page, 50 cents per line each insertion.

City Items with word "advertisement" prefixed 50 cents per line each insertion.

Deaths or Marriage Notices, $1 each insertion.

The above have been the fixed advertising rates of the NEW-YORK TIMES for the past eight years, and will not be changed, although our circulation has largely increased during that time.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices as early as hour in the day as possible. If received after 5½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

☞ For the convenience of uptown residents, advertisements for insertion in the TIMES will be received at No. 84 West 23d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av., and at No. 49 East 59th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., also at No. 1 Chambers-st., at same rates as are charged at office of publication.

☞ Messrs. DREXEL, HARJES & Co., Bankers, No. 31 Rue Scribe, Paris, are the accredited agents for the NEW-YORK TIMES in that city.

Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot under any circumstances return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE WAR.

The King of Prussia telegraphs to Berlin, Dec. 29, that the guns of Fort Avron were silenced by the bombardment; the railway station at Nouy was shelled, and the French artillery at Bondy dislodged, and that the garrison of Fort Avron has gone into Paris. The French say the German attacks were repulsed. The Prussian account of the affair at Montoire is, that the German force cut its way through the surrounding French, and captured 240 prisoners. The French account says the Prussians were driven out of the place with casualties and the loss of prisoners. The Prussians are represented as cruelly exacting in making requisitions, and they threaten to hold as hostages fifty prominent citizens of Orleans unless 600,000 francs are raised by the impoverished inhabitants. The German Gen. FESSKOW has ordered the inhabitants of Besançon to restrict their movements to the right bank of the Doubs. Gen. BOURBAKI is again said to be moving east, with instructions to cut the German communications. GAMBETTA's presence at Bordeaux has given a great impetus to military preparations. French refugees in the Island of Jersey have been ordered, through the French Consul, to report to army head-quarters or be considered deserters. The movements of the French Army of the North are not known beyond the fact that Arras has been abandoned by it. Gen. PLETINOMAS has been sent from Bordeaux to superintend the defenses of Havre. Both German and French troops suffer terribly from the cold, and a Bordeaux telegram says strong reinforcements have been sent forward to replace the men thus disabled. The Prussian reply to the British Government's demand regarding the sinking of British ships in the Seine, is that it will give indemnity bonds to the owners of the vessels, but will not compensate the seamen for the harsh treatment they received.

GENERAL EUROPEAN NEWS.

The wounds received by Gen. PRIM are seven in the left shoulder, and two fingers shattered so as to make amputation necessary. The balls have been extracted and the patient is recovering. He will probably resign when the King elect ascends the throne, and retire into private life. The Cortes has passed a resolution of horror at the crime and confidence in the Government.....Wurtemburg and Hesse have ratified the federal treaties with North Germany.....The French Government has notified the Powers interested that France will not send a representative to the London Conference unless the Republic is recognized by them.....The Tiber has overflowed and half of the City of Rome is flooded.

The British Admiralty, as one of the points of the investigation into the loss of the iron-clad *Captain*, has ordered that in future the length and weight of the masts shall be less, and concrete, in a cellular bottom, shall be used as ballast. In consequence of a heavy snow-storm in Great Britain the lines connecting London with the submarine cable did not work well. The loss of the bark *Thaumide*, from Philadelphia, for Bremen, and crew, is reported from Liverpool. PHILIP HARBRICK, the architect, died yesterday, aged seventy-eight.

GENERAL.

A telegram from Ottawa, Ontario, gives from an official source the list of fishing vessels captured by British and Canadian cruisers, which we printed yesterday. The statement is put forth by the Canadian Minister of Marine.

Navigation on the Potomac, at Washington, is entirely closed up by the ice on the river, which is from five to seven inches in thickness.

The Marshall House, at the east end of the wire-bridge across the Allegheny, at Pittsburg, was burned yesterday, and the wire cables of the bridge broken, until they parted, letting the entire structure into the river, with twenty persons who were on it. Four persons were fatally injured, several others severely. One man is believed to be buried under the ruins.

An appropriation of $75,000, for the erection of a soldiers' monument on Boston Common, has been made by the City Council of Boston.

A family in Mount Vernon-street, Boston, between Tuesday and Saturday, as English documents, of robbing safes of diamonds worth $8,000.

A St. John, N. B., lumber schooner went ashore, on Thursday, on Sable Island for Minot, beat across the bar, and drifted on Yarmouth Flats. She now was rescued. The British brig Alexander, from Windsor, N. S., went ashore at Orleans, Cape Cod, on Thursday, and lost her mate, Mr. Rankerr.

The ice in the James River has put a stop to navigation. The steamer from New-York got within twenty miles of Richmond yesterday, but was forced to return to City Point and discharge cargo, which will be forwarded by rail.

The Government has, at the request of Gen. FORT, postponed the removal of the settlers on the Kansas Indian Reservation in Kansas.

The health of JOHN MORAN, the Stoughton, Mass., murderer, is failing under the effects of a wound received when he was arrested and deposition of spirits.

The Missouri-avenue House, in East St. Louis, was burned on Thursday. The loss is $120,000.

Owing to the death of Mrs. BELKNAP, there will be no public reception at the Executive Mansion on Monday, nor will the families of members of the Cabinet keep open house on that day. The funeral will take place on Sunday.

The station-keeper, stage-driver and cook at Mission Camp Stage Station, near Tucson, Arizona, were murdered and the station-keeper's daughter wounded, on Christmas Eve, by a band of robbers from Sonora, who plundered the place and escaped into Mexico. They also killed a teamster on the road.

The Gloucester (Mass.) fishing fleet lost last year thirteen vessels and ninety-seven men, who leave twenty-six widows and forty-five children.

The steamers *Norwich* and *Rip Van Winkle* reached Rondout in safety yesterday morning. There was a heavy ice-gorge at Poughkeepsie. A snow-storm set in there last night.

How to Make Money for New-Year's Gifts.

The process of carrying on a Government by means of buying out opposition, and distributing stolen property once a year among the "poor," is attended with some disadvantages. In the first place, it causes a considerable drain on the resources. The Tweed gang have the public Treasury entirely at their disposal, but it is possible to exhaust even that mine. When one man has accumulated nine or ten millions of dollars, it stands to reason that his confederates will expect him to "come down" handsomely, under penalty of exposures which might be awkward for the ringleaders, even in days when the general public is sublimely indifferent as to how much it is robbed, or who robs it. There must be a division of the booty, and that takes away the ready money. Hence it is that at this time of year diamond pins, and silver services, and brown-stone houses are flying about among the Tweedites in all directions. They are so elated with their good fortune that we doubt whether one of them has been really sober since last Friday night. Their "gifts" represent the black-mail which thief levies upon thief. The tea services now being distributed by TWEED are not "presents," in the ordinary sense of the word. They are sops thrown out to quiet his hungry supporters, paid for with the public money, but not the less valued by the recipients on that account. Why should they have any scruples about taking the plunder? The public has no objection to their receiving it, but rather likes to look on, and thinks it very good sport.

But heavy as the taxes are, they do not come in fast enough to keep pace with the expenses of the Tweedites. Hence some very extraordinary measures have to be resorted to. To begin with, the annual reports due on the 1st of January are all ordered to be withheld until June. The trick of suppressing Controller CONNOLLY'S report, and then calling in MOSES TAYLOR and JOHN JACOB ASTOR to sign a certificate that everything is "all right," has answered so well that our excellent rulers now intend to adapt it to all the City Departments. This will keep the hands of the great whitewashing firm pretty full—but there is still another job preparing for them, if we are not misinformed. We are assured on pretty good authority that Controller CONNOLLY is unable to pay over to the State Controller the million of dollars due from this county for its proportion of State taxes. TWEED & Co. have "begged off" until the middle of January. The division of plunder now going on has probably so far depleted the Tweed Treasury as to oblige CONNOLLY to draw upon the City funds. It will therefore be very necessary to have those useful persons, TAYLOR and ASTOR, in the house to do another stroke of business. They are the wet-nurses of the Ring, and will have to sleep on the premises. This time it will be considered advisable to give to their names the additional weight of JAMES FISK, Jr. His knowledge of finance, his strict integrity, his wealth and his general character render him a very fit man to be added to the Astor-Taylor Committee, and the public will not be quite satisfied unless they see his name to the next whitewashing report.

Then the American Club ball has to be provided for. This Club is another of the "institutions" by means of which TWEED and SWEENY keep themselves dictators over the City. It enables them to bribe some "awkward customers," to please others by giving them unlimited opportunities for whisky drinking, which is the life and soul of Tweeddom, and generally to keep up an *esprit de corps*, without which an organization like that of this gang would soon go to pieces. When attacks are made on the Ring, it is very necessary to have some people going about in reasonable doubting, assuring others that everything is "on the square," and that the attacks are prompted by a variety of underhanded motives. This prominent members of the Union Club act as fuglemen to TWEED. Thus, also, the Brooklyn *Eagle* is not above going to the *World* for a story, invented by some idiot for the purpose of convincing people as stupid as himself that the sum of $12,000 would be quite sufficient to silence all attacks on the Ring. The *World* must earn its money somehow, and we must say it earns it in a very bungling manner,—but when the Brooklyn *Eagle* willfully repeats what it knows to be a fabrication, it for the moment descends to a plane which puts it outside the arena of respectable controversy.

Thus, then, by giving back other humbuggery, by bribing a few hacks to invent preposterous slanders, by making a show of liberality to the poor once a year while robbing him all the year round—the Tweedies manage to keep in power, and even to find advocates at dinner parties, and in respectable clubs—by which we do not intend any reference to the American Club, or its offshoot, the "Blossoms," the Winter Paradise of the "soakers." TWEED, like WALPOLE, thoroughly believes that every man has his price; and thus far his experience of life has done much to justify his conclusion. He cannot, for instance, buy the *Herald* outright, but he can get it to emit a feeble squeak or two in his favor toward dusk, when it thinks nobody is looking, and under cover of another name. We need not say how completely he memorized the *World*. It dances now to any tune he whistles. The "gift enterprise" business has answered well in that quarter. The only drawback to TWEED and SWEENY's enjoyment of the festive season consists in the fact that the public money will not flow in fast enough. We see no help for it but to call in these indispensable men of all work, ASTOR and TAYLOR. Not that they will advance any money—they are a little too "smart" for that. They will only sign documents to induce *other people* to advance money, thus acting in the favorite capacity of "decoy ducks." The public is very well contented. TWEED and SWEENY know that they cannot presume too far upon its patience, and therefore it is quite safe for them to begin the new year by ordering the entire suppression of all the annual reports upon City affairs, and buying up all the silver tea services in the City for presents to each other. Not that they ever drink tea, but silver is silver in whatever shape it comes. The true Tweedite would scorn to put his lips to anything weaker than the magic draught concocted every Sunday in the "Boss" famous punch-bowl, and ladled out to the elect in his "palatial" stables.

The Capture of Fort Avron.

Yielding, probably, as much to the pressure of public opinion in Germany as to considerations of military necessity, the first step in the bombardment of Paris has been completed. It is understood that the great strategical leader of the German forces has, from the first, been opposed to any attempt to reduce Paris by shot and shell. The true master of the military art is never prodigal of human life. Gen. VON MOLTKE has doubtless a very clear perception of what it will cost to carry Paris by storm, and the magnitude of the task may fairly be guessed at from the length of time he has refrained from attempting it. The decided opinions of BISMARCK and VON ROON, both of whom are said to have advocated more active measures, he has been able to overrule, but the growing discontent of Germany—a Germany that has been giving freely of her very life's blood to have France at her feet—has proved too powerful for him. Away in fatherland, he has found his call for levy after levy freely responded to. The Landwehr came gaily to the front, although the defense of Germany was their allotted duty; and now there are drafts from the Landsturm coming forward, of fathers and heads of families, the bread winners of a people who at heart love peace, and yet there is no murmur heard at the stern requirements of war. Only the people have got it into their heads that their Generals are showing a foolish clemency in sparing the stubborn and unexpectedly heroic populace behind the walls of Paris, and have got tired of hearing how the ranks of their brethren get thinned, as sortie after sortie comes out behind the still unsilenced forts, and after doing their bloody work, retreat safely to the same covert again. If luxurious and pampered Paris can live for weeks upon horse-flesh, how much longer may it still hold out upon the stores of bread and wine that are said to be so ample? If the work is to be done, let it be done quickly, reason the people across the Rhine. The ravages of disease and the inclemency of the weather, between them, will shortly cost as many lives as might have effected a lodgment in the outer circle of the Parisian forts.

Fort Avron may serve as a strong offensive position to the Germans, or it may prove more difficult to hold than it has been to take. Its possession will certainly form a check upon sorties from the north-east which have hitherto been so successful. If there is heavy enough artillery, as we have every reason to believe to be the case, ready to be mounted upon it, the fall of Rosny, situated on the opposite eminence, about two miles nearer Paris, is only a question of days, and then the suburb of Montreuil will soon be a mass of ruins, and the charmed circle of the outer enceinte will be broken. On the other hand, the Prussians have occupied a point which they cannot abandon without great loss of prestige, and on which the French, moving as they do round a much smaller circle, and having all the facilities of the railroad round the city at their command, can at any time direct an enormous weight of men and metal. Situated not only within easy range of Fort Rosny, but also of Romainville and Fontenay, the redoubt erected in the grounds of the Chateau Avron may turn out a very costly acquisition. Either way, its capture marks a new phase of the siege of Paris, and probably forms the prelude to a more sanguinary struggle than any of those that have yet occurred for the possession of the capital of France.

The Mikado and Mr. Seward.

Mr. SEWARD's journey is characteristic of the man. American traveling statesmen have commonly turned their faces toward Europe; but Mr. SEWARD adopts the more original, and in some respects, more instructive course, of journeying straight toward the setting sun. The development of American interests in that direction has always been the subject of Mr. SEWARD's profound interest, and his negotiation for the purchase of Alaska is but one of many proofs of the importance he attaches to Asiatic relations with the Great Republic. He justly estimates the far-reaching consequences of the commercial chain whereof Pacific railroads and our freshly acquired Pacific Territory are the primary links; he knows that we are to be found perhaps more closely to Asia on the West than to Europe on the East; and although Mr. SEWARD no longer fills an official post, his great reputation is worthily employed in aiding to extend the national influence and friendship among the Oriental nations with whom we expect to have such intimate dealings hereafter.

On the 14th of October, Mr. SEWARD was the recipient of an honor which is regarded as quite without parallel. He was presented to the Japanese Mikado, and this under circumstances of peculiar distinction. The young Duke of EDINBURGH was admitted to the presence of the Mikado; but, although some ancient formalities were waived on that occasion, we believe the young visitor was not, like Mr. SEWARD, brought face to face with the Japanese Sovereign. It may also be said that the Duke, being of royal blood, might more readily, without shocking precedents, be received by a despotic prince than could a simple republican gentleman. Be this as it may, the interview in question took place, and, considering that the United States was the first foreign Power with which Japan accepted intercourse, there seems in this new concession a manifest propriety. It is said that Mr. SEWARD, in setting forth, expressed the intention of visiting in person the rulers of the different nations into whose dominions he might penetrate; and it is no doubt to this design, and Mr. SEWARD's known skill in carrying his designs into execution, that the singular compliment paid to him, and through him to this country, is attributable.

It appears that the Japanese Ministers of Foreign Affairs, on being apprised by Mr. DELONG, the United States Minister Resident, of the arrival of Mr. SEWARD, accompanied by Ex-Postmaster-General RANDALL, sent an invitation to these gentlemen, and to Mr. DELONG, to meet them at breakfast. This courtesy was, however, civilly evaded, and ultimately, on the express ground of his desire to promote and extend the friendly relations happily existing between Japan and the United States, the Mikado granted to Mr. SEWARD the extraordinary honor of a private audience. The conditions of the interview were arranged by the Japanese officials, with a curious minuteness of detail. Each individual present was requested to stand in a certain designated spot—plans of the hall of audience, carefully marked, being submitted in advance—so that the interview had to be rehearsed with much of the precision once said to have been exacted by Mr. MACMBADY, the tragedian. Besides this, copies of the remarks intended to be made by the Mikado were furnished to the American Legation, and copies were asked in exchange of the proposed observations of Mr. SEWARD and Mr. DELONG.

In due time the momentous interview took place. Its chief peculiarity seems to have consisted in the fact that, while the Mikado remained seated, he received his guests—contrary to all usage and tradition—completely unveiled. Hitherto the Ambassadors of the Great Powers, when admitted to His Majesty's presence, have seen only a part of his person at a time. One or two have been his face; but on these occasions the whole of the rest of his figure was concealed. Others have seen his body; but in these instances his face was carefully hidden. Only to Mr. SEWARD has it been given to see the whole of His Majesty's person at once. As it to make up in a manner for so exceptional a proceeding, the interview was very short; and the speeches—especially those of the Mikado—were models of brevity. The first, to Mr. SEWARD, is reported by the correspondent of a contemporary as follows:

"You have been so long connected with the Government of the United States that any suggestions you can make toward promoting friendly intercourse between Japan and the Treaty Powers I trust you will freely make to the Prime Minister."

To Mr. DELONG the Mikado delivered himself thus:

"I am glad to see you in such good health, fulfilling the duties of your office."

The replies, while brief, were less so than the addresses of the Mikado, in which, certainly, the force of sententiousness could hardly go further.

As an indication of Japanese good feeling toward the United States this interesting event has unmistakable significance. The Oriental nations intrude upon their customs with slender reluctance, and the considerations must be weighty, indeed, which induce them to venture upon great innovations. We trust that the memorable interview of Mr. SEWARD with the Sovereign of Japan will be a prelude to closer commercial and social relations with that rich and remarkable nation; and that our own citizens will not forget the gratitude justly due to Mr. SEWARD for this last proof of his patriotism and energy.

Jury Duty in Kings County.

We called attention the other day to the singular action of the Commissioner of Jurors of Kings County in requiring the performance of jury duty from members of the National Guard residing in his district, but belonging to regiments in the First Division. According to the Brooklyn *Eagle*, he relies for justification upon the plea that the act of April 17, 1866, prescribing the duties of his office, only exempts from jury duty the members of regiments in Kings County; that section 12 of the Militia law of 1870, although allowing a resident of Brooklyn to enlist in the First Division, and providing expressly that a removal from New-York to Brooklyn shall not prevent a member of the National Guard being held to duty in the regiment to which he belongs, does not repeal or modify the former law.

To this extent Mr. LUNDY is probably correct. The trouble is, that his examination of the law has been hasty and imperfect. As he states however, "that if there is any later law that touches his duty, he would be glad to have it pointed out," we refer him to section 263, of the Military Code of 1870, which expressly repeals all acts and parts of acts inconsistent therewith. That act provides that every member of the National Guard, peaceably performing duty, "shall be exempt from jury duty." This provision is without limitation as to locality, and consequently extends over the entire State. Now, the Brooklyn Commissioner does not deny that the voluntary enlistment of a resident of that City in a New-York regiment makes him a regular member of the National Guard. When, therefore, a law passed two years after the act upon which he relies provides that every member of the National Guard shall be exempt from jury duty, the whole question is covered; and it is absurd to attempt to weaken its force by insisting that to enjoy the privilege of exemption the volunteer must "belong to a regiment in the county in which he resides." The course taken by Mr. LUNDY is at variance with the decision of the Adjutant-General of the State, as well as with the plain reading of the law.

A Sad Sign in California.

The little respect entertained for human life west of the Rocky Mountains long since became proverbial, and the fact that a fierce dispute or a supposed insult has been productive of bloodshed is hardly deserving of comment from frequent repetition. Much of the wanton ferocity characteristic of a wild mining life, which justified a murder on the ground of a refusal to drink, has indeed passed away; still, every now and then, there is a sudden outburst of unrestrained and seemingly contagious brutality, indicating that our Pacific States have not yet outgrown their early curse. It would seem, too, as if the epidemic is consistent in itself, to the minutest detail; as, for instance, at one time there is a series of ruffianly and unprovoked murders; at another, murder for the purpose of robbery holds sway; and, at still another time, jealousy is the immediate cause; but rarely do two of these classes of causes appear at the same time, one holding, as it were, undisputed possession until public opinion becomes too strong for it, when it disappears, to come again in due course of rotation.

During the past few months there have been several cases of murder in San Francisco and its vicinity, all of which are traceable to the incitements of a jealous nature. Women as well as men seem to be infected by the mania, thereby increasing its virulence; for the shooting of Judge CRITTENDEN by his mistress, in the presence of his wife and children, forms as tragical a *dénouement* as was ever conceived in the brain of a novelist. A few days later a husband killed a supposed rival, in broad daylight, in the open street, while the unworthy cause of the difficulty sat in an opposite window, calmly surveying the scene—waiting, like the ladies at the tournaments during the Middle Ages, to bestow her smiles upon the victor. Still later, we have a man shooting a woman for not wanting to marry him; besides sundry other less striking cases. Truly, for an isolated place, the scandal-mongers of San Francisco have a plentiful store-house from which to draw their supplies. It is not a very enviable stock in trade, as it bears witness louder than words could do, to the existence of an immense amount of corruption, extending through the whole social scale, from the wealthy and influential down to the very poorest.

It is with regret that we speak thus of our furthest West, particularly California; it has so much of free young life and vigor in its composition, that we feel bound to accept everything done there as merely the untrammeled growth of our own cherished ideas; and that it should bear such bitter fruit might give us cause to doubt the healthiness of the stock from whence it sprung, if we were not convinced that these openly flagrant cases are certain proofs that the whole system is undergoing a purification; and that they are, indeed, only the infantile disorders, which must be passed through in order to insure healthy youth and manhood.

MINOR TOPICS.

A genuine, old-fashioned snow-storm is one of the last gifts of the dying year. The jingle of sleigh-bells will be heard on every avenue this morning, and the early afternoon will find the Park thronged with gay equipages and joyous, merry crowds. The sound maxim hereabout, in the matter of sleighing, is, "Put not off till to-morrow what may be realized today." There may be sleighing on Monday,—or there may be slush. Meanwhile the storm has a benevolent aspect which to those who are compelled to walk, or whose rides are confined to the stage or the horse-car, is far from pleasant. The organization of the Street-cleaning Department and the arrangements of the car companies are such that three or four inches of snow bring us almost to a stand-still. Travel is exceedingly uncertain. You cannot tell when you start homeward at what hour you will reach your destination. The Police may rid us of some drawbacks if they will promptly do their duty by compelling storekeepers and householders to clear the sidewalks.

The close of the present year bids fair to have a fatal distinction in the matter of terrible disasters involving loss of human life. The burning of the Marshall House, at Franklin, Penn., yesterday morning, occurred at an hour when a repetition of the scenes that attended the destruction of the Richmond hotel was impossible. A very singular extension of the fire made it, however, almost, if not altogether, as fatal. A suspension bridge, formed of wire, conducted to the other side of the Allegheny River, and twenty people who were probably gazing at the fire from what they considered a safe distance, were, by the snapping of the cables from the heat, suddenly precipitated among the broken and floating masses of ice below. Crushed by the falling ruin, those who were dashed into the river found in the water a merciful end to their sufferings. The sense, aggravated as its horrors were by the difficulty of dodging skiffs in the ice-encumbered river, must have been a very terrible one, forming, let us hope, the last of the great scandals with which the present month has been replete.

"Better something than nothing" is probably the comment that rose to most lips on reading Superintendent MAGERGOR's order requiring the City hotels to place fire-escapes in their buildings. Any device that tends to prevent the recurrence of the Spotswood House disaster is desirable in this City and everywhere else. Every lost life might have been saved had the Richmond building been provided with escapes akin to that which the Superintendent proposes to bring into more general use here. But contrivances like those which are now attached to American hotels are utterly insufficient to insure safety, in the case of fire, which should be one of the characteristics of every good hotel. The arrangements of nearly all are in this matter absolutely defective. Everything requisite for elegance and comfort, in ordinary circumstances, is provided. There are admirable facilities for getting upstairs and down, and for going in and out, so long as all runs smoothly. But for the perils and panic incident to the occurrence of fire, no arrangement whatever is made. In most hotels, even the night watching is less systematic and complete than it ought to be. The time will come when hotel proprietors will count the means of insuring safety among the things to be provided for their guests.

The collapse of the Home Fire Insurance Company, of New-Haven, reveals a state of things not calculated to inspire unbounded confidence in corporate management. The Company has been one of the most extensive and popular in the country, and its outstanding risks are at this moment enormous. Suddenly, its managers confess their inability to carry it on longer. All its capital is gone, and obligations remain unstinted. How loosely the business has been managed, some of the facts adduced at a stockholders' meeting enable us to understand. Thus, the actual assets are a small percentage of those which have been reported: $140,000 in the hands of agents dwindle down to $34,000; bills receivable, valued at $35,000, yield less than $7,000; and so forth. On the other hand, the realized losses are nearly double the estimate,—and more are to come. There has evidently been almost incalculable recklessness in the acceptance of risks and in the liberty accorded to agents. Fraud is also imputed in connection with an unexplained over-issue of stock, of which a favored circle reaped the benefit. Altogether, the exposure is one of the most scandalous that has recently occurred in the insurance world.

We can scarcely wonder that the Government of France declines to participate in the Conference to be held in London to reconsider the terms of the Paris Treaty of 1856. There is an incongruity in the invitation extended by England to a Government which it has never formally recognized. A Government which is deemed worthy of being present at a great council of nations is surely worthy of recognition as a *de facto* Power. There is reason, therefore, in the refusal emanating from Bordeaux to send a representative to London unless the Republic be previously acknowledged. The latter incident can hardly be hoped for yet. Crowned heads will salute the Republic when it shows that it can live without them—and not till then. The absence of France from the Conference may, however, ultimately prove a source of embarrassment to other Powers. She will not be bound by their decisions. Her rulers will be free to act as the interests of France may seem to require in all matters connected with the Eastern question, irrespective of the wishes or will of England. France will not always be down, and when she does rise again, her people cannot be blamed if they remember how little they owe to former allies.

The facts elicited with reference to the boiler explosion at Brooklyn, on Thursday, afford additional proofs that we have public inspectors who do not inspect, and protective laws which do not protect. Here was a second-hand boiler, set down in the midst of a foundry employing a considerable number of men, which was subjected to all varieties of pressure without those immediately connected with it having any but the vagrest idea of how much it could stand. The City Inspector was informed when it was put in, but, from press of business, probably, failed to examine it. The proprietors of the works evidently considered that they had washed their hands of any responsibility for the future of that boiler, when they had formally complied with the provisions of the law. And so the huge kettle was patched and tinkered, and subjected at times, apparently, to twice the pressure it could safely stand, and the point having been at length reached when tinkered became fatal, it blew up, killing three men as a convincing proof that a violation of natural law causes its own penalty. Shall we have a "whitewashing" verdict in this case too?

A new element of legal uncertainty has been discovered by the Supreme Court of Iowa, which has decided that the use of intoxicating liquor by a juror or jurors during the progress of a trial is a reason for discarding a verdict and granting a new trial. Drunkenness was not alleged; the question turned upon the mere drinking of liquor of an intoxicating nature. This is pushing the total abstinence doctrine a little too far. Teetotalers may or may not be better qualified for the discharge of jurors' duties than men who habitually or occasionally resort to stimulants,—but the question has not reached a stage which calls for judicial decision. Cases are common in which during the progress of a long trial the jurors have need of refreshments, and it is preposterous to allege that a verdict may go for naught because one of the twelve who render it took a glass of wine or whisky with his sandwich or cracker. If this rule is to prevail, it will be necessary to add a medical clause to the customary oath. Besides, if jurors may not nurse the inner man, what restraint ought to be placed upon Judges? The Iowa Court must decide again.

The colonizing movement spreads. Greeley Colony in Colorado has prospered thus far, and we earnestly hope will continue to do so—examples of that kind are worth all the homilies in the world. Now Chicago is following suit with a Chicago Colorado Colony, and the Spring will probably witness other efforts in the same direction. In this City the co-operative principle is being applied to plans for establishing manufacturing and agricultural settlements in some of the Southern States. Some of these plans are crude, speculative, and sanguine. Others bear the impress of honest purpose, and of energy and capacity in their organization. The difficulty is in acquiring facts sufficient to enable persons to distinguish between societies that are practicable and otherwise entitled to confidence, and societies which have their origin in the devices of land speculators or schemers of some other sort. Co-operation is undoubtedly the best auxiliary of colonization in the South; and in trustworthy hands it ought to be a success. With proper management North Carolina should attract more settlers than Colorado.

AMUSEMENTS.

Theatrical.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.

One of the pleasantest and most instructive of resorts, especially for children and country visitors, is Wood's Museum. It is pleasant because it is bright, cheerful and varied, and instructive because of the great store of mechanical and other curiosities, which always teach a lesson, besides exciting wonder. Besides this, the premises at Wood's appear to be always at an uniform temperature. They may not always be very fashionable in the horizontal sense, but they are at least not repulsive. The pieces are neatly acted, and there is often a spirit and variety about them that would surprise some who think of the place solely as a museum and not as a theatre. Just now the lively burlesque of "Faria" is passing through the final performances of a prosperous run, and the "Protean artist, Mr. JOHNNY THOMPSON," is seen to advantage, at the interludes, in a characteristic drama. We regret to say that during this piece, on Wednesday afternoon, an accident occurred that might have proved serious. A pistol in the hands of one of the characters was discharged so close to the face of Miss ANNIE FIRMIN, who played the heroine, as to burn the young lady's face and very nearly to injure her sight. Firearms cannot be used too carefully either on the stage or off it, and we trust this event will serve as a warning to those engaged for the future.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

"Wee Willie Winkie" reached on Thursday evening its one hundredth representation. The audiences are hardly less numerous than they were at the outset of the run of the pantomime, and the holiday entertainments have, of course, tested in a manner most trying to the temper of all the officials of the house, but most shocking so if when results were aimed at, the capacity of the auditorium and outer edifice of vantage. There will be a matinee today in addition to the usual evening rehearsal, and a special day rendering of the piece can be attended on Monday.

LINA EDWIN'S THEATRE.

A matinee performance of "Little Jack Sheppard" and "Fra Diavolo," and an evening representation of the same bill, will offer the last opportunities of witnessing these amusing plays. A change of bill will be made for the two performances on Monday.

Musical.

SUNDAY CONCERT.

The Ninth Regiment Band will give its first concert at the Grand Opera-house, on Sunday evening. Mr. CARLO PATTI is to direct, and he has selected an excellent programme for the interpretation of the band, which numbers 100 members.

SATURDAY POPULAR CONCERT.

The seventh popular concert at Association Hall will occur this afternoon. The artists are Mme. ANNA BISHOP, Miss FERNANDA TEDESCHI, Mme. DE BARRY, Ch. FRITCH and Signor ANTONIO L. MORA.

SURPLUS SURPLICES.

Colored Vestments in High-Church Episcopal Services to be Discontinued—Views of Bishop Potter and of Rev. C. W. Morrill, of St. Alban's.

The visitor to St. Alban's and St. Ascension's Churches, to-morrow, will recognize one very important change in the usual services characteristic of these churches. The gorgeous vestments worn by the ministers will be discontinued, and the plain white used in other Episcopal churches substituted. This reform has not been introduced without considerable controversy between the Bishop of New-York and Rev. Mr. MORRILL, rector of St. Alban's, nor is it yet agreed that the change spoken of will be permanent. A reporter of this paper called on Bishop POTTER, yesterday, and was kindly furnished with the above fact. The venerable Bishop said that the clergy of his diocese bore to him the relationship of children, and special communications to them were not intended for the public. Such men as Rev. Dr. TYNG and Rev. Mr. MORRILL were gentlemen who might be accorded latitude in their views; and yet there must be certain limits beyond which a minister cannot go. He deprecated the use of the word "mass" in reference to the service of the Episcopal Church, and then spoke of the change in vestments at St. Alban's, which was made, he said, in accordance with his expressed wish. The reporter also visited Rev. Mr. MORRILL, whom he found strong in his High-Church views, and fully satisfied that the ritual of St. Alban's was that of the Church of the Reformation. He had grave doubts whether the change of vestments would be permanent, but expressed himself as being in entire harmony with the Bishop. He spoke in the most severe terms of American journalism, and held up England as a model for veracity and honor. From the above facts it is evident that the Ritualistic element in the Episcopal Church will soon be put to a test, and that the venerable Bishop of New-York is opposed to the anachronism, so palpable in the Church of which he is so bright an ornament. It is to be hoped that the scandal of a like controversy in London, in reference to St. Giles' Church in the East, will not be repeated here.

The Snow-Storm—Prevailing Cold Weather—Casualties on the Sea.

Yesterday morning the weather was intensely cold, causing persons out of doors to look the picture of woe, their countenances reflecting great pain and anguish. Many bore the trial with patience and good humor, while others grumbled and appeared in no pleasant mood, ready for a scrimmage with any one who should be unfortunate enough to tread on their corns. Many were the accidents to pedestrians, wicked little boys, not having the fear of the law before their eyes, fond of fun and frolic, having improvised skating grounds on our side-walks, to the danger of pedestrians, who frequently sainted terra firma in a very unceremonious fashion, to the great delight of the passers-by who were fortunate enough to escape. Not were the ladies less fortunate. Many of the fair sex were seen in positions not of all graceful or dignified, but they bore it with equanimity. Horses did not escape either; many of them were put here de combat, and additional ones had to be put on to several of the cars. Toward evening the snow made its appearance, coming down in heavy flocks, causing pedestrians to run to the cars and patronize them more fully than they otherwise would. The consequence was that the horse-cars were crowded, and it was most unpleasant to travel in them, your next neighbor entoning

$50,000 DONATION.

H. T. HELMBOLD'S

CONCENTRATED

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU!

THE

GREAT DIURETIC.

The Proprietor trusts that his Donation, from the fact of being advertised, may not be classed as Patent Medicines.

BUCHU, in one form or other, has been prescribed by every educated Physician for more than

TWO HUNDRED YEARS,

H. T. HELMBOLD CLAIMING A SUPERIOR MODE OF EXTRACTING ITS VIRTUES. THE EXPERIMENTS WERE MADE WHILE ENGAGED IN THE DRUG BUSINESS IN THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA, NINETEEN YEARS SINCE, PROMPTED BY THE ALARMING INCREASE OF DISEASES OF THE BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, AND URINARY ORGANS, EXISTING IN BOTH SEXES. THESE DISEASES WERE JUSTLY ATTRACTING AS MUCH ATTENTION AS DISEASES OF THE LIVER, OR ANY OTHER VITAL ORGAN OF THE BODY. UPON THE SOUND AND HEALTHY CONDITION OF THESE IMPORTANT ORGANS THE HEALTHY AND HARMONIOUS ACTION OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM AND LIVER, AND CONSEQUENTLY THE HAPPINESS OF THE ENTIRE HUMAN FAMILY, DEPENDS. THAT BUCHU SHOULD ACT UPON BOTH LIVER AND KIDNEYS, TO PREPARE IT SO THAT IT WOULD RETAIN ITS STRENGTH AND ACTIVE PRINCIPLE, WAS HIS AIM. IT MUST NOT BE MADE, AS HOUSEKEEPERS MAKE TEA, BY BOILING. IT IS A DELICATE LEAF, AND ITS ACTIVE PRINCIPLE WOULD BE DESTROYED BY SUCH A PROCESS. IT MUST BE PREPARED IN VACUO, AND FROM THE LONG-LEAF, FRESH AND CAREFULLY SELECTED.

THE SUPERIORITY OF MY MODE OF PREPARATION BEING ACKNOWLEDGED, I now hold, even to the point (CAPE OF GOOD HOPE) where the leaves are gathered. Thousands of Dollars of

MY FLUID EXTRACT

the excess of the cost of importation of the Leaves.

IN FACT, THE ARTICLE STANDS PRE-EMINENT AND IS KNOWN IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

HAS CURED EVERY CASE OF DIABETES IN WHICH IT HAS BEEN GIVEN. IRRITATION OF THE NECK OF THE BLADDER, AND INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS, ULCERATION OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER, RETENTION OF URINE, DISEASES OF THE PROSTATE GLAND, STONE IN THE BLADDER, CALCULUS, GRAVEL, BRICK-DUST DEPOSIT, AND MUCUS OR MILKY DISCHARGES, AND FOR ENFEEBLED AND DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS OF BOTH SEXES, ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS: INDISPOSITION TO EXERTION, LOSS OF POWER, LOSS OF MEMORY, DIFFICULTY OF BREATHING, WEAK NERVES, TREMBLING, HORROR OF DISEASE, WAKEFULNESS, DIMNESS OF VISION, PAIN IN THE HEAD, HOT HANDS, FLUSHING OF THE BODY, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN, ERUPTION ON THE FACE, PALLID COUNTENANCE, UNIVERSAL LASSITUDE OF THE MUSCULAR SYSTEM, &c.

Used by persons from the age of 18 to 25, and from 25 to 45, or in the decline or change of life; after Confinement or Labor Pains; Bed-Wetting in Children.

IN AFFECTIONS PECULIAR TO FEMALES, THE EXTRACT BUCHU is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulceration or Barrenness of the Uterus.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IS DIURETIC AND BLOOD-PURIFYING; and cures all diseases arising from habits of dissipation.

$50,000 DONATION.

excesses and impudence in life, impurities of the Blood, &c., superseding Copaiba in affections for which it is used, and Syphilitic Affections—in these diseases, used in connection with HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.

FROM THE LARGEST MANUFACTURING CHEMIST IN THE WORLD:

I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. HELMBOLD. He occupied the drug-store opposite my residence, and I've successful in conducting the business which others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise.

WILLIAM WEIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman,
Manufacturing Chemists, 5th and Brown sts.,
Philadelphia, Nov. 18, 1869.

SEE REMARKS MADE BY THE LATE CELEBRATED DR. PHYSIC, PHILADELPHIA,

AND MOST OF THE LATE STANDARD WORKS ON MEDICINE.

See Medical Properties contained in Dispensatory of the United States, of which the following is a correct copy:

BUCHU.—Its odor is strong, diffusive, and somewhat aromatic; its taste is bitterish, and analogous to that of Mint. It is given chiefly in complaints of the urinary organs, such as gravel, chronic catarrh of the bladder, morbid irritation of the bladder and urethra, disease of the prostate gland, and retention or the incontinence, of urine, from a loss of tone in the parts concerned in its evacuation. It has also been recommended in dyspepsia, chronic rheumatism, cutaneous affections, and dropsy.

THE

PROPOSITION;

FIFTY-THOUSAND-DOLLAR

DONATION.

I WILL WAGER THE SUM OF

FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS

THAT THE EVIDENCE I PRODUCE IN REGARD TO THE EFFICACY OF MY

"FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,"

IS NOT EQUALED BY ANY MEDICINAL PREPARATION IN SUCH DISEASES AS I RECOMMEND IT. THE MEDICAL PROFESSION AND DRUGGISTS ARE RESPECTFULLY INVITED TO READ THE EVIDENCE CAREFULLY, AND JUDGE OF THE REAL MERIT OF MY PREPARATIONS, THE GENUINENESS OF CERTIFICATES—IN FACT, OF ANYTHING I OFFER MUST BE AS I STATE.

IF THE WAGER IS ACCEPTED, THE FUNDS WILL BE DONATED TO SUCH CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS AS MAY BE DECIDED UPON. BEAR IN MIND, I WANT CERTIFICATES FOR THESE DISEASES FROM PERSONS OF EQUAL STATES TO THOSE OFFERED BY ME, AND WHO HAVE SUFFERED FROM THE SAME DISEASES. THE MATTER TO BE DECIDED BY FOUR GENTLEMEN OF THE MEDICAL PROFESSION, OF WHICH NUMBER I SHALL HAVE THE CHOICE OF (2) TWO.

MANY MAY BE INCLINED TO MAKE REMARKS OF AN UNKIND CHARACTER, AND FREQUENTLY SPEAK DISPARAGINGLY OF AN ADVERTISER, NO MATTER WHAT HE DOES TO CONVINCE THE AFFLICTED OF THE GENUINE MERITS OF HIS PREPARATIONS.

THIS PREJUDICE EXISTS IN EVERY BRANCH OF BUSINESS, BUT MORE PARTICULARLY IN THE DRUG AND MEDICAL LINE. PUBLICITY IS CALCULATED, IN DIFFERENT MINDS, TO CREATE DIFFERENT IMPRESSIONS. AN ADVERTISER'S DUTY IS TO SATISFY. SOME WOULD BE SATISFIED WITH CERTIFICATES OF THE GREATEST CHEMIST IN THE WORLD, MR. WM. WEIGHTMAN, OF THE FIRM OF POWERS & WEIGHTMAN; OTHERS WITH DR. BRIGHT, PUBLISHER OF NEW-YORK *CHRISTIAN EXAMINER*, THE KEENEST RELIGIOUS ORGAN IN THE UNITED STATES; OTHERS WITH HENRY A. BOWEN, ESQ., PUBLISHER OF NEW-YORK *INDEPENDENT*, THE LARGEST CIRCULATED AND MOST INFLUENTIAL CHRISTIAN NEWSPAPER IN THE UNITED STATES; OTHERS WITH *DISPENSATORY OF THE UNITED STATES*, MEDICAL WORKS, &c.; OTHERS WITH REMARKS MADE BY PROF. DEWEES; DR. PHYSIC, IN *AMERICAN JOURNAL OF PHARMACY*; DR. EPHRAIM MCDOWELL, MEMBER OF ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS, AND PUBLISHER OF *QUEEN'S JOURNAL*, IRELAND.

SEE *MEDICO-CHIRURGICAL REVIEW*, PUBLISHED IN PARIS, FRANCE, BY BENJAMIN TRAVERS, F. R. C. S. (FELLOW OF ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS,) IN WHICH HE STATES: "BUCHU IS TONIC, DIURETIC, BLOOD-PURIFYING AND INVIGORATING. TO DELICATE PERSONS, FEMALES PARTICULARLY, THERE IS NO TONIC LIKE IT. IT IS THE ANCHOR OF HOPE TO THE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, AND THIS IS THE TESTIMONY OF ALL WHO HAVE USED OR PRESCRIBED IT, FOR IT IS APPLICABLE TO A STATE OF THE SYSTEM SO LOW—WORN OUT OR SUNKEN FROM WHATEVER CAUSE—AS TO RENDER OTHER SUBSTANCES OR TONICS UNAVAILABLE OR INJURIOUS!" OTHERS REQUIRE CERTIFICATES, SOME WAGERS OR DONATIONS: DR. HELMBOLD IS, HOWEVER, CONFIDENT, IN MAKING THE ABOVE DONATION OR WAGER, AND ENDEAVORING TO SATISFY, THAT HE WILL BE BORNE OUT AND CREDITABLY ACQUITTED BY PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS IN THE COURSE HE HAS PURSUED, AS THEY ARE WELL AWARE OF THE MERITORIOUS AND INVALUABLE QUALITIES OF

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

HIS LABORATORY HAS BEEN VISITED BY THOUSANDS OF THE LEADING MEDICAL MEN AND DRUGGISTS OF THE UNITED STATES, AS WELL AS OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES, AND THE MODE OF PREPARATION THOROUGHLY INVESTIGATED.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU

IS NO SECRET CONCOCTION OR PATENT MEDICINE. ITS EXACT MEDICAL PROPERTIES—TASTE, COLOR, ODOR, &c.—ARE LAID

$50,000 DONATION.

DOWN IN THE *DISPENSATORY OF THE UNITED STATES*. IT IS NOT NECESSARY FOR A MEDICAL MAN TO BE CONSULTED IN REFERENCE TO THE MATTER, AS ANY DRUGGIST OR PHYSICIAN KNOWS THAT IT IS FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU WITHOUT REGARD TO BOTTLE, LABEL OR WRAPPER, AS WELL AS THEY COULD TELL CASTOR-OIL OR PAREGORIC. SO CAN ANY ONE BY CALLING AT ANY DRUG STORE ANYWHERE AND ASKING FOR THE *DISPENSATORY OF THE UNITED STATES*, (ALL DRUGGISTS ARE IN POSSESSION OF IT,) AND COMPARING; OR BY CALLING AT MY DRUG-STORE, WILL TAKE GREAT PLEASURE IN GIVING FURTHER INFORMATION, EXHIBITING MEDICAL WORKS, THE MEDICINE, OR WHAT, EVER ELSE MAY BE DESIRED, WITH GREAT PLEASURE, FREE OF CHARGE AND MOST WILLINGLY.

FRUDES AND PICKWICKS THERE ARE!!

THERE ARE ALSO MEN WHO WILL STATE TO YOU "THAT THERE IS NO MERIT IN H. T. HELMBOLD." PERSONS WHO NEVER MAKE AN EFFORT FOR A LIVELIHOOD, AND WHOSE CASH IS SHORT, BUT WHOSE BLOOD OOZES OUT OF THEIR FINGER ENDS. MEN OF THIS ILK EXIST EVERYWHERE; THEY LIKE THE MEDICINE, "VERY WELL, YOU KNOW," AND USE IT, IN FACT ARE ITS STRONGEST ADVOCATES, FOR, IF THEY SPEAK TRULY, HOW COMES THE SUCCESS OF THE MAN. THE MAJORITY, HOWEVER, WOULD STATE THAT "THERE BEING MERIT IN THE MAN," "THERE MUST BE MERIT IN THE MEDICINE." DR. HELMBOLD'S DRUG-STORE IS CERTAINLY THE HANDSOMEST AND BEST-MANAGED IN THE WORLD. HE COMMENCED, WE UNDERSTAND, IN A SMALL WAY, AND WROTE HIS THESIS IN PHILADELPHIA COLLEGE OF PHARMACY, ON THE "PREPARATION OF FLUID EXTRACTS IN VACUO," BEFORE EVER THINKING OF ADVERTISING, AND WHILE ENGAGED IN THE DRUG BUSINESS.

THERE IS NOTHING SO RELIABLE AS THE EVIDENCE SET FORTH IN CONFIRMATION OF HIS STATEMENTS. THE DOCTOR HAS UPWARD OF 50,000 CERTIFICATES, THE EQUAL OF WHICH NO MEDICINAL PREPARATION OR MEDICAL MAN CAN PRODUCE. HE HAS, IN ADDITION TO THIS, THE PRIVILEGE OF REFERRING TO UPWARD OF 100 LEADING MERCHANTS, LAWYERS, BANKERS, AND PUBLISHERS IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, BUT NOT TO ADVERTISE THEIR NAMES IN NEWSPAPERS, AS THEY HAVE BEEN OVERRUN WITH INVALIDS. THE CERTIFICATES INSERTED ARE FROM THOSE IN AND CONTIGUOUS TO THE CITY, AND FROM WELL-KNOWN AND WELL-INDORSED PERSONAGES. WRITE OR HAVE AN INTERVIEW WITH ANY OF THEM. THOSE GREATLY AFFLICTED CAN HAVE AT ANY TIME AN INTERVIEW WITH THE LEADING PERSONS IN THE CITY, BY CALLING IN PERSON AT H. T. HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE, NO. 594 BROADWAY, WHERE THE NAMES AND RESIDENCES WILL BE GIVEN. IN FACT, NOTHING WILL BE LEFT UNDONE TO SATISFY THE AFFLICTED.

DR. H. T. HELMBOLD STATES THAT HE CAN CONVINCE ANY ONE; AND THAT THIS ARTICLE IS NOT INTENDED FOR THOSE POSSESSED OF EVERY KIND OF SENSE BUT "COMMON SENSE."

ALTHOUGH HAVING UPWARD OF THIRTY THOUSAND CERTIFICATES, I AM WILLING THAT THE FEW IN TODAY'S ISSUE SHALL DECIDE THE MATTER.

TESTIMONY.

FIRST SPECIMEN.

A PERMANENT CURE OF GRAVEL OF TWELVE YEARS' STANDING—STONE PASSED AND TO BE SEEN.

BURNSIDE, Conn., Dec. 15, 1869.

Dr. HELMBOLD:

DEAR SIR: It is with much pleasure that I write you upon facts respecting myself. I do not know hardly how to express myself. I have been for the last ten or twelve years the greatest sufferer man could be and live; but more sometimes than others. The complaint was the "Kidneys" and "Bladder." I have been sometimes from twelve to fourteen hours, and wanted to make water every minute, but could not. Have consulted doctors, both in Massachusetts and this State, and taken pills, I may say by the quart, also liquored medicines, but found no relief from any, and got worse the last six months. I was so that I could scarcely get about. I could not rest night or day. It would seem have been "all up" with me if I had not seen your advertisement in the Berkshire *Courier*, handled "Kidneys." I read it through, and thought I would try it. I purchased a bottle, but, mind you, I had not much faith in it. Why should I, when I had been trying so many things and cost me so much? Well, I began taking it, and before I had taken the first bottle I felt bad; but I finished it and got another. By the time I took half of the second I still got worse, (apparently.) When I walked it seemed as if my right kidney was falling from its place, and I felt really bad. I felt so, before I had finished the second, that I made up my mind it was of no use trying any more—and all this time the "Buchu" was doing its work, but I did not know it, as I gave it up and went to Hartford on Saturday to one of the best doctors in the city. He said it was the neck of the bladder, and I should have to undergo an operation. He gave me medicine and I went home quite down-hearted. On Sunday I was unable to go to church. I had not taken any of his medicine, but on my return continued using the "Buchu," and in the afternoon I had a desire to make water, but could not. About an hour after this I tried again, with the same result; but the next time I took the vessel it was the same as turning a faucet and stopping it off again. It was so for three times, and the third time there was something came through the passage, and struck against the side of the vessel. I examined it, and it is the ugliest stone or gravel you ever saw, covered over with little pieces which collected together. It looks the color of a mud-turtle, and is as hard as flint. So you see the "Buchu" was doing its work, although I was feeling so badly. I procured another bottle, thinking there might be some more behind; but since that has passed, which is eight weeks ago last Sunday, I have been as well as ever I was in my life. I have the stone securely wrapped, and those who have seen it in this place are surprised. I cannot tell you all, but this is a true story of my case, and you are welcome to make such use of my name as you think proper. I am pretty well known in Berkshire; also in Connecticut. The advertisement saved me. Why not publish more? The Springfield Republican is a wide-spread paper. If any one wishes to see this wonder, they can do so. I could write all day but I think I have said enough this time; so I remain your ever well-wisher,

EDWARD L. HOWARD,
Paper-maker, Burnside, Hartford County, Conn.

MR. HOWARD REFERS TO

DR. MACK, Burnside, Conn.
DR. WRIGHT, North East, Mass.
DR. HOLKUM, North East, Mass.
DR. ADAMS, Stockbridge, Mass.
DR. SCOTT, North Manchester, Conn.
DR. JAQUES, Rockland Company, Conn.
DR. BRADFORD, Rockland, Conn.

ALL OF WHOM TREATED HIM FOR THE DISEASE.

SECOND SPECIMEN.

A CASE OF TWENTY YEARS' STANDING.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., June 28, 1867.

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist:

DEAR SIR: I have been a sufferer for upward of twenty years with gravel, bladder, and kidney affections, during which time I have used various medicinal preparations, and been under the treatment of the most eminent physicians, experimenting but little relief. Having seen your preparation extensively advertised, I consulted my family physician in regard to using your Extract Buchu.

I did this because I had used all kinds of advertised remedies, and had found them worthless, and some quite injurious; in fact, I despaired of ever getting well, and determined to use no remedies hereafter unless I knew of the ingredients. It was this that prompted me to use your remedy. As you advertised that it was composed of buchu, cubeba, and juniper berries, it occurred to me and my physician as an excellent combination; and, with his advice, after an examination of the article, and consulting again with the druggist, I concluded to try it. I commenced to use it about eight months ago, at which time I was confined to my room.

From the first bottle I was astonished and gratified at the beneficial effect, and after using it three weeks was able to walk out. I felt much like writing to you a full statement of my case at the time, but thought my improvement might only be temporary, and therefore concluded to defer, and see if it would effect a perfect cure, knowing that it would be of greater value to you and more satisfactory to me.

I am now able to report that a cure is effected, after using the remedy for two months.

I have not used any now for three months, and feel as well in all respects as I ever did.

Your Buchu being devoid of any unpleasant taste and odor, a nice tonic and invigorator of the system, I do not mean to be without it whenever occasion may require its use on such occasions.

M. MCCORMICK.

Should any doubt Mr. McCormick's statement, he refers to the following gentlemen:

HON. WM. BIGLER, Ex-Governor of Pennsylvania.
HON. THOS. B. FLORENCE, Washington, D. C.
HON. J. C. KNOX, Ex-Judge, Philadelphia.
HON. J. S. BLACK, Ex-Judge, Philadelphia.
HON. D. R. PORTER, Ex-Governor of Pennsylvania.
HON. ELLIS LEWIS, Ex-Judge, Philadelphia.
HON. R. C. GRIER, Philadelphia.
HON. G. W. WOODWARD, Ex-Judge, Philadelphia.
HON. W. A. PORTER, Philadelphia.
HON. JOHN BIGLER, Ex-Governor of California.
HON. R. BANKS, Washington, D. C.

And many others if necessary.

THIRD SPECIMEN.

FROM THE PRINCIPAL PHYSICIAN OF THE SANITARY INFIRMARY OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

PARISH LA FOURCHE, LA., April 2, 1870.

H. T. HELMBOLD, Esq.:

DEAR SIR: I have in my practice used (in the majority of cases where diseases of the urinary organs exists) *Helmbold's Extract of Buchu*, and can confidently say that I have never known it to be used without the greatest beneficial results. I have consulted patients after partaking of it, and they invariably confirm my statements. I am satisfied that the preparation is an established fact, convincingly proved by the practical test of long experience.

Yours, respectfully,

JOHN E. C. GAZZO, M. D.

FOURTH SPECIMEN.

PERMANENT CURE OF DIABETES WITH FOUR BOTTLES.

HACKENSACK, Bergen Co., N. J., April 21, 1870.

Dr. H. T. HELMBOLD:

Dear Sir: I have been suffering for a long time from Diabetes, and had been under treatment for the same by (3) three of the most eminent physicians of this place, viz: Drs. Hasbrook, Hall and Smith, without any apparent beneficial result. Having heard of your "Fluid Extract Buchu," I concluded to try it, although I had but little faith in its curative properties. I am happy to state that, after having taken four bottles of your "Buchu" I am entirely cured, and think it but my duty to you and the community at large to inform you of the fact, and that I have been permanently cured by your medicine, after having been informed by the (3) three physicians above named that my disease was incurable. Truly yours,

JOHN H. WYGANT.

I respectfully refer to any citizen of Hackensack.

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK, ss.: John H. Wygant, being of the village of Hackensack, county of Bergen, State of New-Jersey, being duly sworn, de-

$50,000 DONATION.

poses and says that the foregoing is true to his knowledge.

(Signed,) JOHN H. WYGANT.

Sworn to before me this 8th day of April, 1870.

(Signed,) JOHN G. KEARNEY,
Commissioner of Deeds New-York City and County,
No. 2 Chambers-st., New-York.

FIFTH SPECIMEN.

CURE OF BLADDER AND KIDNEY AFFECTION OF LONG STANDING—STONE PASSED AND TO BE SEEN.

WESTPORT, Conn., Sept. 6, 1868.

H. T. HELMBOLD, Esq.

DEAR SIR: I commenced taking your "Extract of Buchu" about two weeks since for an affection of the bladder and kidneys. I have suffered by spells very much for a few days past. But yesterday relief came through the effect of your "Buchu." A stone passed from my bladder about the size of a large pea, and I now feel perfectly well and entirely free from the pain that I have suffered with "so hard." I attribute my cure to your medicine entirely, and would recommend all persons similarly affected to try it. I have great faith in its curative powers.

Yours truly,

THOMAS J. BENNETT.

REFERS TO

REV. WM. COGGSWELL, Westport, Conn.
J. L. G. CARRINGTON, Druggist, Westport, Conn.
H. L. WHEELER, Esq., Westport, Conn.
BRADLEY HULL, Esq., Westport, Conn.
DR. WAKEMAN, Reading, Conn.
R. W. ROBINSON, Wholesale Druggist, New-York City.

And many others, if necessary.

SIXTH SPECIMEN.

CURE OF KIDNEY AND BLADDER AFFECTION OF A PATIENT SEVENTY EIGHT YEARS OF AGE.

THANKS TO MR. HELMBOLD.

GIRARD, Penn., March 31, 1868.

EDITOR COSMOPOLITE: I desire, as an unsolicited tribute to the merits of HELMBOLD'S BUCHU, and for the benefit of those similarly afflicted as myself, to say that, after consulting many eminent physicians, and trying nearly all the best advertised remedies, in the vain hope of finding relief from aggravated kidney and bladder diseases, from which I have suffered extensively for many years, good fortune finally suggested to me HELMBOLD'S BUCHU, which I commenced using with little faith, and to apparent beneficial result for about a month. At the expiration of that time, however, I thought I commenced to experience slight relief, which encouraged me to persevere in its use, and now, at the expiration of four months, although I am an infirm old man, nearly seventy-eight years of age, and consequently medicines cannot be expected to favorably affect me as they otherwise would, I have found such unspeakable relief and permanent benefit from Mr. Helmbold's valuable discovery, that I feel I ought to publicly record the fact, as an acknowledgment to him, and a valuable suggestion to the public.

Yours, respectfully,

D. M. LAREN.

Mr. Laren refers to the following gentlemen:

COL. DAN RICE, Girard, Penn.
CHAS. STOW, Esq., Girard, Penn., Editor Cosmopolite.
GEO. R. CUTLER, Girard, Penn., Attorney.
C. L. HINDS, Girard, Penn., Attorney.
CAPT. D. W. HUTCHINSON, Girard, Penn., Attorney.
DAVID OLIN, Girard, Penn., Merchant.
DAVID S. DAY, Girard, Penn., Merchant.
C. P. ROCKWELL, Girard, Penn., Merchant.
R. G. ELY, Girard, Penn., Druggist.

SEVENTH SPECIMEN.

BED-WETTING IN CHILDREN.

NEW-YORK STATE VOLUNTEER INSTITUTE, CORNER OF 8TH-AV. AND 51ST-ST., CENTRAL PARK.

(*A Home and School for the Sons of Deceased Soldiers.*)

DR. H. T. HELMBOLD: Two bottles only of the package of your valuable Buchu presented to the Institute have been used by the children, and with perfect success. In the case of our little Lieutenant A. J., his pride is no longer mortified, and he is free from the daily morning unsliness of the chamber-maid who has charge of his bedding. I feel that a knowledge of the result of our use of your Buchu with the children under our charge may save many a Superintendent and Matron of Boarding-schools and Asylums a great amount of annoyance; and many a poor child suffering more from weakness than from habit may be spared punishment, that is (not knowing it as a weakness instead of a bad habit) most unjustly inflicted upon them. Thanking you on behalf of the children, and hoping others may, by this means, be benefited,

I am respectfully yours,

CHL. YOUNG,
General Superintendent and Director.

JUNE 16, 1869.

EIGHTH SPECIMEN.

GREAT SUFFERING.
ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS WOULD BE GIVEN FOR A BOTTLE, IF NECESSARY.

RAHWAY, N. J., Dec. 2, 1869.

H. T. HELMBOLD, Esq.:

DEAR SIR: I take great pleasure in sending you a certificate in addition to the many you have received from suffering humanity. I can scarcely find language sufficiently strong to express my heartfelt gratitude at the wonderful cure your Buchu has effected. For four years I have suffered beyond description. All my friends (with myself) came to the conclusion that my case was incurable. *Accident* placed your advertisement in my hands. I commenced taking your Buchu.

I followed the directions, and to my utter astonishment, before I had taken seven bottles of your valuable medicine—(I would give *One Hundred Dollars* a bottle if I could not get it at any other price)—am entirely cured. I most earnestly recommend it to all those suffering from disease. I have told many persons to take your valuable medicine, and they are doing so with great success. Any information my fellow-citizens may require will be freely given by the subscriber, at his residence, No. 78 Milton-av., Rahway, N. J.

H. M. FREEMAN,
Councilman Third Ward, City of Rahway.

RAHWAY, N. J., Dec. 2, 1869.

We, the undersigned, are well acquainted with H. M. Freeman, of Rahway, and know that he has been a long time suffering, in the worst possible form, for the past four years, and that he has been entirely cured by the use of Helmbold's Buchu.

J. W. SAVAGE, Ex-Mayor.
FRANK LA BAU, President of Council.
WM. RICHARDS, Clerk of Council.
PETER A. SANTA, Councilman.
W. J. BROWN, Councilman.
J. S. S. MELLICK, Councilman.
LEWIS HOFF, Councilman.
J. S. STEYKER, Merchant.

CITY HALL, MAYOR'S OFFICE,
RAHWAY, N. J., Dec. 6, 1869.

This will certify that I am personally acquainted with H. M. Freeman, and am cognizant of the facts set forth in the above statement, and the several persons whose signatures are thereunto attached are all known to me.

JOHN F. WHITNEY,
Mayor of Rahway, N. J.

NINTH SPECIMEN.

UNITED STATES HOSPITAL,
SALISBURY, N. C., March 10, 1868.

H. T. HELMBOLD, ESQ., Philadelphia, Penn.:

DEAR SIR: I wish you to send me one dozen of your Sarsaparilla's Extract, and half a dozen of your Rose Wash.

Allow me to say that your preparations are VERY satisfactory, not only to the practitioner, but also to the patient, and I shall endeavor to bring them to universal use in this part of the country.

Please forward these medicines again as before, C. O. D., per express.

I am, sir, very respectfully yours, &c.,

M. F. A. HOFFMAN,
Surgeon in Charge of Hospital.

TENTH SPECIMEN.

CERTIFICATE OF A DISTINGUISHED MIDWIFE.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 15, 1868.

Mr. HELMBOLD:

Sir: I have used your EXTRACT BUCHU with many of my patients and can speak of it in the highest terms in every case, and consider it a valuable remedy, and one that should be in the hands of every midwife.

Very truly yours,

REBECCA STANTON, M. D.

ELEVENTH SPECIMEN.

CURE OF NERVOUS PROSTRATION AND DECLINE OF A YOUNG LADY.

H. T. HELMBOLD:

I have been giving your EXTRACT BUCHU to my daughter, who has been unable to sleep, very nervous, loss of appetite, general debility, and rapid

$50,000 DONATION.

failing into decline—in fact, consumption was feared. I was recommended to try your BUCHU by a highly respectable lady of this place, who had given it to her own with complete success. My daughter has been troubled for a long time. I purchased one bottle some eight weeks since, which lasted one week, and from which she received great benefit, and she claimed me to purchase one half-dozen bottles, as it and Gold Bond other remedies, and my family physician, to no avail. It is now more than two weeks since she has taken the last bottle, and I am happy to include you of its complete success.

Very truly yours,

GEORGE W. MARSHALL.

CHESTNUT-ST., Penna., Oct. 10, 1869.

TWELFTH SPECIMEN.

SPEEDY RELIEF FROM KIDNEY AFFECTIONS OCCASIONED BY ACCIDENT.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 1, 1870.

Dr. H. T. HELMBOLD:

DEAR SIR: On the 21st of August last I received severe internal and external injuries, occasioned by an accident on a Philadelphia railroad car. On my arrival in New-York I was attended by Dr. WILSON, of East 27th-st., and another physician whose name I do not now remember. After my wounds were dressed, I suffered for three (3) days intense agony from internal injuries, which affected my kidneys. I can say that after taking but three doses of your EXTRACT BUCHU I felt greatly relieved. I used the balance of the bottle, and am happy to state that since that time I have experienced no further difficulty.

Very truly yours,

P. H. KEARNEY,
No. 848 3d-av.

Mr. Kearney respectfully refers to either of the following gentlemen:

HON. ROBERT B. ROOSEVELT, Esq., Editor of Citizen and Round Table.
E. F. CURTIS, Esq., No. 102 Greenwich-st.
MORRIS PHILLIPS, Esq., Editor of Home Journal.
HON. M. CONNOLLY, Register of City.
MESSRS. PETTENGILL & BATES, No. 37 Park-row.
HUDSON & MENET, No. 21 Park-row.
HON. NELSON J. WATERBURY, New-York.
HON. JAMES B. COULTER, New-York.

And many others if necessary.

THIRTEENTH SPECIMEN.

GREAT CURE OF DIABETES OF A LADY—FIFTY DOLLARS A BOTTLE.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 6, 1870.

Dear Dr. HELMBOLD:

DEAR SIR: For the past eight months I have been suffering from diabetes. I have consulted several of our leading physicians, but have failed to receive the slightest benefit from their costly medicines.

Four months ago I saw your advertisement in the *Herald*. I was persuaded by a friend who had been benefited by your world-renowned Buchu. I purchased a bottle, took the contents, and was so relieved that I continued the use of it. The diabetes has entirely disappeared after using it three months. I would give $50 a bottle if I could not get it at any other price.

I most earnestly recommend it to all those suffering from the disease.

Sincerely yours,

ANNA E. STOUGHTON,
No. 128 West 27th-st.

HELMBOLD'S

EXTRACT

BUCHU,

ESTABLISHED UPWARD

OF

TWENTY YEARS.

PREPARED BY

H. T. HELMBOLD,

AT HIS ONLY DEPOT,

NO. 594 BROADWAY,

NEW-YORK,

AND

NO. 104 SOUTH 10TH-ST.,

PHILADELPHIA, PENN.,

ONLY DEPOTS.

PRICE—SIX BOTTLES FOR $5 00, OR $1 PER BOTTLE, DELIVERED TO ANY ADDRESS.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

None are genuine unless done up in steel engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

At the Exchange, yesterday, Dec. 30, although no auction sales were advertised to take place, and the attendance was therefore limited, two legal sales were effected as follows:

JAMES M. MILLER, by order of the Supreme Court, in foreclosure, under the direction of D. P. INGRAHAM, JR., Esq., referee, disposed of a four-story brown-stone front house and lot, on the south side of Fourteenth-street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues, for $20,000, the purchaser being Mr. D. H. CAMPBELL. The lot is a good sized one, 24 by 103, and the property at the price may be considered a bargain.

The other sale of the day, also one in foreclosure, made by LAWRENCE, OAKLEY & FLEURY, under the direction of ALFRED E. ACKERMAN, Esq., as referee, comprised a plot of ground (two lots in all) located on the north side of One Hundred and Sixth-street, and running through to One Hundred and Seventh-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues. The plot brought $4,500, and was bought by Mr. J. FARGUSON.

No sales are noticed for today, and on Monday (New-Year's) the Exchange will be closed. Next week however, several quite important foreclosure sales are to take place, and as the Spring approaches there is every prospect that the market will improve. For the 18th of January a very important partition sale is advertised by MULLER, WILKINS & Co., at which a large number of City houses and lots will be disposed of. Other noticeable auction sales are also projected, of which due notice will be given, and should investors in property at all respond to the efforts of auctioneers to produce activity, real estate matters will soon present new features of interest.

Exchange Sales, Friday, Dec. 30, 1870.

NEW-YORK.

By James M. Miller.

4-story br. s. house and lot s. e. 14th-st., 120 ft. e. of 6th-av., lot 20x103 ..... $20,000

By Lawrence, Oakley & Fleury.

Plot of ground, 2 lots, n. e. 106th-st., running through to 107th-st., 200 ft. s. of 106th-st., plot 50x200 ..... $4,500

Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW-YORK.

Front-st., n. w. s., 202 and 204, 33.2x94, (¼ part) .. $6,200
Hamilton-st., s. s., 200.6 ft. e. of Catharine-st., (3.6x100) 2,400
Water-st., n. e. no. 24, 20.4x38.8x20.8x38, h. and l., Arthur A. Brown to Mary A. Brown ..... Nominal.
2d-st., s. s., 220 ft. e. of 2d-av., 20x100.5 7,500
2d-st., n. s., 80 ft. e. of 2d-av., 20x100.5 8,000
42d-st., s. s., 201.2 ft. e. of 4th-av., 16.8x100.5, h. and l 20,000
51st-st., s. s., 127.1 ft. w. of 3d-av., 25.5x102 2,400
57th-st., n. s., between 4th and 5th-avs., 25x100.5 4,000
72 Harlem Commons, h. and l., 22x100 11,000
126th-st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of 1st-av., 16.6x88x irreg. 11x100.11, h. and l 14,000
128th-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of 1st-av., 16.6x100.11 .. 14,000
130th-st., n. s., 267.6 ft. w. of 2d-av., 22.6x99.11 8,000
131st-st., s. s., 410 ft. e. of 5th-av., 50x1 block 7,000
146th-st., n. s., 175 ft. w. of 10th-av., 25x100 2,500
Avenue B and 12th-st., n. e. corner, 25x100 22,000
106th-av. and 54th-st., n. w. corner, 127.6x100 27,000

Lease Recorded.

27th-st., No. 340, west, 3 years per year $1,000

KINGS COUNTY.

Brooklyn.

Bocrum-st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of Lorimer-st., 25x100, h. and l $7,000
Kingsland-st., s. s., 441.9 ft. e. of 7th-av., 22.2x46.7x22.2x47.8 1,800
Douglass-st., s. s., 302.7 ft. e. of 7th-av., 22x100 1,800
Douglass-st., n. s., 441.9 ft. e. of 7th-av., 22.2x46.7x22.2x47.8 2,500
Douglass-st., s. s., 175 ft. w. of 8th-av., 25x1.6 1,800
Douglass-st., n. s., 238.7 ft. e. of 7th-av., 25x100.1 .. 1,800
Douglass-st., s. s., 412.7 ft. e. of 7th-av., 22.2x47.8 .. 3,200
Douglass-st., n. s., 125 ft. w. of 6th-av., 25x1.6x100x irreg. 25x100 and s. 4,000
Douglass-st., s. s., 325 ft. w. of 8th-av., 22x47.8x irreg. 22x100 4,000
Freeman-st., s. s., 200 ft. w. of Union-av., 22x22.10 x27x42.2 2,500
Herkimer-st. and Troy-av., s. w. corner, 25x100, h. and l 7,800
Remsen-st., n. s., 264.1 ft. e. of Bushwick-av., 24.7x98, h. and l 2,600
Remsen-st., s. s., 264.2 ft. w. of Waverley-st., 1.2x98 350
River-st., s. s., 125 ft. e. of Bedford-av., 25x112x104 x98 2,000
Sackett-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of Nostrand-av., 25x100 .. 250
Sackett-st., n. s., 175 ft. e. of Nostrand-av., 25x98 .. 250
Union-st., n. s., 202 ft. e. of Smith-st., 22x80 12,000
Walter-st., s. s., 250 ft. e. of Harrison-av., h. and l., 25x100 5,300
97th-st., s. w. s., 300 ft. e. e. of 9th-av., 75x100 .. 10,500
Atlantic-av., s. s., 422.8 ft. w. of Classon-av., 20x100 1,516
Fulton-st., s. s., 278.10 ft. w. of Classon-av., 22x110 1,516
Canarsie-st., e. s., and centre line Furnald-st., 268x788.6 10,200
Graham-av., e. s., 165 ft. n. of Debevoise-st., 25x100, h. and l. (husband to wife) 5,000
Irving-av., s. w. s., 50 ft. n. w. of Palmetto-st., 25x100 175
Union-av., e. s., 50 ft. s. of Remsen-st., 25x100, h. and l 5,000

QUEENS COUNTY.

Newtown.

Lots Nos. 1, 66 and 67 Flushing-av., Hubbards map, 75x100, h. and l $3,000

Flushing.

Road from Flushing to Whitestone Ferry, w. s., adjoining Samuel Willett's, 30 acres and h., Morrison's $25,000

Jamaica.

Humboldt Boulevard, s. e. c., 25 ft. s. w. of Elm-st., 25x100 ..... $100

Whitestone.

Central-av., w. s., adjoining Bowron, 12 acres, Houghton's $14,322

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

East Chester.

12th-av. and 5th-st., n. e. corner, 114x205 ..... $2,000
8th-av., w. s., lot No. 112, Central Mt. Vernon, 50x100 350

Morrisania.

Anderson-av., w. s., part lot No. 12, Anderson Farm, 1 34-100 acres $1,920

New-Rochelle.

Charles Leland's property, 10 acres $22,500

Rye.

Main-st., w. s., adjoining school property, 50x 130 ..... $2,000

NEW-JERSEY.

Newark.

Mott-st., e. s., 300 ft. s. of River-street, 25x100 .. $2,400
Barclay-st. and Waverley-place, n. e. corner, 100 x107 20,000
Harbour-av. e. s., adjoining Marsh's, 75x200 1,400
Bedford-st., n. s., 75 ft. w. of Clinton-av., 25x100 .. 1,000
James-st., s. s., 75 ft. e. of Chatfield-st., 25x100 .. 2,000

West Orange.

E. Aumack to D. Manwaring, 57.8x153 ..... $1,600

HUDSON COUNTY.

Bayonne.

E. Randal's lot, adjoining Ditmas' property, 40x 150 ..... $700

Hoboken.

Lot No. 26, block No. 51, Custer's, 25x100 ..... $475

West Hoboken.

305 ft. from corner Clinton-av. and Hill-st., 121 x22 ..... $600

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

VALUABLE FACTORY PROPERTY FOR SALE AT BROOKLYN.—Best most desirable manufactory, all in order for use with good steam power. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS.—A house and two lots, 25 by 100, corner of Lexington-av. and Nostrand-av., Bedfordshire. Inquire of J. M. FULLER, No. 344 Fulton-st., New-York.

A DESIRABLE HIGH-STOOP dwelling, with all modern improvements, 22.6x100, for sale very low, between 24th and 25th avs., 9th-st.; possession. V. K. STEVENSON & SON, 11 Pine-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

A CARD.

THE CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY, having become a favorite line of settlement for persons doing business in New-York, this office is in order to aid persons wishing to obtain a country home, will keep a COMPLETE LIST OF PROPERTY FOR SALE on the line of the road, from Jersey City. A. D. HOPE, Office of "The Central New-Jersey Land Improvement Company," No. 119 Liberty-st., New-York.

FOR INVESTMENT AND TO CAPITALISTS.—A large plot of about seven acres, at Bay Ridge, high and beautifully located. Will be offered as an entirety at $2,500 per acre, or about $200 per lot, at twelve lots per acre. This is well worthy the attention of capitalists. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES and farms, a great variety, beautifully situated one hour from N. Y., for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season, or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 249 Broadway, N. Y., 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone-sts., 1 to 4 P. M.

FARMS FOR SALE IN NEW-JERSEY.—Fifty acres, one of the best farms in Hunterdon, 150 acres, all cheap; well watered, plenty of fruit, good buildings; one and one-half hour's ride from New-York, on the line of Central Railroad. Inquire of RANDOLPH, No. 194 West-st.

$5,500 ORANGE, N. J., NEAR Brick Church Station. New House, nine rooms, furnace, range, &c.; pleasantly located. GEO. V. BOWERS, Halsted-st., Orange.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—STEVENSON-PLACE, comfortable 12-room house; modern fittings; near depot; 40 minutes from Wall-st.; 50 trains daily—transportation 11 cents per trip, on favorite line of travel. Inquire at West Elizabeth (Jersey-st.) station, or address C. O., Box No. 128 Post-office, New-York.

STORES, &c., TO LET.

OFFICES ON BROADWAY TO RENT—Between Maiden-lane and Liberty-st., on the first floor above the street, suitable for lawyers and others, rent from $100; heated by steam; will rent entirety or part of suite. Apply to TAYLOR & STEARNS, No. 194 Pine-st.

OFFICES TO LET IN THE BIBLE-HOUSE, 4th-av., 9th and 10th sts. Desirable rooms, singly or en suite, on second story, fronting on Astor-place; rooms heated by steam. Apply at Treasurer's office, 4th-av.

TO LET—THE ELIGIBLY SITUATED 12-room marble stone basement, Nos. 504 and 506 Broadway, 50x200. Apply to A. RAYMOND, No. 238 Fulton-st.

STORES AND LOFTS TO LET, AT low rents, a few doors east of Broadway. Apply on the premises, Nos. 90 and 92 White-st.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

R. M. LUDLAM & CO., Auctioneers.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF THE REAL ESTATE OF A. J. Christ, at Hoboken, Jan. 2, 1871, at the Exchange Sale-room, No. 111 Broadway, New-York, viz., Buildings and lots, No. 11 Pine-st., No. 73 Nassau-st., and No. 42 Liberty-st.; six-sixteenths in packet ships of the Black Ball line; $8,000 scrip Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company, and 404 acres 111 perches of land in Monroe County, Penn. Particulars at auctioneers' office, No. 8 Pine-st.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

TUESDAY, JAN. 3, AT 12 M., AT Exchange Sale-room, No. 111 Broadway, PARTITION SALE TO CLOSE AN ESTATE. West Sixteenth-street.—Three-story brick house and lot, No. 21, north side, between 5th and 6th avs., 20x92, with the modern improvements. Terms favorable.

FINANCIAL.

Montclair Railway

NEW-JERSEY

7 PER CENT.

GOLD

1ST MORTGAGE BONDS,

INDORSED BY THE

NEW-YORK AND OSWEGO Midland Railroad Co.,

FOR SALE IN

DENOMINATIONS

OF

$1,000, $500 AND $100.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES EXCHANGED AT MARKET RATES.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR AND MAP.

LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER,

BANKERS,

NO. 10 WALL-ST.

EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND GEORGIA RAILROAD

First Mortgage Seven Per Cent Bonds,

REDEEMABLE 1900.

Interest payable 1st of January and 1st of July, in the City of New-York.

The mortgage is for $6,000,000 on a road 270 miles long, which has been in successful operation for many years. The item is about $13,000 per mile, which must, it will, with few exceptions, the smallest issued on any road in the United States. It was created for the sole purpose of paying off the debt due the State of Tennessee, amounting to $3,000,000. An examination into this security will prove it to be one of the best ever offered in this market.

For terms and other particulars, apply to GALLATIN NATIONAL BANK, NO. 34 WALL-ST., Agents for the Sale of the Bonds.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 29, 1870.

All the risks of the Grocers' Fire Insurance Company were assumed by the Greenwich Insurance Company, No. 155 Broadway, on the 28th December, 1870.

SAMPSON MOORE, President Grocers' Fire Ins. Co.

S. C. HARRIOT, President Greenwich Ins. Co.

V. K. STEVENSON. V. K. STEVENSON, JR.

V. K. STEVENSON & SON,

No. 11 Pinest., New-York,

OFFER FOR SALE THE SOUTH AND NORTH ALABAMA RAILROAD 8 PER CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL IN GOLD, GUARANTEED BY STATE OF ALABAMA. The road is located from Montgomery, by Decatur, 161 miles; 107 miles completed; iron and ties for 16 additional, now on the ground, which will complete 123 miles; leaves but 41 to complete, upon which a large amount of work has been done. Land grant over 300,000 acres; local business good, and through connections unexpressed.

Passenger and Freight cars are now running over this road from Montgomery to Lime-Kilns, which completes the AIR LINE to New-York and insures a business more than sufficient to meet the interest on bonds issued.

The bond is three times secured.

First—By the mortgage on the land.

Second—By the guarantee of the State of Alabama.

Third—By the LARGE CAPITAL invested in the road.

Either of which is sufficient to secure the bonds. Price, 95 and accrued interest in currency, up to Jan. 1, after which date the bond will be held at par.

For map, pamphlets, &c., apply to or address the Agents.

CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS, CINCINNATI AND INDIANAPOLIS RAILWAY COMPANY, CLEVELAND, Dec. 24, 1870.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, in Cleveland, Ohio, on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 25, 1871, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M., to vote upon a proposition to aid in the construction of and leasing a branch of a railroad between Springfield and Cincinnati, Ohio, and upon a compact with the Cincinnati, Sandusky and Cleveland Railroad Company for running, and business arrangements.

The transfer-books will be closed on the evening of Jan. 14, and re-opened Feb. 2, 1871.

By order of the Board of Directors.

GEO. H. RUSSELL, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT a meeting of the stockholders of the Hempstead and Rockaway Railroad Company will be held at the office of said Company, No. 78 Broadway, New-York, on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 1, 1871, at 12 o'clock M., at which will be submitted for consideration an agreement for the consolidation of said Company with the Hempstead and Rockaway Railroad Company.

THOS. C. GOETCHIUS, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 31, 1870.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—THAT a meeting of the Stockholders of the New-York and Hempstead Plains Railroad Company will be held at the office of the said Company, No. 78 Broadway, New-York, on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 1, 1871, at 12 o'clock M., at which will be submitted for consideration an agreement for the consolidation of said Company with the Hempstead and Rockaway Railroad Company.

THOS. C. GOETCHIUS, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 31, 1870.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, New-York, Dec. 19, 1870.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this Bank for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and transaction of the succeeding business, will be held at their banking-house on TUESDAY, the 10th of January, 1871, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M. The transfer-books will be closed from Jan. 4 to 11, inclusive.

ANTHONY LANE, Cashier.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 23 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, Dec. 9, 1870.

TRANSFER-BOOKS OF THE MORRIS and Essex Railroad Company will be closed from morning of Dec. 12 till morning of Jan. 3, 1871.

A. J. ODELL, Treasurer.

PHENIX NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 24, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECtors of this Bank will take place at the banking-house on Tuesday, the 10th of January, 1871. Polls open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.

JOHN PARKER, Cashier.

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 27, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIrectors will be held on TUESDAY, Jan. 10, from 12 M. to 2 P. M.

ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

THE MARKET NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 27, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIrectors of this bank will be held at the banking-house on TUESDAY, Jan. 10, 1871, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M. A. GILBERT, Cashier.

GROCERS' BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIrectors of this Bank will be held at the banking-house, on the 10th day of January next, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock.

SAMUEL B. WHITE, Cashier.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DESIRABLE IMproved and unimproved City, and Brooklyn improved real estate; mortgages promptly cashed; principals only deal with.

WM. SINCLAIRE, JR., & CO., No. 2 Pine-st.

FINANCIAL.

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.

BANKERS, NO. 27 PINE-ST.,

OFFER FOR SALE THE

FIRST MORTGAGE 7 PER CENT.

GOLD BONDS

OF THE

Evansville, Terre Haute and Chicago Railroad Company.

This road, fifty-five miles long, extends from Terre Haute northerly to Danville, Ill., forming part of the great through route from Chicago to Terre Haute, Evansville, Nashville, and the South. Twenty-five miles of the iron are now laid, and by the early part of January thirty-six miles will be in use for business.

The local subscriptions to the capital stock of the Company are $450,000
All of which is payable in cash as per act of this State.

$300,000 HAS BEEN PAID IN.

First Mortgage Bonds $750,000

This road is being built by Chauncey Rose, Esq., of Terre Haute, and his associates, who are the chief subscribers to the capital stock. The extraordinary success of the enterprises heretofore managed by these gentlemen, and the high prices of the securities based upon them, are evidences of what may be expected from this project. We recommend these bonds as an undoubted security.

Price, 90 cents and accrued interest, currency. Commissions allowed bankers.

FOR SALE.

CHOICE

CITY AND COUNTY BONDS,

PAYING

10 PER CENT. & OVER,

FREE OF ALL TAXES,

FIRST-CLASS SECURITIES OF UNDOUBTED CHARACTER, BELOW PAR.

ALSO,

NEW-YORK CITY RAILROAD STOCKS AND BONDS, INSURANCE, BANK AND GAS-LIGHT STOCKS,

INCLUDING AN EXTENSIVE VARIETY OF OTHER SECURITIES FOR SAFE AND PROFITABLE INVESTMENT AT LOW RATES.

FOR SALE BY

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,

BANKER, STOCKBROKER AND AUCTIONEER, NO. 6 PINE-ST.

N. B.—FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENT SECURITIES, PAYING LARGE RATES OF INTEREST, A SPECIALTY WITH THIS HOUSE FOR MANY YEARS.

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY,

OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

NO. 336 BROADWAY.

CAPITAL - $1,000,000

DEPOSITS, OVER $5,000,000.

PAYS 4 PER CENT. INTEREST ON DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT.

PAYS 5 PER CENT. INTEREST ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS FOR SIX MONTHS OR LONGER.

THE COMPANY IS A LEGAL DEPOSITORY FOR MONEYS PAID INTO COURT, AND RECEIVES MONEYS IN TRUST.

DARIUS R. MANGAM, President.
B. L. SOLOMON, First Vice-President. BENJ. F. BANCROFT, Second Vice-President.
JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

8 per Cent. Interest

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

OF THE ST. JOSEPH AND DENVER CITY RAILROAD COMPANY.

Principal and Interest Payable in Gold.

105 MILES COMPLETED, and in operation, the earnings on which are in excess of interest on the total issue. Grading finished and ONLY 6 MILES OF TRACK ARE TO BE LAID TO COMPLETE THE ROAD BEYOND ST. JOSEPH, MO. Price 97½ and accrued interest. We unhesitatingly recommend these, and will furnish maps and pamphlets on application.

W. P. CONVERSE & CO., No. 24 Pine-st.

TANNER & CO., No. 11 Wall-st.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

AGENCY, NO. 17 NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK.

COMMERCIAL CREDITS

issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East and West Indies, and South America.

Demand and time bills of exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates; also, cable transfers.

Demand drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and San Francisco. Bills collected, and other banking business transacted.

JOHN PARSON, } Agents.
ARCHD MCKINLAY, }

CITY OF NEW-YORK

SEVEN PER CENT.

DOCK BONDS, 31 YEARS TO RUN.

INTEREST, MAY AND NOVEMBER.

FOR SALE

GEO. K. SISTARE, No. 34 Nassau-st.

CITY OF MONTGOMERY

EIGHT PER CENT. BONDS,

Indorsed by the South and North Alabama Railroad Company.

The coupons due Jan. 1, 1871, on these bonds will be paid at the banking-house of HOWES & MACY, No. 30 Wall-st.

A few of these bonds for sale at 80 per cent. They are regarded as very desirable for investment.

Apply to HOWES & MACY for the bonds and other particulars.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, TREASURY DEPARTMENT, COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec. 2, 1870.

THE INTEREST MATURING JAN. 1, 1871, on the bonds of the State of South Carolina will be paid on and after Jan. 1, at the banking-house of H. H. KIMPTON, No. 9 Nassau-st., New-York, and at the Treasury, Office in Columbia, S. C. The interest on the registered stock of the State will be paid in Columbia only.

NILES G. PARKER, Treasurer State South Carolina.

Coupons will be received for commutation on and after the 27th inst. KIMPTON, BLAKIE & CO., Financial Agent State South Carolina.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY, NO. 145 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 28, 1870.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT on and after the 23d day of January, 1871, all transfers of stock of this Company will be made at the Union Trust Company in the City of New-York, and for the purpose of perfecting the change of the transfer-office to the Union Trust Company as required by resolution of the Board, the transfer-books will be closed at the close of business on the day of December instant, and remain closed until the morning of Jan. 23, 1871, then to be reopened at the office of said Union Trust Company.

O. H. PALMER, Secretary and Treasurer.

OTTER CREEK PETROLEUM COMPANY, NO. 42 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 27, 1870.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders, for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at this office on MONDAY, Jan. 9, 1871. The polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.

The transfer-books will be closed from Dec. 31, 1870, to Jan. 10, 1871, both inclusive.

L. J. BELLONI, Jr., Secretary.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 24, 1870.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this institution for the ensuing year, and for three Inspectors for the next ensuing election, will be held at the banking-house on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 11, 1871.

Polls will be open from 2 to 3 o'clock. By order,

GEO. W. TOULE, Cashier.

SCOTT-SIDDONS ENAMEL COMPANY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 23, 1870.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKholders of this Company for the election of Trustees will be held at the Secretary's office, No. 149 Broadway, on MONDAY, Jan. 16, 1871, at 3 o'clock P. M.

STEPHEN H. OLIN, Secretary.

MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 6, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIrectors of this Bank will be held at the banking house on TUESDAY, the 10th day of January next. The poll will open at 12 M. and close at 1 o'clock P. M.

WM. H. COX, Cashier.

FINANCIAL.

Tanner & Co.

HAVE REMOVED

THEIR BANKING OFFICE TO

NO. 11 WALL-ST.,

Where as Bankers and Brokers they continue the business of dealing in

Bonds, Stocks, Gold and Exchange.

Execute orders at the Stock and Gold Boards, Buy and Sell at their counter American Gold and Silver. Receive Deposits of Gold and Currency, and allow interest on same. Negotiate loans and make advances, &c.

Special Agents for Railway Companies.

SEVEN PER CENT.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

OF THE

Nashville and Decatur Railroad.

FOR PARTICULARS SEE TO-MORROW'S PAPER.

FOR SALE BY

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,

NO. 34 WALL-ST.

N. Y. GUARANTEE AND INDEMNITY CO.

No. 52 Broadway and Exchange-court.

VERMILYE & CO.

BANKERS,

16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION.

RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

BANKING HOUSE OF

Geo. Opdyke & Co.

25 Nassau-st.

CORNER OF CEDAR-ST.

FOUR PER CENT. interest allowed on current accounts, subject to check at sight.

PRIME INVESTMENTS for trust and other funds always on hand.

INVESTMENT ORDERS promptly executed for Government, Gold, Bonds and other Securities.

COLLECTIONS WANTED ON CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, DES MOINES, IOWA CITY, ST. JOSEPH, and other points in the Western States.

MUNROE & CO.,

AMERICAN BANKERS,

NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS.

JOHN MUNROE & CO., NO. 9 WALL-ST., New-York.

Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers in all parts of Europe, &c. Exchange on Paris.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF MEMPHIS CITY BONDS,

MAYOR'S OFFICE, CITY HALL, MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 30, 1870.

$500,000 OF THE THIRTY-YEARS GOLD BONDS of the City of Memphis, known as FUNDING BONDS of 1870, are payable principal and interest payable in gold coin, as authorized by ordinance of the General Council of the city, for the purpose of funding a like amount of the due debt of the city, and have been issued in exchange for any of the due debt at par. Interest will be allowed upon past due

BONDS, COUPONS, NOTES AND SCRIP, from the 1st of January, 1871, at the rate of six per cent. per annum, at which date the interest upon the bonds commences at the rate of six per cent. payable in gold, semi-annually, in the City of New-York, on the

FIRST DAY OF MAY AND NOVEMBER in each year. The exchange can be made, as may be most convenient for the holders of the bonds, at the office of the City Comptroller, City Hall, Memphis, Tenn., or at the banking-house of F. M. MYERS & CO., No. 24 Pine-st., New-York, and McKIM & CO., South Baltimore-street, Baltimore, Md.

JOHN JOHNSON, Mayor.

Referring to the above notice, we are now prepared to issue Gold Funding Bonds in exchange for any of the past due debt of the City of Memphis.

F. M. MYERS & CO., BANKERS, NO. 24 PINE-ST.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 24, 1870.

COUPONS OF THE FOLLOWING Bonds, due Jan. 1, 1871, will be paid on and after the 27th inst., at our office:

CHICAGO AND ALTON FIRST MORTGAGE.
JOLIET AND CHICAGO FIRST MORTGAGE.
DUBUQUE AND SIOUX CITY FIRST MORTGAGE.
DUBUQUE SOUTHWESTERN PREFERRED FIRST MORTGAGE.
DETROIT AND PORTAGE FIRST MORTGAGE.
DETROIT AND MILWAUKEE FIRST FUNDING.
MACON AND AUGUSTA FIRST MORTGAGE.
ATLANTIC AND GULF CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE.
ST. LOUIS, JACKSONVILLE AND CHICAGO SECOND MORTGAGE. } Free Gov. Tax.

M. K. JESUP & CO., No. 13 Pine-st.

NATIONAL BUTCHERS' AND DROVERS' BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECtors of this Bank will be held at the banking-house, No. 124 Bowery, on TUESDAY, the 10th day of January next, between the hours of 12 and 1 P. M.

C. G. BRINCKERHOFF, Cashier.

THE OCEAN NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, New-York, Dec. 16, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECtors of this Bank for the ensuing year will be held at their banking-house, corner of Broadway and Barclay-st., on TUESDAY, the 10th of January next. Polls open from 12 o'clock to 1 P. M.

J. S. HARTSHORNE, Cashier.

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 6, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECtors of this Bank will be held at the banking-house on TUESDAY, the 10th day of January next, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M.

E. AMERMAN, Cashier.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRectors of this Bank will be held at the banking-house, No. 620 Broadway, on TUESDAY, the 10th of January next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

CHAS. HUDSON, Cashier.

AN ELECTION OF FIVE TRUSTEES of the New-York Baloon Club for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 13 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M. on the second WEDNESDAY of January next.

Dated NEW-YORK, Dec. 29, 1870.

JAMES E. NICHOLSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECtors of this Company, will be held at the Company's office, No. 71 Wall-st., on TUESDAY, Jan. 10, 1871, commencing at 12 o'clock M. and closing at 1 o'clock P. M.

A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

NATIONAL IRON AND LEATHER BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 8, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECtors of this Bank will be held at the Banking-house on TUESDAY, Jan. 10, 1871, between the hours of 10 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M.

J. M. CRANE, Cashier.

NINTH NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1870.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECtors of this Bank will be held at the banking-house, Nos. 407 and 409 Broadway, on TUESDAY, Jan. 10, 1871, between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M.

JOHN T. HILL, Cashier.

EAST RIVER NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK.—The annual election for fifteen Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking-house No. 621 Broadway, New-York, on TUESDAY, Jan. 10, 1871. Polls open from 2 till 3 o'clock P. M.

L. & E. NEWELL, Cashier.

FINANCIAL.

CITY STOCKS,

THE BEST SECURITY IN THE WORLD,

SEVEN (7) PER CENTS,

TWENTY TO THIRTY YEARS TO RUN.

DITTO DUE IN 1874-5.

FOR SALE.

GEO. K. SISTARE, No. 34 Nassau-st.

P. S.—City scrip bought and sold.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO., NO. 40 WALL-ST., ISSUE COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

THE COUPONS DUE ON THE 1ST OF January on the Chicago, Cincinnati and Louisville Railroad Consolidated Bonds will be paid at the office of CALDWELL & CO., No. 37 Wall-st., on and after TUESDAY, the third day of January next.

DIVIDENDS.

THE COUPONS OF THE EVANSVILLE, Henderson and Nashville Railroad First Mortgage Bonds due on the

1ST OF JANUARY NEXT,

will be paid at the Bank of America upon presentation, on and after that date.

E. T. BOGERT, President.

BOLIVAR, WASHINGTON AND ARGUENA COUNTIES.

The interest coupons upon the 10 per cent. bonds due Jan. 1, 1871, issued by the Board of Mississippi Levee Commissioners for the above counties will be paid at our office.

LANCASTER, BROWN & CO., No. 32 Nassau-st.

PETERSBURG RAILROAD COMPANY.

The coupons upon the bonds of this road maturing Jan. 1, 1871, will be paid at our office.

LANCASTER, BROWN & CO., No. 32 Nassau-st.

RICHMOND AND YORK RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.

The coupons of the first mortgage bonds of this railroad, due Jan. 1, 1871, will be paid by us.

LANCASTER, BROWN & CO., No. 32 Nassau-st.

ATLANTA AND BIRMINGHAM AIR LINE RAILWAY COMPANY.

The coupons of this Company upon the bonds of the Railway Company, due Jan. 1, 1871, will be paid at our office.

LANCASTER, BROWN & CO., No. 32 Nassau-st.

BOSTON, WATERTOWN AND OGDENSBURG RAILROAD, VICE-PRESIDENT'S OFFICE, NO. 244 CHAMBERS-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 28, 1870.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THIS COMPANY will pay a semi-annual dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on and after the first of January, upon the stock registered in New-York with the Secretary, and thereafter only at the Company's office, Watertown, N. Y.

MARCELLUS HASKELL, Vice-President.

PRESIDENT'S OFFICE OF THE NORTHEAST GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, COMMERCE, GEORGIA, Dec. 1, 1870.

THE COUPONS DUE JAN. 1, 1871, of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Northeast Georgia Railroad Company will be paid on presentation, on and after the 1st day of January, 1871.

JOHN C. BRODHEAD, President.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY, BOSTON, Dec. 16, 1870.

THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST Mortgage Bonds of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, due Jan. 1, 1871, will be paid in gold, free of Government tax, on and after that date, at the office of the Company in Boston and at the banking-house of Morton, Rose & Co., New-York. Coupons for coupons will be received for examination on and after the 20th inst.

JOHN M. S. WILLIAMS, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY, TREASURER'S OFFICE, CORNER OF 4TH-AVE. AND 26TH-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 6, 1870.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Company have declared a dividend of Four per Cent, payable on the 31st day of December, free of Government tax, payable on the 31st day of December, at the office of the Treasurer. The transfer-books will be closed on Dec. 21, 1870, and opened at 10 A. M. on 4th day of January, 1871.

C. VANDERBILT, JR., Treasurer.

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.—The Interest on the bonds and stocks of the Corporation of the City of New-York, due Feb. 1, 1871, will be paid on that day, by JNO. J. BRADLEY, Ass. Chamberlain of the City, at his office in the new County house.

The transfer-books will be closed FRIDAY, Dec. 30, 1870.

RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Controller.

DEPAR

SHIPPING.

THE ANCHOR LINE OF STEAMERS
SAILING EVERY SATURDAY, and alternate WEDNESDAY to call from Glasgow and Derry. Passengers booked and forwarded to and from all railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Russia, Poland, Austria, Hungary, Switzerland, Italy, and other parts of Europe, by the Company's Steamships, viz:

"ANCHORIA"	SATURDAY, Dec. 24	"ANCHORIA"	WED., Dec. 28
ANGLIA	SAT., Jan. 7	Britannia	WED., Jan. 11
ANCHORIA	SAT., Jan. 21	IOWA	WED., Jan. 25
ANGLIA	SAT., Feb. 11	Syrian	WED., Feb. 15
ANCHORIA	SAT., Mar. 11	Britannia	WED., Feb. 22
ANGLIA	SAT., Mar. 25	Siberia	WED., March 8
ANCHORIA	SATURDAY, April 8	Siberia	WED., April 12

and every SATURDAY and alternate WEDNESDAY thereafter, from Pier No. 20 North River, New-York.

CABIN PASSAGE, PAYABLE IN CURRENCY, TO LIVERPOOL, QUEENSTOWN, OR DERRY:
First Cabin $60 and $75, according to location.
Round Mountain tickets, good for 12 months accommodations, $120.
Intermediate, $42 | Steerage, $28.
Tickets to and from all parts of Europe can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.
Drafts issued, payable on presentation.
Apply at the Company's office, 7
HENDERSON BROTHERS, No. 7 Bowling-green.

INMAN LINE FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
Boyal Mail Steamers are dispatched to and as follows:
CITY OF BROOKLYN....Saturday, Dec. 31, 1 P. M.
CITY OF BRUSSELS.....Saturday, Jan. 7, 3 P. M.
CITY OF LIMERICK, (via Halifax).....
and each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate TUESDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.
RATES OF PASSAGE.
PAYABLE IN GOLD.
PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.
First Cabin.....$75 | Steerage.....$30
To London.....80 | To London.....35
To Halifax, N. S.....30 | To Halifax, N. S.....15
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Rotterdam, Sweden, Norway, and Denmark, at reduced rates.
Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.
For further information apply at the Company's office.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR LIVERPOOL,
(VIA QUEENSTOWN,)
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.
THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch one of their Steamships fortnightly from new steam ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY
as follows:
COLORADO, Capt. T. P. FREEMAN.Jan. 4, at 2½ P. M.
WISCONSIN, Capt. WILLIAMS....Jan. 11, at 9 A. M.
MANHATTAN, Capt. FORSYTH.Jan. 18, at 2½ P. M.
WILMINGTON, Capt. J. W. FREEMAN.....Jan. 25, at 9 A. M.
IDAHO, Capt. FRICH.....Feb. 1, at 2½ P. M.
NEVADA, Capt. LEDLEY.....Feb. 8, at 9 A. M.
Cabin passage, $80, gold.
Steerage passage, (Office No. 2 Broadway,) $30, currency.
For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 62 Wall-st.

CUNARD LINE.
THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS,
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL,
CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
Parthia, Wednes. Jan. 4 | Siberia, Thursday, Jan. 12
Samaria, Thursday, Jan. 19 | Cuba, Wednesday, Jan. 25
Russia, Wednesday, Jan. 11 | Alpine, Thursday, Jan. 26
Calabria, Thurs. Jan. 12 | Russia, Wednesday, Feb. 1
Abyssinia, Wednes. Jan. 18 | Bolivia, Thursday, Feb. 2
Cuba, Wednesday, Jan. 25 | Malta, Wednes. Feb. 8
via Halifax.
RATES OF PASSAGE.
By the Steamships of this line, not carrying Steerage:
First Cabin, $100, gold. Second Cabin, $60, gold.
First Cabin to Paris, $125, gold. Second Cabin to Paris, $65, gold.
By the Steamships mentioned:
First Cabin, $80, gold. Steerage, $30, currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and return, $65, currency.
Through Bills of Lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the Continent, and for Montreal and Boston.
For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's Office, No. 4 Bowling-green.
For steerage passage at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.
CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

NATIONAL LINE.
STEAMS TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN, from Pier No. 47 North River
PENNSYLVANIA, Lawton, Saturday, Dec. 31, at 12 M.
HELVETIA, Grice, Saturday, Jan. 7.
Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $75 and $80, currency.
Steerage passage, $30, currency.
Prepaid passage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow, $30 currency.
For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.
E. W. J. HURST, Manager.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.
THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.
LAFAYETTE.....ROUSSIN.....SATURDAY, Jan. 14
VILLE DE PARIS.....SUMONT.....SATURDAY, Jan. 28
For freight or passage apply to
GEO. MADDEN, Agent, No. 6 Broadway.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY'S
THROUGH LINE TO
CALIFORNIA AND CHINA.
FREIGHT AND PASSAGE GREATLY REDUCED.
Through rates, New-York to San Francisco:
First Class. $125 & $170. Steerage. $60.
According to the location of berth.
These rates include berths, meals and all necessaries for the trip.
Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 M.
ON THE 2ND AND 17TH OF EACH MONTH,
except when these days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.
One hundred pounds of baggage free to each adult. Medicines and attendance free.
JAN. 4, OCEAN QUEEN, Capt. COFFIN, connecting with COLORADO, Capt. PARKER.
JAN. 17, 9th every month will touch at San Juan Guatemala.
Steamer AMERICA will leave San Francisco Feb. 4, 1871, for China and Japan.
All freight for San Francisco will go fast, and be received until 4 P. M. Tuesday, Jan. 3.
Freight for Central America and South Pacific ports will be received until 4 P. M. on Saturday, Dec. 31, 1870, the usual facilities afforded shippers for collecting inland charges, &c.
For freight or passage tickets, and all further information, apply at the office, Pier No. 42 North River.
F. R. PARRY, Agent.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND HAVANA.
UNITED STATES AND HAVANA STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 2d of every month.
BRAZILIAN, Capt. WEBB.....Jan. 2.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. R. L. TINKLEPAUGH, Feb. 2.
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. G. B. SLOCUM, March 2.
These steamers are on schedule time and will sail at St. Thomas, Pinos, Havana, Nassau, Inagua, Grand Turk, Turks Island, Mayaguez, Ponce, Arroyo, Guanica and Aux Cayes. For engagements of freight or passage apply to
WM. P. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

U. S. MAIL TO HAVANA.
ATLANTIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY, sailing regularly every THURSDAY at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.
COLUMBIA, Capt. H. VAN SICKLEN.....Jan. 5
MISSOURI, Capt. J. R. EDWARDS, (via Nassau).Jan. 12
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. ADAMS.....Jan. 26
For freight or passage apply to
A. W. DIMOCK, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.,
CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.
Atlantic Mail Steamship Company's steamer
COLUMBIA, Capt. J. R. EDWARDS, will sail Jan. 5, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River.
For freight or passage apply to
A. W. DIMOCK, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.—New-York and Havana Mail Steamship Line, sailing Pier No. 17 East River, at 3 P. M.
CITY OF MEXICO, Thompson.....Saturday, Jan. 7.
CITY OF HAVANA, Trask.....Wednesday, Jan. 18.
CITY OF MERIDA, Hubbard.....Saturday, Jan. 28.
CLEOPATRA, Phillips.....Tuesday, Feb. 7.
For freight or passage apply to
F. ALLADEE & SONS, No. 22 Broadway.
Cleopatra goes to Havana only; takes no passengers.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,
THE FLORIDA PORTS,
AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.
GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD;
FOUR STEAMERS A WEEK,
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
THE STEAM-SHIPS
SAN JACINTO, Capt. ALLEN, SATURDAY, Dec. 31, from Pier No. 5 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. M. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green.
HUNTSVILLE, Capt. CROWELL, SATURDAY, Dec. 31, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent,
No. 56 Wall-st.
VIRGO, Capt. BURLEY, TUESDAY, Jan. 3, from Pier No. 13 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents,
No. 51 and 53 South-st.
HERMAN, LIVINGSTON, Capt. CHESEBROUGH, THURSDAY, Jan. 5, from Pier No. 38 North River, at 3 P. M.
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents,
No. 45 Liberty-st.
Insurance by this line is ONE-HALF PER CENT.
Superior accommodations for passengers.
Through railroad bills of lading in connection with Pacific Railroad and Gulf Steamships.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.
C. D. OWEN, Agent, C. R. R. R., No. 204 Broadway.
GEORGE YONGE, Agent, A. & G. R. R., No. 409 Broadway.

DELAWARE AND NEW-YORK S. S. CO.
Pier No. 8 N. R.—FOOT of Rector-st. Only will leave for Lewes, Del., Monday and Thursday, at 4 P. M., taking freight for all points on the Junction and Breakwater and Delaware Railroads. Returning, leave Lewes every Wednesday and Saturday.
For freight and passage apply at office on pier.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.
Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of courier, should never leave Paris without one; their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from the multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, conveyance of luggage, procurement of the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition, and an infinity of annoyances to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Good and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 2 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

SHIPPING.

SAN DOMINGO LINE
FOR
PUERTO PLATA,
SAMANA AND SAN DOMINGO CITY.
The United States mail steamship
TYBEE,
Capt. R. A. DEHAVEN,
will leave Pier No. 4 North River, for the above ports, on SATURDAY, Dec. 31, at 3 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 30 Broadway.

SAVINGS BANKS.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 96 WARREN-ST., NEW-YORK,
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums. Deposits made now will draw interest from Jan. 1. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. SUTTON, Secretary.

MANHATTAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION.
No. 644 BROADWAY, CORNER BLEECKER-ST.,
Dec. 15, 1870.
The trustees of this institution have declared the Fortieth Semi-annual Dividend, on all deposits for the time entitled thereto, at the rate of Six per Cent. per annum, payable on and after the third Monday in January. Also an extra Dividend of One-half of One per Cent. of the accumulated surplus, payable at the same time.
Dividends not withdrawn will receive interest the same as a deposit.
B. F. BROWN, President.
EDWARD SCHELL, Treasurer.
C. F. ALVORD, Secretary.

EXCELSIOR SAVINGS BANK,
No. 565 6th-av. (Booth's Theatre.)
Interest at rate of Seven per cent. per annum will be paid on all sums remaining in Bank Jan. 1, 1871, that were deposited on or before July 10 and Oct. 10. Payable on and after the second Monday in January.
Also, an EXTRA DIVIDEND of One per cent. on all sums of $1,000 and under, deposited before Aug. 1, 1870, remaining in Bank Jan. 1, 1871.
Money deposited now will draw interest from Jan. 1.
Bank open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., also on MONDAYS and SATURDAYS from 5 A. M. to 8 P. M.
JOHN J. SUILLE, Cashier.

EXTRA DIVIDEND.
UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,
Canal-st., corner of Laight.
The Board of Trustees have THIS DAY declared the usual half-yearly dividend of SIXTEEN (16) PER CENT.; also an extra dividend of ONE PER CENT. (being FOUR PER CENT. for the current six months,) to all depositors entitled thereto; payable on or after Jan. 3d.
If the interest is not withdrawn it will be credited the account, and bear interest from Jan. 1, as an original deposit.
ASSETS, $5,012,400 76.
Money deposited now will bear interest from Jan. 1.
JOHN MOLEAN, President.
N. J. HAINES,
W. S. WHITLOCK, } Vice-Presidents.
G. S. CRAPIN, Treasurer.
T. J. AMONS, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 14, 1870.

INTEREST FROM THE FIRST OF EACH MONTH.
CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,
No. 52 Bowery, corner of Canal-st., New-York.
Present rate of interest, SIX PER CENT. on all sums from $5 to $10,000.
Money deposited on or before Jan. 20 will bear interest from Jan. 1.
Interest calculated from the 1st of the month following the day of deposit, and is computed and paid, or credited, on the 1 and July 1, on the amount in Bank on those days.
Bank open EVERY DAY from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on
MONDAYS and SATURDAYS
from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.
E. A. QUINTARD, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK,
Nos. 1 and 2 Mt.-av., opposite Cooper Institute.
THIRTY-FIFTH DIVIDEND.
JANUARY 2, 1871. By direction of the Trustees of this Bank the usual semi-annual interest, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum, will be paid on all sums entitled thereto on and after THURSDAY, Jan. 12, 1871, if not withdrawn, will be added to the accounts and thus interest from Jan. 1.
Deposits made on or before Jan. 20, will draw interest from Jan. 1.
SIX PER CENT. allowed on ALL SUMS of $5 and upward. One Dollar received.
ISAAC T. SMITH, President.
T. W. LELLE, Secretary.

Broadway Savings Institution,
NO. 2327 BROADWAY, entrance on Park-place.
Interest on deposits will be paid thereto, for the six months ending Dec. 31, at the rate of Six per Cent. per annum on all sums of $5 and upward, will be paid on and after MONDAY, Jan. 16, 1871.
JAMES M. BUCKLIN, P. SCHOALS, President.
WADE B. WORRALL, Sec. PETER OPMORE, Asst.

FIFTH-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner 5th-av. and 21st-st.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1870.
INTEREST.—Semi-annual interest at the rate of Six per Cent. per annum, on all sums from $5 to $5,000, will be paid on and after the THIRD MONDAY in January.
Interest will be added to accounts Jan. 1, and if not drawn, will interest as new deposits. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY EVENINGS and SATURDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 8 o'clock.
SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
WM. E. DODGE, Secretary.

NORTH RIVER SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of 8th-av. and West 34th-st.
DIVIDEND.—A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum, on all sums from $5 to $5,000, will be paid on and after Jan. 16, 1871.
MONEY DEPOSITED on or before the 20th of January, will draw INTEREST from Jan. 1.
BANK open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., also on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 8 o'clock.
JOHN HOOPER, President.
JAMES O. SHEPHERD, Secretary.

BOWLING-GREEN SAVINGS BANK,
NO. 33 BROADWAY.
Deposits of any sum, from 10 cents to $10,000, will be received. SIX PER CENT. interest free of Government tax. Interest on new deposits commences on the first of every month.
HENRY SMITH, President.
REEVES E. SELDEN, Secretary.
WALTER ROCHE,
EDWARD HOGAN, } Vice-Presidents.
GREENWICH SAVINGS BANK.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 23, 1870.
INTEREST WILL BE PAID TO DEPOSITORS at the rate of SEVEN per cent. per annum on all sums of $5 to $600, and six per cent. on sums exceeding that, agreeably with the provisions of the by-laws, free from Government tax, and payable on and after Monday, 16th day of January, 1871.
All interest not called for will be credited as principal, and draw interest accordingly. All deposits made on or before January 10, 1871, will draw interest from the first.
BENJAMIN F. WHEELWRIGHT, President.
JAMES FRENCH, } Secretaries.
J. HASKIN HOGADON, }

SAVINGS BANKS.

MARKET SAVINGS BANK,
No. 12 Nassau-st.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 21, 1870.
INTEREST, 1871.—Semi-annual interest at the rate of SIX per CENT. per annum (on all sums entitled thereto) will be paid depositors on and after MONDAY, Jan. 16.
INTEREST will be added to the depositor's account Jan. 1, and if not drawn will bear interest as new deposits.
WM. VAN NAME, President.
HENRY R. CONKLIN, Secretary.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 52 Bowery, near Houston-st.—SIX per CENT. interest allowed on all sums, from $5 to $10,000. Deposits made now draw interest from Jan. 1.
GERMAN SPOKEN.
Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAYS and WEDNESDAYS from 6 to 8.
ALFRED E. CONKLIN, President.
HENRY C. FRENCH, Secretary.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

GRACE CHAPEL, FREE SEATS, East 10th-st., Rev. John W. Kramer, clergyman in charge.—Services on SUNDAY, at 11 A. M., and 7½ P. M. Sermon in the EVENING by Rev. E. P. De Costa. Strangers cordially invited to attend.

REV. C. S. ROBINSON, D. D., PASTOR of Park Church, will preach in the Eleventh Presbyterian Church, 45th-st., near Lexington-av. SABBATH MORNING and EVENING.

CITY MISSIONS.—PREACHING AND Other religious services, under the direction of the New-York City Mission, will be held in the following places SABBATH, viz.:
I. No. 9 Green-st., 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.
VI. Calvary Chapel, No. 128 West-st., 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.
VIII. No. 155 Spring-st., 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.
XIII. Lebanon Chapel, No. 76 Columbia-st., 3½ and 7½ P. M.
XV. Mount Olivet Chapel, No. 62 2d-st., 7½ P. M.
German services, No. 40 Orchard-st., 10½ A. M., No. 62 2d-st., 10½ A. M., and No. 442 3d-av., 3½ P. M.
GEO. S. HUBBARD, Superintendent of Missions.

GREENE-STREET M. E. CHURCH, between Houston and Bleecker-sts.—Services will be held THIS (Saturday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Rev. Shear W. Brown, of the New-York Conference, will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7 o'clock P. M. Monday will be held every evening next week, after Monday, commencing at 7½ o'clock. All are invited. Seats free.

REV. T. T. SENDRICK, PASTOR OF Bethesda Methodist Protestant Church, corner Greenwich and Duane-sts., will preach SABBATH MORNING at 10½ o'clock, and New-Year's Thanksgiving sermon, at 3½ P. M., a New-Year appeal. Whole night meeting SATURDAY NIGHT at 8½ o'clock. Sermons by Rev. S. Kendrick and Rev. S. P. Sweet, of New-York.

HOWARD MISSION AND HOME FOR LITTLE WANDERERS, No. 40 Mercer-st.—Rev. W. C. Van Meter, Superintendent.—Sabbath-school from 2 to 4 P. M., followed by addresses and singing. Prayer-meeting on TUESDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Bible-class from 9 to 9 daily, except Saturdays. Rest time for visiting the school from 11 to 1.

LEXINGTON-AVENUE M. E. CHURCH, Lexington-av. and 53d-st.—The Pastor, R. M. Stratton, will preach SABBATH MORNING at 10½, and in the EVENING at 7½. Evening subject—Heaven. Sabbath-school 2 P. M. Class-meeting from 9 to 9 daily, except 2 P. M. Watch-night meeting THIS EVENING at 9 o'clock. Seats free.

EVENING SERVICE IN ASSOCIATION HALL.—Rev. ISAAC RILEY will deliver an address to young men on SABBATH, at 7½ o'clock, in the Hall of the Young Men's Christian Association, corner of Broadway and 4th-st. Bible-class every SUNDAY AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock. All are invited to these meetings.

ST. PAUL'S REFORMED DUTCH CHURCH, Bergen-square, 68th-st. between 5th and 6th-avs., Rev. ALEXANDER R. THOMPSON, D. D., Minister.—Services every SUNDAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ o'clock P. M. Sabbath-school 2 P. M. Seats free. Strangers cordially invited.

HOLY TRINITY MISSION, 35th-st. near 9th-av.—Services every SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sermon in the EVENING by Rev. J. Ellis. Pastor will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday-school at 2 P. M. Seats free. Strangers cordially invited.

FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, No. 155 Worth-st., W. P. BARNARD, Superintendent.—Services are held in the new chapel every SUNDAY, commencing at 3 o'clock P. M. Singing by the children. All are cordially invited.

AN IMPORTANT QUESTION.—BISHOP SNOW will preach in the University, Washington-square, on SUNDAY, at 3 P. M. Seats free. Subject—*The Mormon Question—Will the Supreme Court be Restored?*

MADISON-AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, corner 31st-st.—Rev. J. F. ELDER, Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday-school at 2 P. M.

REV. JOSEPH H. PRICE, D. D., will preach at the Home Chapel, No. 30 East 20th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. Seats free.

REV. STEPHEN H. TYNG, JR., WILL deliver the ninth lecture of the course to young people, in the Church of the Holy Trinity, Madison-av. and 42d-st., on SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock.

SEVENTH-PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner Broome and Ridge-sts.—Rev. C. W. ADAMS will preach SUNDAY, Jan. 1, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

THE SOCIETY OF PROGRESSIVE SPIRITUALISTS, Apollo Hall, Broadway and 28th-st.—Mrs. FANNY O. HYZER, of Baltimore, will speak SUNDAY, at 10½ and 7½ o'clock. No reserved seats.

FIFTY-THIRD-STREET BAPTIST CHURCH, 53d and 7th-avs.—Rev. WM. H. PIERSON, Pastor, will preach SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday-school at 2 P. M.

ST. THOMAS' CHURCH, 5TH-AV. AND 53d-st.—SUNDAY, Jan. 1, morning prayer at 10 o'clock; Communion service and sermon, 10½; evening service, 7½.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, WEST 23d-st., near 8th-av.—Rev. J. S. OGDEN will preach in this church on SABBATH, next, Jan. 1, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. All are invited.

ST. LUKE'S M. E. CHURCH, 41ST-ST., West 8th-av.—Preaching on SUNDAY, 1st inst., at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. by Rev. C. S. HARROWER, Pastor. Trustees in attendance to meet strangers.

COOPER UNION MEETINGS.—REV. GEORGE J. MINGINS will speak to the people every SABBATH EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, in the hall of the Cooper Union.

FRENCH CHURCH DU ST. ESPRIT, 109 East 12th-st.—Divine service in French every SUNDAY MORNING at 10½ o'clock.

ST. THOMAS' CHURCH.—R. W. WILLIAMS, sexton and undertaker, No. 176 6th-av.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

REV. SERRELL RICHARDSON, PASTOR of the New-England Congregational Church, corner Madison-av. and 45th-st., will preach SUNDAY MORNING, Jan. 1, a sermon appropriate to New-Year's Day. He will also preach in the EVENING. Services at 10½ and 7½ respectively. Strangers and all invited.

SEVENTEENTH-STREET M. E. CHURCH, between 1st and 2d avs.—Watchnight services commencing 24 9½ o'clock SATURDAY NIGHT and continuing until 12. Rev. J. S. WELLS, Pastor, will preach SUNDAY MORNING and EVENING. Subject, morning—*Duties of Christians.* Seats free. General prayer-meeting 3½ P. M. Evening service commences at 7 o'clock.

SEVENTH-STREET M. E. CHURCH, 13th-st., near 2d-av.—Preaching on SABBATH MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, by the Pastor, Rev. C. BACKMAN, and in the EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, by Rev. Isaac G. THOMAS. Sabbath-school at 2 P. M. and 3 P. M. Prayer-meeting at 6 P. M.; also on the close of evening sermon.

THE WEEK OF PRAYER.—THE week of prayer will be observed by union prayer meetings in the Madison-square Presbyterian Church, (Rev. Dr. ADAMS,) on MONDAY, Jan. 2, from 12½ to 1½ P. M.; on TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, at from 9 to 9½ P. M. The public are invited.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE CHURCH.—On SABBATH EVENING, Jan. 1, Dr. THOMPSON will preach on the Week of Prayer, Dr. ROBERTS will preach in the morning. Service at 7½ o'clock. Seats free. A union prayer-meeting will be held every morning next week, beginning with TUESDAY, Jan. 3, from 9½ until 9 o'clock, in the church.

ARLINGTON-STREET M. E. CHURCH, between Hudson and Bedford-sts.—Rev. WM. McALISTER, Pastor, will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Prayer-meeting at 3 o'clock. Sunday-school at 2 A. M. and 1½ P. M. Young people's prayer-meeting at 8 o'clock. Seats free. Strangers and others are cordially invited.

YORKVILLE NEW CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION, corner 92d-st. and 3d-av.—United Prayer-meeting EVERY DAY, from 12½ to 1½ P. M., in the Lecture-room. Young Men's Prayer-meeting EVERY THURSDAY, at 8 o'clock. Bible-class every TUESDAY EVENING at 8. The rooms will be open as usual on New-Year's Day.

REV. H. R. NORTHROP WILL Preach in the West Twenty-third-street Presbyterian Church, near 7th-av., on SUNDAY MORNING, at 10½, and in the AFTERNOON at 3½ o'clock. Young people's prayer-meeting in the EVENING, at 7½. All are cordially invited.

TWENTY-SEVENTH-STREET M. E. CHURCH, Rev. J. M. BEARDS, Pastor, between 2d and 3d avs.—New-Year's sermon SUNDAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M. Watch-night, SATURDAY, P. M. Sabbath, P. M.—A series of revival meetings commenced TUESDAY EVENING. The public are invited.

FIVE POINTS MISSION.—RITE OF THE Holy Eucharist, No. 61 Park-st., the original mission at the Points, Rev. J. N. SHEPPIE, Superintendent.—Services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday-school at 9½ A. M. and from 3 to 4 P. M. Friends of the cause are invited.

DISCOURSES ON UNIVERSALISM.—By Rev. J. M. PULLMAN, at the Church of Divine Unity, 45th-st., near 5th and 6th avs. Subject to-morrow morning, *Universalism Misrepresented.* Communion service in the MORNING.

REV. CHAS. F. LEE, FIFTH UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, Plimpton's Building, 45th-st., near 3d-av., SUNDAY, Jan. 1.—Subject—Sermon for the new year: *Life's Tide.* Seats free. Public cordially invited.

THE HUTCHINSON FAMILY WILL Sing at the Sabbath-evening Meeting in Union School, No. 120 West 34th-st., SUNDAY, at 3 P. M., and hold a temperance meeting at 7½ P. M. Prominent speakers will be present.

THE CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST, (4th-av., above 45th-st.) will be opened for Divine service on SUNDAY, Jan. 1, at 11 A. M. and 3½ P. M.

FREE CHURCH OF ST. MATTHIAS, No. 210 West 42d-st.—Services Jan. 1 at 10½ A. M.; sermon by the Rector, Rev. Dr. CORNWALL, and at 7½ P. M. Sermon by Rev. N. ELLSWORTH CORNWALL.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY LIGHT, 47th-av., near 34th-st.—Divine service at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Rev. Dr. MCVICKAR will preach.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

TO LET, FURNISHED.—TWO OR three rooms, on second floor, to one or more gentlemen; also, room on third floor; references exchanged. No. 46 East 18th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av.

AN ENTIRE FLOOR OF THREE LARGE elegant rooms, &c., either en suite or singly; private toilet, if desired; hot and cold water; neighborhood unexceptionable. Apply at No. 6 East 21st-st.

NO. 234 EAST 19TH-ST., BETWEEN 2d and 3d avs., rooms to let, with or without board; carpets and furniture of the house entirely new.

SECOND FLOOR—SPACIOUS AND elegantly furnished, with or without private table; also large front room, suitable for two, with superior board. No. 32 West 126-st. References.

FIFTH-AV., NO. 251, CORNER OF 27TH-ST.—One suite of three or four rooms, on third floor, with private table; also, one single room for a gentleman; Frenchman cook.

TO LET WITH BOARD, TWO LARGE well-furnished rooms on the second floor of a double house; references exchanged. No. 35 West 15th-st.

NO. 6 EAST 9TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.—An entire floor of desirable rooms to let, with or without private table; references exchanged.

NO. 343 WEST 35TH-ST.—A COMFORTably furnished room, with board for two persons, $14; also, a room with board for three at $8.

NO. 38 WEST 12TH-ST.—HANDSOME rooms, with or without board; a variety of sunny rooms; also single rooms; home and table for a family.

FIFTH-AV., NO. 257.—A SUITE OF ROOMS on third floor to let, with or without private table.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

A GENTLEMAN WHO SPENDS THE CITY Sabbath three nights a week desires the use of a neatly-furnished bedroom; must be in a private family, as lodgers or boarders; references exchanged. Address Post-office Box No. 3,[illegible]

MUSICAL.

A GREAT OFFER!!
HORACE WATERS, NO. 481 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK,
will dispose of ONE HUNDRED PIANOS, MELODEONS and ORGANS of six first-class instruments, including Waters' and Chickering's, at EXTREMELY LOW PRICES FOR CASH, DURING THE HOLIDAYS. Will take from $6 to $10 monthly until paid; to let, and rent applied if purchased.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against THOMAS J. BLANCK, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of Chas. J. Patterson, Jr., No. 52 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, or before the 30th day of January next.—Dated New-York, the 30th day of July, 1870.
JOHN W. BLANCK,
WILLIAM F. BLANCK, and
AARON F. BLANCK,
Executors of said deceased.
[27th-lawtwelve]

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HIRAM HUTCHINSON, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of Sanford & Wood, No. 120 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of March next.—Dated New-York, the 12th day of August, 1870.
MARY ANN HUTCHINSON, Executrix.
[aug12-lawtwelve]

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARIA J. COTHOUT, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 3 Cliff-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of May next.—Dated New-York, the 11th day of November, 1870.
B. COTHOUT, Executor.
[20th-lawtwelve]

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Isaac Reeve, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MAY MARY, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 116 Church-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of June next.—Dated New-York, the 17th day of November, 1870.
WILLIAM MARY,
JONAS SONNEBORN,
[Executors.]

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM V. BRADY, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at the office of Hall & Parsons, No. 35 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of June next.—Dated New-York, the 6th day of November, 1870.
CORNELIA BRADY, Executrix.
ISAAC L. KIP,
[Executors.]
[23d-lawtwelve] HENRY A. HURLBUT,

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JAMES MONCRIEF, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at his place of business, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of June, 1871.—Dated New-York, the 6th day of December, 1870.
THEODORE ROSS, Executor.
[13th-lawtwelve]

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against LUKE HEMENWAY, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of CHAS. LANIER, No. 27 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 30th day of June next. Dated, New-York, the 16th day of December, 1870.
MARY C. HEMENWAY,
CHARLES LANIER,
Administratrix and Administrator of Luke Hemenway, deceased.
[27-lawtwelve]

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CHARLES ALLENTIUS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of Chas. Lanier, No. 27 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of July next.—Dated New-York, the 22d day of December, 1870.
ISAAC HENDRIX, Executor.
JULIA F. VALENTINE, Executrix.
[24-lawtwelve]

AMUSEMENTS.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.
LAST WEEK BUT ONE.
INTR TO 143D TIME
of Mr.
JOSEPH JEFFERSON,
as
RIP VAN WINKLE.
LAST RIP VAN WINKLE MATINEE BUT ONE, ON SATURDAY, AT 1½ O'CLOCK.
Seats secured SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE, at the Theatre, or at the French Ticket-office, at Ditson & Co.'s Music-store, No. 711 Broadway.
ON MONDAY, JAN. 2, 1871,
MR. EDWIN BOOTH
will appear

BUILDING IN NEW-YORK.

Official Figures of the Work of the Year —Characters and Cost of the Improvements—Church Structures.

Owing to the decision of Mayor HALL, by which no official reports will be made until June next of the work of the various City Departments for the year ending Dec. 31, 1870, the public, except for journalistic enterprise, would be kept in ignorance until that time in reference to the building improvements made and in progress in the Metropolis during the past twelve months. Through the courtesy of the Superintendent of the Building Department we are enabled to lay before the readers of the TIMES the record of the year's work, and the following are the official figures relating to both new and altered buildings in this City, with the list of vessels' buildings reported from Jan. 1, 1870, to the same date 1871:

NEW BUILDINGS.

Since the last annual report plans for new buildings to the number of 1,399 have been submitted at the Building Department. Of these 1,138 have been approved, 229 amended and finally approved, and 69 rejected as not complying with the law. In the 1,147 plans passing the office, provision has been made for the erection of 2,189 buildings classified as following: Public buildings, 24; churches, 19; schools, 8; first-class dwellings, 93; second-class dwellings, 362; third-class dwellings and tenements, 690; first-class stores, 49; second-class stores, 25; third-class stores, 36; factories and workshops, 122, and stables, 115. In the above classification, stores and tenements are embraced under the head of third-class dwellings, while frame buildings are under the head of second-class. Nearly all the first-class dwellings are brown-stone fronts, a few only being of pressed brick or stone. The stores, particularly the first-class, are all either of stone or iron. The total estimated value of the buildings comprised in the above list is $31,731,342. In the report for 1869, the number of buildings that year was 2,348, valued at $29,331,088. The list for the past year, it will be observed, is not as large as for 1869, which fact also decreases the amount of money invested in the projected enterprises. The comparative or relative cost of the projected structures is however about the same. Of the 2,189 buildings included in the plans referred to, the number actually commenced during the year, and now either finished or in progress, is 2,002.

ALTERATIONS IN BUILDINGS.

During the year 1870, plans for alterations in buildings, which are obliged by law also to pass the Department the same as plans for new buildings, have been submitted to Superintendent MAGGERGOR to the number 1,161. Of these, 946 have been approved, 141 amended and afterward approved, and 74 rejected. The approved plans have provided for alterations in 1,282 buildings, and of the following description: Extensions, 478; raisins, of additional stories, 626; internal alterations, 363; external, 135. In order to prevent misunderstanding in regard to these last figures, it may be stated that often two or more alterations are provided for in one plan. The alterations, as classified, are as follows: Public buildings, 36; churches, 8; schools, 3; first-class dwellings, 114; second-class dwellings, 388; third-class dwellings and tenement-houses, 218; first-class stores, 65; second-class stores, 62; third-class stores, 7; factories and shops, 117; stables, 49. The total cost of the above alterations is about $9,500,000, as against the same item for the previous year of $4,228,174, when the number of alterations in buildings was 1,325.

RECAPITULATION AND COMPARISON.

The following is, in brief, a recapitulation of the facts stated: 1870—Number of proposed new buildings, 2,189; value, $31,731,342; number of alterations, 1,282; value, $9,500,000; total expenditures, $36,231,342. 1869—Number of proposed buildings, 2,348; value, $29,331,088; number of alterations, 1,325; value, $4,228,174; total expenditures, $43,559,262. Decrease for 1870 in number of buildings, 159; in value, $7,599,746; in number of alterations, 43; value, $728,174. Decrease in total expenditure, $6,327,914.

DESIRABLE BUILDINGS.

The total number of buildings reported as unsafe in the Department, for the year, is 815. Of this number, 49 have been taken down, and 307 made secure, leaving on the books at the close of the year but 8 in all unsafe. In reference to these, measures are being taken to prevent any accident. The total number of unsafe buildings reported since the organization of the Department in 1862, is 9,194, and of these only 9 now remain on record. In these cases, a legal difficulty exists, which prevents the Superintendent from promptly removing the structure, or in other ways rendering it unsafe. The above figures comprise the main features of general interest in regard to building in New-York for the year 1870, and can be relied on as officially correct.

Lecture on the Pilgrim Fathers by Prof. Balch—The Christian Churches Arraigned.

At the meeting of the Liberal Club last evening, Prof. CHARLES BALCH read a paper on "The Pilgrim Fathers." He maintained that the Pilgrim Fathers were Separatists, not Puritans; that they separated from the Church of England, while the Puritans adhered to it, although refusing many of its ceremonies, just as Bishop COLENSO does in our day. He held that the Pilgrim Fathers were not persecutors, on the contrary, they themselves were persecuted and driven out of England for their opposition to the Established Church. The charge of persecution against them was unreasonable and unhistorical. They were confounded with the Puritans of Boston and Salem, who were the real persecutors. The lecturer justified persecution such as that practiced by LUTHER and the Puritans, so long as those who persecuted believed they were doing good. He arraigned the Christian Churches of the present day as inconsistent in that they do not believe what they teach. He agreed with most advanced thinkers that for many ages we must submit to worship a power we know little of; that it is the wisest course to confess our ignorance and worship in silence. His religion was that of morality and duty. If we did not love our brother whom we see, how could we love God that we do not see?

Several members having addressed the meeting, the Club adjourned.

Crimes and Casualties.

An unknown man was run over and killed last evening by a Hudson River Railroad car, in Hudson-street, near Vestry. He was about thirty years of age, with black hair, full whiskers and gray eyes, and was dressed in brown overcoat, high black hat, dark vest, plaid trousers and gaiters. The remains were sent to the Morgue to await identification and inquest.

While Officer PITCAIRN, of the Fifteenth Precinct, was on post, yesterday, in Wooster-street, he heard a pistol-shot fired in the saloon No. 185, and immediately afterward a man ran out, pursued by another with a revolver in his hand. The policeman pursued the man with the revolver, who ran back into the saloon and escaped through a rear door. The names of the parties were not obtained, nor any further details of the affair.

The stable in the rear of No. 119 Clinton-street, occupied by JAMES BRUMMER, took fire last evening, and was damaged to the amount of $200, but is insured for $1,500 in the Stuyvesant. A horse valued at $600, belonging to FREDERICK RIDENHOUR, was burned to death, and FRANK GRABMAN, a German living at No. 119 Clinton-street, was severely burned in his efforts to save the animal.

A young man, named JEREMIAH SULLIVAN, a resident of Hunter's Point, was found frozen to death in the woods between Ravenswood and Dutch Kills, on Tuesday morning last. It is supposed that he had been indulging too freely in liquor on Christmas, and in his wanderings had been overcome with the cold and dropped asleep in the place where he was found.

Warrants have been issued for the arrest of Mrs. GEO. GRADY and Mr. LAFFING, the parties in the Newtown elopement case. Bills were made by the parties in nearly every store in the villages of Winfield and Newtown to the amount of several thousand dollars. The parties, it is supposed, have gone to Europe.

Christmas Gathering at Olivet Chapel.

The Young People's Association gave a Christmas greeting, last evening, to the members of the church and congregation of Olivet Chapel. Over 400 members availed themselves of the invitation, and enjoyed a very pleasant evening. The programme consisted of reading and recitations, which were rendered in a very effective manner, after which the company enjoyed a social meeting over tea, coffee, cakes, and a variety of confectionery and fruits. Mr. MINGINS, the Superintendent of City Missions, addressed the meeting, and the pastor, Rev. Mr. HUTCHISSON, was most active in catering to the wants of all present.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Friday, Dec. 30.—The market for American Securities opened quiet and closed firmer. Stocks opened and closed steady. The following table shows the state of the market during the day:

	11 A.M.	4½ P.M.
Consols for money	91¾	91¾
Consols for account	91¾	91⅞
United States 6-20s, 1865	88¾	88
United States 6-20s, 1865, old	88¾	88¾
United States 6-20s, 1867	87¾	88
United States 10-40s	87¾	87¾
Ill. Central Railroad Shares	113¼	112¾
Erie Railroad Shares	19¾	19¾
Atlantic and Gt. W. R. Shares	28¾	28¾

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 30—4 P. M.—COTTON opened steadily and closed quiet; Middling Uplands opened at 9½d. and closed at 9½d. cash; Middling Orleans opened at 9½d. and closed at 9½d. cash. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 3,000 bales were for speculation, and export. The Cotton sales of the week were 44,000 bales, including 9,000 for export and 3,000 for speculation. The receipts of the week were 60,000 bales, including 18,000 of American. The stock on hand of all kinds is 579,000 bales, of which 350,000 are American. The total sales of Cotton since the commencement of the year are 1,000,000 bales, of which 500,000 bales are American. The Manchester market for yarns and fabrics is steady. BREADSTUFFS, PROVISIONS and PRODUCE opened unchanged. The quotations at 1 P. M. were: WHEAT—New Spring Red Western, 10s. 6d. to 11s. 6d. for No. 2 to No. 1; the receipts of Wheat for the past three days were 35,000 quarters, of which 27,000 quarters were American. CORN—New Mixed, 34s. 6d. PEAS, 42s. BACON, 54s. for Short-cut Middles. Common Rosin closed at 5s. 3d.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 30.—The official figures given today show that the stock of Cotton has therefore been heavily over estimated.

LONDON, Dec. 30—4½ P. M.—Calcutta LINSEED, 55s. 6d. LINSEED-OIL, £32.

ANTWERP, Dec. 30.—PETROLEUM quiet.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

Hansa.....Dec. 31...New-York...Bremen
Lafayette.....Dec. 31...New-York...Havre
City of Buenos Ayres.Dec. 31...New-York...Southampton
City of Brooklyn...Dec. 31...New-York...Liverpool
Pennsylvania.....Dec. 31...New-York...Liverpool
Columbia.....Dec. 31...New-York...Glasgow

Closing at Foreign Mails at Post-Office.

SATURDAY.

For Europe, via Queenstown and Liverpool, by the City of Brooklyn, at 10½ A. M. A supplementary mail for part of Europe, on Pier 45, North River, until 12½ P. M. For Germany, via Bremen, by the Hansa, at 12 M. For France, via Brest, by the Lafayette, at 10 A. M.

Closing of Domestic Mails.

North, Pughkeepsie Way.....5 A. M.; 1 P. M.
North, through via H. R. R. R. and New-York Central.....5 A. M.; 400, 9 P. M.
North Way, via Harlem R. R.....7 A. M.
Chatham Four Corners.....7 A. M.
East, via New-Haven.....5 A. M.; 1:30, 6 P. M.
East, via Newport.....1 P. M.
East, New-Haven Way.....5 P. M.; 300 P. M.
East, R. I. River, rail.....6 P. M.
South, Through.....7 A. M.; 1:30 P. M.
Philadelphia Way.....5 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.
West Mail, through to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Louisville, Indianapolis, Columbus, Chicago, St. Paul, St. Joseph, Salt Lake and Des Moines.....7 A. M.; 300 P. M.
West Mail, through to Cleveland, Toledo, and by A. & G. W. R. R. to Franklin and Meadville, Penn., &c.....5 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.

Passengers Arrived.

By steamship Colorado, from Liverpool.—W. R. Judson, C. C. Tatton.

NEWS PACKAGES FOR THE PRESS.

Captains and owners of vessels arriving at this port are requested to deliver packages addressed to the New-York Associated Press, only to parties exhibiting the written authority of J. W. SNOWDEN, General Agent.

News packages for the *Journal of Commerce, Times, Tribune, World, Sun, Herald, Evening Post, Commercial Advertiser, Evening Telegram* and *New-Yorker Demokrat*, should also be delivered only to the same parties.

MEASURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun Rises.....7:24 | Sun sets.....4:42 | Moon sets...1:30

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook...3:30 | Gov. Island...3:59 | Hell Gate...6:31

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, Dec. 30.

Cleared.

Steam-ship Albemarle, Blackwood, Norfolk, &c., Old Dominion Steam-ship Co. Ship W. Garrick, Lee, Laughlin, Baltimore, W. Dalzell & Co.; Volunteer, James, Philadelphia, Lorillard Steam-ship Co. Ship Rhone, Jordan, London, Grinnell, Minturn & Co.

Barks Rosse, (Norw.) Pedersen, Cork or Falmouth, Funck, Edye & Co.; Emilie, (It. G.) Meyer, Bremen, C. Luling Co.

Schrs John L. Merrill, Hatch, Sisal and Campeachy, Abiel Abbott; M. A. Coombs, Coombs, Barbados, Daniel Trowbridge & Co.; James Phelps, Rockwell, Miami and Halifax Rivers, Van Brunt and Eldridge; Volunteer, (Br.) Hartley, Windsor, Windsor & Co.; Aunie & Susan, Henderson, Mobile, E. D. Hurlburt & Co.; Oliver Jameson, Jameson, New-Orleans, N. M. Brigham; W. C. Bee, Chester, Savannah, Evans, Ball & Co.; R. H. Hawkins, Wyatt, Charleston, Evans, Ball & Co.; A. C. Lyon, Lyon, Baltimore.

Arrived.

Steam-ship Colorado, (Br.) Freeman, Liverpool Dec. 14, and Queenstown 15th, with mdse. and 189 passengers to Williams & Guion. Experienced heavy westerly gales the entire passage; Dec. 22, lat. 47 25, lon. 37, passed steam-ship Italy, hence for Liverpool; same day, lat. 43 30, lon. 43 16, exchanged night signals with an Inman steamer bound E.; 27th, lat. 42 15, lon. 42 30, exchanged night signals with a steamer bound E.

Steam-ship James Adger, Lockwood, Charleston Dec. 26, with mdse. and passengers to Henry R. Morgan & Co.

Steam-ship City of Puritan, Prince, Jacksonville, Prince Dec. 27 and Gonzaves 28d, with mdse. and passengers to Robert Murray, Jr.

Steam-ship Saratoga, Couch, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Old Dominion Steam-ship Co.

Steam-ship Geo. B. Upton, Roberts, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Washington & Co.

Steam-ship Gulf Stream, McCreary, Mobile Dec. 19, with Cotton, &c., to Chas. H. Mallory & Co.

Steam-ship Albemarle, Blackwood, Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Old Dominion Steam-ship Co.

Bark Arenas, (of Providence, R. I.) Lindsey, Cette 65 da., with wine to James Henry. Has been 18 da. to the westward of lon. 30 with constant westerly gales. Dec. 22, lat. 38 30, lon. 71 10, passed through a fleet of pilot-boats, one and marked with blue, "Pilot Light Oil, patent screw-top can, from Bostwick & Tilford, New-York;" the other, red marked with blue and red, "Oriental Sun-light Oil," with some other marks obliterated.

Schr. Georgetta, Lord, Ellsworth 10 da., with lumber to master.

Schr. Chas P. Chapman, Stevens, Baltimore, for Bethel.

Brig Reporter, Coombs, Calais, 13 da., with lumber to Gorham Boardman.

Schr. Wm. Graves, Dalton, Port Johnson, for Providence.

Schr. S. C. Ferris, Wunder, South Amboy, for Providence.

Schr. Evening Star, Pratt, South Amboy, for Bridgeport.

Schr. Hunter, Crane, South Amboy, for Providence.

Schr. Addie P. Avery, Ryan, New-Haven, for Baltimore.

Schr. Jeannie Rosalene, Tooker, New-Haven, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Light-Boat, Wood, Eastland, with lime to J. R. Brown.

Schr. Kate Walker, Warren, Bangor, with lumber for Newark.

Schr. Mattie Paige, Haley, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Geo. Savage, Ney, Port Johnson, for Boston.

Schr. Sarah A. Hammond, Westcott, Providence.

Schr. Olive, Reynolds, Port Johnson, for Boston.

Schr. Yosemite, Slocum, New-Haven.

Schr. Wm. R. Kenzel, French, Virginia.

Schr. J. H. Lockwood, Lord, Virginia.

WIND—Sundown, light, S. W.; cloudy and moving.

Below.

Bark Mary E. Packer, (of Mystic,) Halloway-Iquique, Sept. 22, with nitrate of soda to J. D. Fish & Co. By pilot-boat Christian Berg No. 14.

Sailed.

Steam-ship Palmyra, for Liverpool; ships Shahpore, for Liverpool; (and anchored at S. W. Spit,) Grahame Polly, for Liverpool; (and anchored at the West Bank,) brig Quinote, for Havana.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Dec. 30.—Arr. steamers McClellan, from Baltimore; Glaucus, from New-York; brig J. H. E., from Aspinwall.

Below brig Charles Miller, from Philadelphia.

The brig Anna D. Torrey, from Pensacola for Boston, was got off the beach near Truro, on Thursday, without damage, and taken to Provincetown.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 29—Arr. brig M. E. Rowland, from Rio de Janeiro, for Baltimore, in distress.

Sld. steamer Rita, for Liverpool; ship City of Halifax, for Liverpool; bark Jessie, for Liverpool; brig E. F. Dunbar, for Bucksville, S. C.; schr. Mary Parker, for Jacksonville.

PORTRESS MONROE, Dec. 30.—Passed, for Norfolk, schr. Toledo, from Baltimore.

Sld. brig Caroline, from Rio, for Philadelphia.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Dec. 28.—Arr. schr. Wave, from Indian River; brig Jim, from Havana.

Cld. steam-ship Herman Livingston, for New-York, and Saragossa, for Baltimore; ship Mennon, for Liverpool.

AT SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 28.—Sld. British ship Royal Arthur, with wheat, for Liverpool.

Arr. steam-ship Montana, from Panama.

Miscellaneous.

The ship Carl, (R. G.) Olsen, from Bremen, arrived 26th, and reports the last came up the A. M. and experienced taking the northern passage, and had moderate weather up to the Banks, and been 21 da. from thence with heavy westerly gales; Dec. 20, lat. 40 40, lon. 71 11, exchanged signals with a bark showing a white flag, with a blue cross, bound E.

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

Arrivals Out.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 20.—The National line steamer Holland, Capt. Thomas, from New-York Dec. 17, for Liverpool, touched at Queenstown at 44 P. M. yesterday, and proceeded.

Disasters.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—The bark Benefactress, Capt. Eldred, from Yokohama Sept. 2, for New-York, has been totally wrecked near the Cape of Good Hope. The crew were all saved.

Holiday Presents
OF
AFFECTION AND CHARITY,
FOR
Wife, mother, daughter, sister or friend.
WHEELER & WILSON'S LOCK-STITCH SEWING-MACHINE.
Half a million in use!
Warranted and instruction gratis.
Salesrooms, No. 625 Broadway.
—*Advertisement.*

The Best Holiday Gift.
A FLORENCE SEWING-MACHINE.
—*Advertisement.* No. 505 Broadway.

TOOTH-BRUSHES of best make at greatly reduced prices. DITMAN & CO.,
—*Advertisement.* Astor House Pharmacy.

Spectacles, eye-glasses, opera and field-glasses. JAMES PRENTICE, No. 48 Broadway.
—*Advertisement.*

Plymouth Church,
BROOKLYN.
(Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER'S.)

All the pews and sittings in this house will be publicly rented on THURSDAY EVENING, Jan. 5, 1871, for one year, commencing, 7½ o'clock. No pew permanent on account of the vacation.

By order of the Trustees.
E. S. WELD,
—*Advertisement.* Clerk Board Trustees.

SUNDAY EDITION OF THE TIMES.

A CAPITAL PAPER ON NEW-YEAR'S DAY.

Choice Literary and Miscellaneous Readings, with All the News of the Day.

The SUNDAY EDITION of the NEW-YORK TIMES is one of the most popular of the Sunday papers published in the City, as it contains in addition to all the news, European war dispatches and reports and letters from its correspondents stationed in distant places, a great variety of literary and miscellaneous reading matter, specially prepared and collected for its columns.

Some of the features of the edition of to-morrow, the first day of the new year, will be—

A STORY, and extracts from the newest London and Continental magazines, literary papers, and books;—

An article on THEATRICAL BILL-POSTING, the earliest and the latest posters; the theatrical advertisement as art in America; those who "bill the street;" cost of the work; some extraordinary poetry; story of the adventures of a minstrel's poster;—

Another article on the celebration of NEW-YEAR'S DAY LONG AGO; ancient customs and ways; superstitions of our forefathers;—

An exceedingly interesting article on SOME OLD WILLS, giving extracts of quaint and musty documents of the time two hundred and fifty years finished in New-York;—

Another on an ANCIENT HEBREW COLONY, being an account of a visit to a Jewish settlement on the Malabar coast of India; their traditions and traditions; appearance of the people and the place; beauty of the women and children; the synagogues and sacred records;—

The usual quantity of NOTES AND COMMENTS, short paragraphs on grave subjects, discovered here and there in our domestic and foreign exchanges, specially prepared for the Sunday edition of the TIMES;—

EDITORIALS, ARTICLES AND NOTES on topics of the day, political, social and general;—

The MUSICAL and THEATRICAL NEWS and GOSSIP of the week, at home and abroad, with announcements of promised new attractions;—

Notes on the FINE ARTS; full REPORTS of LOCAL EVENTS OF INTEREST; NEWS of BROOKLYN, and the neighboring cities and towns of NEW-JERSEY;—

MILITARY NOTES; summaries of FOREIGN and RELIGIOUS news, &c., &c.

The Sunday edition of the TIMES has a large and steadily-increasing circulation. It goes among the best class of readers in the City and immediate neighborhood, including Brooklyn and the near cities and towns of New-Jersey, and is doubtless more thoroughly read than any other Sunday paper. It is, consequently, an excellent advertising medium, and is so regarded by many of the largest advertisers. Advertisements intended for insertion in this edition must be received in the TIMES Publication Office by 4 this evening, to insure proper classification.

NEW-YORK TIMES FOR EUROPE.

The EUROPEAN EDITION of the NEW-YORK TIMES is published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the publication office, in wrappers, ready for mailing. Price FIVE CENTS.

It will contain a full digest of Political, General and Local News up to the latest moment; a review of the Money and Produce Markets; all the Telegraphic News contained in the DAILY TIMES of this date; and such selections from the editorials and correspondence of the TIMES as may have interest for Americans residing abroad and for European subscribers.

THE EUROPEAN EDITION of the TIMES will be found on file in the offices of all the leading bankers in Europe.

B. F. STEVENS, No. 7 Henrietta-street, Covent Garden, London, is agent for THE TIMES in Great Britain. He will receive subscriptions and advertisements, and supply copies of the papers to Americans temporarily in London.

(Advertisement.)
Holidays are here—and so, also, is KNOX, with his fine assortment of Furs, suitable for holiday presents, suitable for present use. By the way, KNOX, perhaps, does not make as much stir about his Furs as some people, yet he keeps the genuine article, and when you purchase Furs at KNOX's you always get just what you expect to get. KNOX'S Winter styles of Hats cannot be surpassed by any other. KNOX'S establishment is corner Broadway and Fulton-street.

Steinway & Sons,
Manufacturers of grand, square and upright
PIANO-FORTES,
invite the attention of the public to their splendid assortment of piano-fortes at moderate prices. Old pianos taken in exchange. Every piano-forte warranted for five years. Illustrated catalogues handed free on application.
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MARRIED.

KNIGHT—PALEN.—On Thursday, Dec. 29, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Geo. H. Hepworth, A. LYMAN KNIGHT to KATE, daughter of Geo. Palen, all of this City.

PACKARD—STORRS.—At the Church of the Pilgrims, Brooklyn, on Thursday evening, Dec. 29, by the Pastor, with Rev. R. W. Beecher and Rev. W. T. Eustis, Jr., Prof. LEWIS R. PACKARD, of Yale College, to [illegible] STORRS, daughter of Dr. [illegible], all of Brooklyn.

[illegible] Dec. 29, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Dr. Wm. Adams, GEORGE YOUNGS to ANNA M. CONNOR.

DIED.

ASCROFT.—On Friday morning, at 4½ o'clock, after a lingering and painful sickness, CARO ASCROFT, in his 25th year.

The funeral will take place on Sunday, the 1st day of January, from his late residence, No. 141 East 22d-st., at 1 o'clock P. M.

AYMER.—At Greenpoint, L. I., on Wednesday, Dec. 28th inst., WILLIAM AYMER, in the 84th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family, also his fellow-workmen are invited to attend the funeral from the Reformed Church, on Newtown, near Unionport, Greenpoint, on Sunday, Jan. 1, at the o'clock P. M.

BROOKS.—At Newark, Essex County, N. J., on Dec. 29, SARAH E., wife of F. H. Brooks, in the 40th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Monday, Jan. 2, at 11 o'clock P. M.

DUNN.—On Friday morning, Dec. 30, AMELIA ROGERS, eldest child of H. Gano and Amelia S. Dunn, aged 11 years and 2 months.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, exercises at the residence of her parents, No. 149 East 34th-st., on Sunday, Jan. 2, 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M.

DE BONGH.—On Friday, Dec. 30, at 11 o'clock A. M., at her residence, No. 197 Bergen-st., Brooklyn, Hermia, the beloved wife of Bernard de Bongh, aged 51 years. Must be sent rest in peace.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, exercises at the residence of her parents, No. 149 East 34th-st., on Sunday, Jan. 2, 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M.

DE BONGH.—On Friday, Dec. 30, at 11 o'clock A. M., at her residence, No. 197 Bergen-st., Brooklyn, Hermia, the beloved wife of Bernard de Bongh, aged 51 years. Must her soul rest in peace.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, exercises at the residence of her parents, No. 149 East 34th-st., on Sunday, Jan. 2, 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M.

FIELD.—At Hackensack, N. J., on Wednesday, the 28th, ZENA, infant daughter of Samuel B. and Belle C. Field.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her grandfather, Edward Cartan, No. 315 West 59th-st., this City, on Sunday, Jan. 2, at 11 o'clock.

FRYER.—Suddenly, Dec. 28, ISAAC FRYER, in the 70th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from St. Paul's (Episcopal) Church, on Sunday afternoon, at 1½ o'clock. The members of the Knickerbocker Lodge, No. 1, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, and the Metropolitan Library Association are respectfully requested to attend the funeral services of their late endeared associate, ISAAC FRYER, at St. Paul's Church, on Sunday, Jan. 1, at 1 o'clock P. M.

HUGH R. CAMP, President.
R. HASTINGS GRAVY, Recording Secretary.

POOT.—In Fort Henry, N. Y., Thursday, Dec. 22, LUCIUS A. POOT, M. D., aged 41 years.

SMITH.—At Brooklyn, E. D., on Thursday, Dec. 29, of scarlet fever, EDWARD COLLIER SMITH, infant son of Lewis W. and Jane O. Smith, aged 11 months, 28 days.

The remains will be conveyed to Mamaroneck for burial.

TETCHAM.—In Brooklyn, suddenly, on Thursday evening, Dec. 29, MARY JANE, wife of Nathaniel A. Tetcham, in the 51st year of her age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

MUNN.—At Newark, N. J., on the 29th inst., EDWARD, infant son of Albert and Henrietta S. Munn, aged 3 years and 13 days.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the late residence, No. 288 Mulberry-st., (Newark), on Sunday, Jan. 1, at 2 o'clock P. M. Interment in Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

MUNFORD.—At Newark, Conn., 23d inst., GEORGE M. MUNFORD, aged 23. Newport, R. I., papers please copy.

MILLER.—On Friday, Dec. 30, Capt. SCOTT, infant son of George and Mary M. Miller.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, No. 115 Wallabout-st., Brooklyn, on Sunday, Jan. 1, at 2 o'clock P. M.

STONE.—At Bay Ridge, L. I., Dec. 29, Mrs. ELLEN STONE, widow of the late Frederick William Stone, in the 72d year of her age.

Funeral from Christ's Church, Bay Ridge, Sunday, Jan. 1, at 12 P. M. Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

☞ New-Haven and Derby, Conn., papers please copy.

VANDERPOOL.—Wednesday, 28th, REBECCA S., wife of William H. Vanderpool, aged 35 years.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral from the Baptist Church, corner Christopher and Bedford sts., on Saturday, 31st inst., at 1½ P. M.

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POST-OFFICE NOTICE.
The mails for Europe on SATURDAY, Dec. 31, will close at this Office at 10:30 A. M., and at the Stations as follows: Wall and D, 9:30 A. M.; Wall and D, 9:30 A. M.; B and F, 6:30 A. M.; G and H, 7:30 A. M.
P. H. JONES, Postmaster.

$20 CURRENCY.—ROYAL HAVANA $20 Lottery of Cuba will be drawn Jan. 11. Circulars sent. JOSEPH BATES & Co., No. 11 Wall-st., Post-office Box No. 4,594.

$20 CURRENCY.—ROYAL HAVANA $20 Lottery. Prizes cashed; information given; circulars free; agents wanted. J. H. HARTLINE & CO., No. 10 Wall-st., or Box No. 4,086 Post-office.

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